

# SPI 冠力國際有限公司 Softpower International Limited

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) 股份代號: 00380 Stock code: 00380

> 2018 ANNUAL REPORT 年報

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## **Corporate Information**

#### 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lai Fulin (Chairman)

Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng (Chief Executive Officer)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson

Mr. Chen Wei Wen

Mr. Guan Zhiqiang

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Wei Wen

Mr. Guan Zhiqiang

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Guan Zhiqiang (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Wei Wen

Mr. Lai Fulin

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lai Fulin (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Wei Wen

Mr. Guan Zhiqiang

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Cheng Siu Kwan

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22/F, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Estera Management (Bermuda) Limited

Canon's Court

22 Victoria Street

Hamilton HM 12

Bermuda

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

賴福麟先生(主席)

俞安生先生(首席執行官)

#### 獨立非執行董事

黄以信先生

陳偉文先生

管志強先生

#### 審核委員會

黄以信先生(主席)

陳偉文先生

管志強先生

#### 薪酬委員會

管志強先生(主席)

陳偉文先生

賴福麟先生

#### 提名委員會

賴福麟先生(主席)

陳偉文先生

管志強先生

#### 公司秘書

鄭少群先生

#### 獨立核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

香港中環

太子大廈二十二樓

#### 主要股份過戶登記處

Estera Management (Bermuda) Limited

Canon's Court

22 Victoria Street

Hamilton HM 12

Bermuda

## **Corporate Information**

公司資料

## HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited
Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited
DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Bank SinoPac, Hong Kong Branch
East West Bank, Hong Kong Branch
The Bank of East Asia, Limited
Dah Sing Bank, Limited
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
Chong Hing Bank Limited
Chiyu Banking Corporation Limited

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

#### **HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS**

12th Floor, Phase I, Austin Tower 22–26A Austin Avenue Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2728 7237 Fax: (852) 2387 2999

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓 1712-1716號舗

#### 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司上海商業銀行有限公司星展銀行(香港)有限公司香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司香港分行)華美銀行(香港分行)東亞銀行有限公司大新銀行(香港)有限公司清銀行(香港)有限公司集友銀行有限公司集友銀行有限公司

## 註冊辦事處

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

香港九龍

#### 總辦事處及主要營業地點

尖沙咀 柯士甸路22-26號A 好兆年行第一期12樓 電話:(852)27287237 傳真:(852)23872999

## **Corporate Information**

#### 公司資料

## OTHER PLACES OF BUSINESS HONG KONG AND MACAU

#### Retail shops

G/F, 687 Shanghai Street Mongkok, Kowloon Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2395 0181 Fax: (852) 2787 3421

G/F, Tak Fam Building 18 Tak Wah Street Tsuen Wan, New Territories Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2473 3660 Fax: (852) 2442 2766

G/F, 102 Thomson Road Wanchai, Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2866 6001 Fax: (852) 2866 6339

Rua Da Ribeira Do Patane No. 13

Macau

Tel: (853) 2855 3693 Fax: (853) 2895 1020

#### Warehouse

Sections M and N of Lot 3719 in DD104 Yuen Long, New Territories Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2471 9048 Fax: (852) 2482 1298

#### **WEBSITE**

http://www.softpower.hk

#### 其他營業地點

#### 香港及澳門

#### 門市

香港 九龍旺角

上海街687號地下 電話:(852)23950181 傳真:(852)27873421

香港 新界荃灣 德華街18號 德範大廈地下

電話: (852) 2473 3660 傳真: (852) 2442 2766

#### 香港

灣仔譚臣道102號地下 電話:(852)28666001 傳真:(852)28666339

#### 澳門

沙梨頭海邊街13號泉寧樓地下 電話:(853)28553693 傳真:(853)28951020

#### 貨倉

香港

新界元朗錦綉花園貨倉 泰園路地段104 Lot 3719 M及N段

電話:(852)24719048 傳真:(852)24821298

#### 網址

http://www.softpower.hk

## **Chairman's Statement**

主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

I am pleased to present my first Chairman's statement to our shareholders the annual report of Softpower International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2018, having assumed the role of Chairman on 30 March 2018.

#### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2018 decreased by 17.3% to HK\$538.2 million (2017: HK\$650.5 million). The gross profit margin was approximately 27.4% for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: 32.2%). The profit attributable to equity shareholders was HK\$26.0 million for the year under review (2017: HK\$74.9 million), representing a decrease of approximately 65.3% over last year. Basic earnings per share was HK1.95 cents (2017: HK\$.62 cents).

#### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

The Board of Directors of the Company does not recommend a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: Nil).

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

2018 was a challenging year. As mentioned in 2018 interim results, we encountered supply shortage and other factory issues. The supply of ductile iron pipes was affected by the PRC factories temporarily stopping production even though we had increased the stock level towards the end of 2017. This shortage delayed our delivery of products to fulfill our customers' needs. Against this backdrop, the Group's revenue and performance were affected.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group recorded a decrease of 17.3% in revenue of approximately HK\$538.2 million (2017: HK\$650.5 million). We enjoyed strong growth in the preceding years from the infrastructure projects such as MTRC Express Rail Link projects in Hong Kong and Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities projects. As most of the large infrastructure projects in Hong Kong have recently been completed, our revenue returned to a normal level. Though our performance was not as strong as last year, we still achieved satisfactory results during the year under review.

#### 各位股東:

本人欣然向股東提呈本人於二零一八年三月三十日起擔任主席後的第一份主席報告, 冠力國際有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之年報。

#### 財務業績

本集團截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之收入,減少17.3%至538,200,000港元(二零一七年:650,500,000港元)。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度毛利率為27.4%(二零一七年:32.2%)。回顧期內股東應佔溢利為26,000,000港元(二零一七年:74,900,000港元),較去年下跌約65.3%。每股基本盈利約為1.95港仙(二零一七年:5.62港仙)。

#### 末期股息

本公司董事會不建議派付截至二零一八年 十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息(二零 一七年:無)。

#### 業務回顧

二零一八年是充滿挑戰的一年。正如二零 一八年中期業績所說,我們面對着供應短 缺和其他工廠的問題。儘管我們在二零 一七年後期增加了庫存量水平,但中國工 廠暫時停止生產仍然影響了球墨鑄鐵管的 供應。缺貨延遲了我們的產品付運以滿足 客戶的需求。在此情況下,本集團的收入 及表現受到了影響。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得收入約538,200,000港元,減少17.3%(二零一七年:650,500,000港元)。在前幾年,我們受惠於香港地鐵的高速鐵路項目和港珠澳大橋香港過境設施項目目發發設施,得到強勁的增長。由於大型基建項目最近已完成,我們的表現入已回到以往正常水平。雖然我們的表現並不如去年一樣強勁,但我們在回顧年度內仍取得了令人滿意的成績。

## **Chairman's Statement**

## 主席報告

Notwithstanding the challenges faced by the Group, we will continue to review our business strategies and adopt measures to improve our operational efficiency in order to minimize inventory holding costs. In addition, it is our commitment to provide high quality products and reliable customer services to our customers.

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

Going forward, the Group will focus on its core business of supplying pipes and fittings in Hong Kong and Macau. As our main operating subsidiary, Bun Kee (International) Limited has been established in Hong Kong over 70 years, we have accumulated extensive experience and a solid position in supplying of pipes and fittings. We will remain focused on managing operating costs and improving operational efficiencies.

As supported by Hong Kong Government's aim to supply more public housing in the coming years, the prospects of construction industry in Hong Kong remain positive. As such, this will drive the solid demand of our pipes and fittings products. We remain cautiously optimistic about the future prospects of the Group and our core business.

#### **APPRECIATION**

In closing, I would like to take this opportunity to express my deepest thanks to our shareholders, customers, suppliers and banks for their continuous support. I would also like to thank our Directors, management team and employees for their commendable efforts and valuable contribution to the Group over the years. Your dedicated support is the driving force behind our achievements.

#### Lai Fulin

Chairman

Hong Kong, 25 March 2019

儘管本集團面臨挑戰,我們仍會繼續檢討 我們的業務策略,並採取措施提高營運效率, 以盡量減低庫存存置成本。此外,我們致 力於為客戶提供高質量的產品和可靠的客 戶服務。

#### 未來前景

展望未來,本集團將專注於香港及澳門供應管道及管件的核心業務。我們的主要營運附屬公司一彬記(國際)有限公司,已在香港紮根超過七十年,在管道及管件供應方面累積了豐富的經驗和穩固的地位。我們將繼續專注於管理營運成本及提高營運效率。

在未來幾年香港政府的目標是要提供更多 公共房屋,在這方面的支持下,香港建築 業的前景仍然樂觀。由此這將推動對我們 的管道和管件產品的穩固需求。我們對本 集團的核心業務及未來前景方仍保持謹慎 樂觀。

#### 致謝

最後,本人謹藉此機會對一直以來支持我們的各位股東、客戶、供應商及銀行,表達最深切的謝意。本人亦要感謝董事、管理團隊和員工對本集團多年來作出值得讚揚的努力及寶貴的貢獻。你們忠誠的支持是我們成果背後的推動力。

主席

賴福麟

香港,二零一九年三月二十五日

## **Mission and Strategy**

使命及策略

The business of the Group was commenced in 1949 as a pipe's retail shop. Now the Group has developed into a sizeable company and become a listed company in the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 21 December 2000. We root in Hong Kong 70 years and are the mainstay of the industry.

The principal business of the Group is the importing and selling of a comprehensive range of pipes, fittings and other related accessories of different materials, applications and brand names in Hong Kong by Bun Kee (International) Limited ("Bun Kee"). Sales of the Group's products are conducted either by wholesale or retail sale. We offer quality goods storage and logistic services for local main contractors and landlords. Throughout the years, the Group has supplied quality piping materials to many landmark projects in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China.

The mission of the Group is to provide high quality products to the customers and serve with value-added and excellent customer services.

In attaining the above, we provide "one-stop-shop" platform that provides high quality and a variety of pipes and fittings that readily available to our customers in ways that meet their needs and exceed their expectations.

Whenever you think pipes and fittings, think Bun Kee.

本集團於一九四九年以管材零售店開始其 業務。本集團現已發展成為一間具規模企業, 並於二零零零年十二月二十一日成為香港 聯合交易所有限公司的主板上市公司。我 們紮根香港七十年,為業界的中流砥柱。

本集團的主要業務,由彬記(國際)有限公司(「彬記」)於香港進口及銷售不同材料、用途及品牌的各種管道、管件及其他相關配件。本集團的產品以批發或零售方式從事銷售,並為本地主要承建商及業主提供優質的儲貨備運服務。多年來,本集團已向香港、澳門及中國內地的多個地標項目供應優質管材。

本集團的使命是為客戶提供高品質的產品, 提供具增值和優質的客戶服務。

我們提供「一站式」的平台,以供應優質及各式各樣管道和管件,一應俱全供應給我們的客戶,以滿足他們的需求,並超出他們所想的,以實現我們的使命。

無論何時您想起管道及管件,就想到彬記。

管理層討論及分析

## BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Group is a leading provider to the construction sector offering a wide range of pipe (including copper tube, stainless steel and steel pipes) related products, fittings, comprehensive services and solutions to the contractors, designers, consultants and government agencies in Hong Kong and Macau.

The Group's core business mainly operated through our flagship subsidiary, Bun Kee (International) Limited, a well-established company with a long history. Starting from a small retail shop, we grew up to a company listed in Hong Kong. We have become one-stop supplier of a comprehensive range of pipes and fittings. The Group has built a good reputation for the pipes and fittings business in Hong Kong and Macau. We have established a stable major customer base and suppliers over the years.

The Group faced a challenging environment in 2018 due to the unfavorable market conditions as well as the intense competition in the market. In our last annual report, we mentioned the business challenges that the Group would have to contend during 2018 such as rising staff costs, increasing material costs and maintaining quality of products. After a stellar performance in 2017, our revenue and profit were affected by the moderating sales in 2018. The Group's revenue amounted to HK\$538.2 million (2017: HK\$650.5 million), representing a decrease of 17.3%. The profit attributable to equity shareholders was HK\$26.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: HK\$74.9 million), representing a decrease of 65.3%.

Apart from focusing on our core business in Hong Kong, as reported in previous reports, we have been seeking opportunities to diversify our business. In August 2018, the Group acquired a 66.7% shareholding interest in 貴州中冠新能源有限公司 (Guizhou Zhongguan New Energy Limited\*) which is engaged in biomass pellets fuel products business. These biomass pellets are relatively cleaner fuel than other traditional fuel such as coal. The acquisition enables the Group to explore new business opportunity in the field of biomass pellets fuel. This was a newly start-up company and we acquired the equity interests through a capital injection of RMB10,000,000. This new subsidiary was in its initial stage of development and the turnover contribution was insignificant in 2018.

#### 業務回顧及財務表現

本集團主要為香港及澳門之承建商、設計師、顧問及政府機構提供各類型管道(包括銅管、不銹鋼管和鋼管等)相關產品、配件,全面的服務和解決方案,於建築行業處於領導地位。

本集團核心業務主要透過我們的旗艦子公司彬記(國際)有限公司(一間歷史悠久的知名公司)經營。從一家零售小店開始,我們已發展為一間在香港上市的公司。我們已經成為全方位的管道和管件的一站式供應商。本集團在香港及澳門於管道及管件已建立了良好的信譽。多年來我們建立了穩定的主要客戶群和供應商。

由於不利的市場環境以及市場的激烈競爭,本集團於二零一八年面臨充滿挑戰的環境。在我們的上一份年報中,我們提到了集團在二零一八年必須應付的業務地戰,例如員工成本的不斷上漲,材料成本的增加以及維持產品的質量。經過二零一七年出色的表現後,我們的收入及溢過一七年出色的表現後,我們的收入及溢團的收入為538,200,000港元(二零一七年:650,500,000港元),下降17.3%。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,股東應佔溢利為26,000,000港元(二零一七年:74,900,000港元),減幅為65.3%。

除了專注於我們在香港的核心業務外,正如之前的報告所述,我們一直在尋求機會,使我們的業務多元化。於二零一八年八月,本集團收購貴州中冠新能源有限效制產品業務。這些生物質顆粒相對較其性傳統燃料(如煤炭)清潔的燃料。此項收購使本集團能夠探索生物質顆粒燃料領域的新商機。這是一家新成立的公司,我們通過注資人民幣10,000,000元收購了其權強。這間新的附屬公司仍處於初期發展階段,營業額貢獻於二零一八年並不顯著。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

管理層討論及分析

The Group's selling and distribution costs amounted to approximately HK\$20.8 million in 2018 (2017: HK\$23.5 million), a decrease of about 11.5% year-on-year. The decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in transportation costs, consultancy fees and sales commission. The Group's general and administrative expenses amounted to approximately HK\$113.0 million in 2018 (2017: HK\$112.0 million), representing a slight increase of about 0.9% year-on-year. Such an increase was primarily attributable to the increase in rental, professional fees and depreciation and partially offset by the decrease in employee benefits expenses.

In 2018, other net gains were about HK\$4.3 million (2017: HK\$2.6 million) The increase was mainly attributable to the reversal of provision for customer claim during the year. Finance income, mainly interest income from a loan to a related party, was fairly stable as compared to last year. Finance costs also decreased mainly attributed to the early settlement of trust receipt loans. As finance income outpaced costs, we recorded net finance income of HK\$8.1 million (2017: HK\$8.1 million).

#### **OUTLOOK**

The Group is mindful of the challenges we face in the everchanging market environment. In order to drive our growth of revenue and profit, we will continue to strengthen our overall competitiveness and extend our leading position in our core business.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES ANALYSIS

As at 31 December 2018, the cash and bank balances of the Group were approximately HK\$161.1 million (2017: HK\$183.6 million) including pledged bank deposits of HK\$31.0 million (2017: HK\$37.0 million). Basically the Group's working capital requirement has been financed by its internal resources. The funds generated from operations and the available banking facilities will enable the Group to meet its future working capital requirements.

As at 31 December 2018, the Group had aggregate banking facilities for trade finance of approximately HK\$265.7 million (2017: HK\$289.2 million), approximately HK\$62.8 million (2017: HK\$88.3 million) was utilized. The Group's total borrowings stood at approximately HK\$57.4 million (2017: HK\$70.5 million), the entire amount of borrowings for both years end will mature within one year.

本集團的銷售及分銷成本於二零一八年為20,800,000港元(二零一七年:23,500,000港元),較去年減少11.5%,其減少主要是由於運輸費、顧問費及銷售佣金的減少所致。本集團的一般及行政費用於二零一八年為113,000,000港元(二零一七年:112,000,000港元),較去年輕微增加0.9%。增加的主要原因是租金、專業費及折舊的費用增加及其部份被員工福利開支減少抵銷所致。

於二零一八年,其他淨收益約為4,300,000港元(二零一七年:2,600,000港元)。增加主要是由於年內客戶補償撥備回撥。財務收入,主要是向關聯方貸款的利息收入,與去年相若。財務費用亦減少,主要是由於提早償還貿易信託收據貸款所致。然而,由於財務收入高於費用,我們錄得淨財務收入為8,100,000港元(二零一七年:8,100,000港元)。

#### 前景

本集團清楚明白我們在不斷變化的市場環境中所面對的挑戰。為了推動我們的收入和利潤增長,我們將繼續加強我們的整體競爭力,並擴大我們在核心業務中的領先地位。

#### 流動資金及財務資源分析

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團之 現金及銀行結餘約為161,100,000港元(二 零一七年:183,600,000港元)包括抵押銀 行之存款約為31,000,000港元(二零一七 年:37,000,000港元)。基本上,本集團所 需之營運資金來自內部資源。本集團相信 由營運產生之資金及可用之銀行融資額度, 足以應付本集團日後之流動資金需求。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團之貿易融資的銀行額度合共約265,700,000港元(二零一七年:289,200,000港元),已動用之銀行融資額度約為62,800,000港元(二零一七年:88,300,000港元)。本集團的借貸總額約為57,400,000港元(二零一七年:70,500,000港元),兩個年末之借貸全數將於一年內到期。

#### 管理層討論及分析

The entire amount of borrowings outstanding as at 31 December 2018 was approximately HK\$57.4 million (2017: HK\$70.5 million). 20% (2017: 26%) and 80% (2017: 74%) of borrowings were subject to floating and fixed rates respectively.

The gearing ratio as measured by total bank borrowings to total equity was approximately 10.6% as at 31 December 2018 (2017: 13.8%).

As at 31 December 2017 and 2018, the entire amount of the Group's borrowings was denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

The Group conducts its business transactions mainly in Hong Kong dollar, Macau Pataca, Renminbi and United States dollar. In order to manage foreign exchange risk, the Group has been closely monitoring its foreign currency exposure and will arrange for any hedging facilities if necessary.

#### **CHARGE ON ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2018, certain bank deposits and certificate of deposit held by subsidiaries of the Group with aggregate carrying amounts of approximately HK\$31.0 million (2017: HK\$37.0 million) and HK\$10.0 million (2017: HK\$10.0 million) respectively were pledged to banks for banking facilities.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2017 and 2018.

#### **COMMITMENTS**

As at 31 December 2018, the Group had outstanding commitments in respect of future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable lease of approximately HK\$188.6 million (2017: HK\$213.1 million).

As at 31 December 2018, the Group did not have any outstanding commitments in respect of acquisition of motor vehicles (2017: HK\$1.2 million).

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,未償還借貸全數約為57,400,000港元(二零一七年:70,500,000港元)。20%(二零一七年:26%)及80%(二零一七年:74%)的借貸分別以浮動及固定利率計息。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,按銀行借貸總額相對於總權益計算的資產負債比率約為10.6%(二零一七年:13.8%)。

於二零一七年及二零一八年十二月三十一 日,本集團借貸總額全數以港元結算。

本集團之業務交易主要以港元、澳門幣、 人民幣及美元結算。為管理外匯風險,本 集團一直密切監控外幣風險,並在需要時 作出對沖安排。

#### 資產押記

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,由本集團之附屬公司持有之若干銀行存款及存款證分別賬面總值約為31,000,000港元(二零一七年:37,000,000港元)及約為10,000,000港元(二零一七年:10,000,000港元)已抵押予銀行以取得銀行融資額度。

#### 或然負債

於二零一七年及二零一八年十二月三十一 日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債。

#### 承擔

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團於不可撤銷經營租賃項下未來最低租賃付款的未償還承擔約為188,600,000港元(二零一七年:213,100,000港元)。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團沒有就購置汽車有任何的未償還承擔(二零一七年:1,200,000港元)。

管理層討論及分析

#### STAFF AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2018, the Group employed a total of 186 employees (2017: 177). Total employee benefit expenses for the year ended 31 December 2018 was approximately HK\$72.3 million (2017: HK\$80.2 million).

Remuneration policy is reviewed annually and certain staff members are entitled to sales commission. In addition to the basic salaries and contributions to the mandatory provident fund, the Group also pays discretionary bonus and provides staff with other benefits including medical scheme to the employees in Hong Kong. The Group contributes to an employee pension scheme established by the PRC Government which undertakes to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the Group in Mainland China. The Group adopted a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to motivate the eligible directors and employees of the Group in recognition of their contributions to the Group.

#### 員工及薪酬政策

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團共僱用186名員工(二零一七年:177名),截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,員工福利開支共約72,300,000港元(二零一七年:80,200,000港元)。

#### 董事及高級管理人員之履歷

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Mr. Lai Fulin, aged 53, acted as an Executive Director of the Company from October 2009 to May 2017 and continued to sit on the senior management team of the Group thereafter. Mr. Lai rejoined the Board as an Executive Director of the Company on 27 November 2017 and was appointed as the Chairman of the Board with effect from 30 March 2018. He is also a member of the Chairman of Nomination Committee and a member of Remuneration Committee of the Company. In addition, Mr. Lai is the Head of Production & Purchasing of the Group and holds directorships in certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lai has over 20 years of experience in the banking sector, investment management and general management of companies in China. Mr. Lai worked in the Bank of China in Shenzhen from 1986 to 2001. From 1995 to 2001, he was the deputy general manager of a subsidiary of Bank of China dealing with businesses in the securities industry. During the period from 2002 to 2008, Mr. Lai was the general manager of 深圳市華奧冠力科技實業有限公司 (Shenzhen Huaao Guanli Technologies Company Limited\*). Mr. Lai holds a certificate of graduation in Chinese Language from 深圳教育學院 (Shenzhen Institute of Education\*).

Mr. Lai is the younger brother of Mr. Lai Guanglin, the controlling shareholder of the Company.

\* For identification purpose only

**Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng**, aged 54 was appointed as Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company in May 2009. Mr. Yu is responsible for managing overall daily operations of the Group and the implementation of the Group's development strategies.

Mr. Yu has over 20 years of experience in investment management, investment banking and general management of listed companies. Mr. Yu began his career at Mackenzie Financial Corporation in Toronto, Canada as an investment analyst in 1989 and since then, he has served several major financial corporations including J.P. Morgan, Deutsche Bank and CITIC Capital. In addition to his vast investment banking and management experience, Mr. Yu has also managed listed companies such as New World Cyberbase Limited and Asia Logistics Holdings Limited in Hong Kong. During his past career, Mr. Yu has focused on direct investment and mergers and acquisitions activities in sectors including construction materials, infrastructure, energy, technologies, media and financial services.

#### 執行董事

賴福麟先生,53歲,於二零零九年十月至 二零一七年五月期間曾出任本公司之執行 董事,並於其後繼續留任於本集團之高級 管理人員團隊。賴先生於二零一七年十一 月二十七日再次加入董事會為本公司執行 董事, 並於二零一八年三月三十日獲委任 為董事會主席。彼亦為本公司提名委員會 主席及薪酬委員會成員。此外,賴先生是 本集團生產及採購部總監及擔任本公司若 干附屬公司之董事。賴先生在國內的銀行 業、投資管理及企業管理方面累積逾二十 年經驗。賴先生於一九八六年至二零零一 年期間任職於中國銀行深圳市分行。於 一九九五年至二零零一年期間,彼曾出任 中國銀行屬下之證券公司副總經理一職。 於二零零二年至二零零八年期間,賴先生 出任深圳市華奧冠力科技實業有限公司總 經理一職。賴先生持有深圳教育學院中文 科大專畢業證書。

賴先生乃本公司之控股股東Lai Guanglin先生之胞弟。

**俞安生先生**,54歲,於二零零九年五月獲 委任為本公司執行董事兼首席執行官。俞 先生負責管理本集團整體日常運作及執行 本集團的發展策略。

前先生在投資管理、投資銀行及上市公司管理方面累積逾20年經驗。俞先生於一九八九年加入加拿大多倫多Mackenzie Financial Corporation,開始投資分析師之職業生涯。此後,彼曾服務於摩根大通機構。意志銀行及中信資本等多間主要金融機構。除在投資銀行及資產管理方面累積豐富之經驗外,俞先生亦曾管理新世界數等若是有限公司及亞洲物流控股有限公司及亞洲物流控股有限公司等若干香港上市公司。於過往職業生涯中,俞先生專注於建材、基礎設施、能源、科技、傳媒及金融服務等行業之直接投資及併購活動。

董事及高級管理人員之履歷

Mr. Yu holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in English Literature from the Beijing Foreign Studies University, a Master of arts degree in Education from the University of Toronto and a master's degree in business administration from the University of Western Ontario, Canada. 俞先生持有北京外國語大學英國文學學士 學位、多倫多大學教育學碩士學位及加拿 大西安大略大學工商管理碩士學位。

Mr. Yu is a director of King Jade Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company which has an interest in the shares of the Company that is required to be disclosed under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

俞先生現為本公司的主要股東King Jade Holdings Limited之董事。該公司根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部須向本公司披露其擁有本公司股份的權益。

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

## Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson, aged 51, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in February 2009. He is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company. Mr. Wong is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and member of Australia CPA and Australian Institute of Banking and Finance. He holds a master of commerce degree, specializing in banking and finance from the University of New South Wales. With more than 20 years of experience in PricewaterhouseCoopers and Ernst and Young, Mr. Wong specializes in the area of auditing banks and listed companies. Mr. Wong is currently the chief financial officer of China Animation Characters Company Limited (Stock code: 1566, a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited "HKSE"). He served as independent non-executive director of Ping An Securities Group (Holdings) Limited (Stock code: 231, a company listed on HKSE) from 17 November 2015 to 1 December 2017. Mr. Wong has been appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of PT International Development Corporation

Limited (Stock code: 372, a company listed on HKSE) on 6

November 2017.

## 獨立非執行董事

黃以信先生,51歲,於二零零九年二月獲 委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為 本公司審核委員會主席。黃先生為香港會 計師公會資深成員,以及澳洲會計師公會 及澳洲銀行及金融學會成員。彼持有新南 威爾士大學之商學碩士學位,專業為銀行 及金融學。彼曾於羅兵咸永道會計師事務 所及安永會計師事務所任職逾20年,擅於 處理銀行及上市公司審核事務。黃先生現 時為有華夏動漫形象有限公司(股份代號: 1566,一間於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「港 交所」)上市之公司)之財務總監。彼曾於二 零一五年十一月十七日至二零一七年十二 月一日期間,擔任平安證券集團(控股)有 限公司(股份代號:231,一間於港交所上 市之公司)之獨立非執行董事。於二零一七 年十一月六日,黃先生獲保德國際發展企 業有限公司(股份代號:372,一間於港交 所上市之公司)委任為獨立非執行董事。

Mr. Chen Wei Wen, aged 50, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in April 2010. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Chen holds a Bachelor of Business (Accounting) from Monash University, Australia. Mr. Chen worked as a general manager of Guangzhou Futian Trading Company Ltd (廣州市富添貿易有限公司) from 1997 to 2005. Since November 2004, Mr. Chen was appointed as chief operating officer of Guangzhou Kanxin Polymer Technology Co., Ltd (廣州市康心高分子科技有限公司) which is an affiliated company of Guangzhou Futian Trading Company Ltd (廣州市富添貿易有限公司). Mr. Chen was also appointed as director and general manager of Fuda Enterprises Limited (富而達企業有限公司) since February 1998.

## 董事及高級管理人員之履歷

Mr. Guan Zhigiang, aged 56, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in September 2016. He is also the Chairman of Remuneration Committee, a member of Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Guan holds a bachelor of Agronomy from Huazhong Agricultural University and a master degree in business administration from Southwestern University of Finance. During the period from 1984 to 1996, Mr. Guan had successively worked in the Ministry of Agriculture of the People's Republic of China and the State Planning Commission. He subsequently joined the Agricultural Development Bank of China and held various senior management positions and was granted a qualification of senior economist from the bank. From February 2002 to March 2003. Mr. Guan served as the general manager in New China Life Insurance Company Ltd, Jinan branch. From March 2003 to November 2005, he worked in Yeland Group Co. Ltd. (now known as Hna Investment Group Co., Ltd), a company listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange, and was appointed as the chairman of its group's real estate company. Since 2005, Mr. Guan has established an investment advisory firm and invested in a number of enterprises which engaged in various fields including mining, energy and biotechnology, etc., and acted as a director in those enterprises. Mr. Guan is currently the vice chairman of 浙江宜葆 生物科技有限公司 (Zhejiang Ecopro Biotech Company, Ltd.\*) and a director of 霍爾果斯聚視互娛文化產業有限公司 (Huoerguosi Poly Entertainment Culture Industry Co., Ltd\*). He has extensive experience in finance, investment and corporate management.

管志強先生,56歲,於二零一六年九月獲 委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為 本公司薪酬委員會主席、審核委員會及提 名委員會成員。管先生持有華中農業大學 農學學士學位及西南財經大學工商管理碩 士學位。於一九八四年至一九九六年期間, 管先生先後任職於中華人民共和國農業部 及國家計劃委員會,隨後加入中國農業發 展銀行並擔任多個高級管理人員職務和獲 該銀行授予高級經濟師資格。於二零零二 年二月至二零零三年三月,管先生擔任新 華人壽保險股份有限公司濟南分公司總經 理。於二零零三年三月至二零零五年十一 月,彼在億城集團股份有限公司(現稱海航 投資集團股份有限公司)(一家於深圳證券 交易所上市的公司)工作並獲該集團委任為 旗下房地產公司的董事長。自二零零五年起, 管先生設立一家投資諮詢公司並參股投資 多家企業,行業種類包括礦業、能源及生 物科技等等,並出任該些企業的董事職務。 管先生現時為浙江宜葆生物科技有限公司 的副董事長及霍爾果斯聚視互娛文化產業 有限公司的董事。彼在金融、投資、企業 管理等方面擁有豐富的經驗。

\* For identification purpose only

董事及高級管理人員之履歷

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

**Mr. Chow Wai Koon**, **Timothy**, aged 49, was appointed as Chief Operating Officer of the Company in January 2015. Mr. Chow is responsible for directing, administering and co-ordinating the operational activities of the Group. He is also responsible for recommending and developing strategies, goals and policies of the Group.

Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Chow devoted almost 20 years to Hewlett-Packard group ("HP"), a leading global IT provider of products, technologies, software, solutions and services. While at HP, Mr. Chow held several senior positions in sales, marketing, business planning and finance in the Asia Pacific region including China, Australia and Singapore.

Mr. Chow has extensive experience in sales and marketing in the Asia Pacific region, particularly China, across consumer, commercial and enterprise customers. In addition, Mr. Chow has robust knowledge of end-to-end systems from research and development, manufacturing and distribution to channel, communication and customer support.

Mr. Chow holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the Macquarie Graduate School of Management, Australia, and a Bachelor's Degree of Accountancy from the Nanyang Technological University, Singapore.

Mr. Cheng Siu Kwan, aged 49, joined the Company as the Financial Controller in December 2012 and has been appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company in February 2013. Mr. Cheng is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Cheng held various finance positions at a number of companies listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and has over 24 years of experience in auditing, finance and accounting.

**Ms. Chan Yuk Fan**, aged 55, joined the Group in 1982 and has held a number of leadership roles in the Group's retail, project sales and procurement division. Ms. Chan currently is the Deputy Managing Director of Bun Kee (International) Limited, the pipe trading subsidiary of the Group and is mainly responsible for the leadership, control and long-term business development of the Company. She has extensive experience and knowledge in managing a successful piping distribution operation. She is a member of Lions Club.

#### 高級管理人員

招偉權先生,49歲,於二零一五年一月獲委任為本公司的首席運營官。招先生負責指導、管理和協調本集團的營運工作。彼亦負責建議及發展本集團戰略、目標和政策。

在加盟本公司前,招先生致力於惠普(一家提供產品、技術、軟件、解决方案和服務的全球領先資訊科技供應商)近20年。在惠普期間,招先生曾於亞太地區(包括中國、澳洲和新加坡)的銷售、市場營銷、業務規劃和財務方面擔任高級職務工作。

招先生在亞太地區(尤其中國)的消費客戶、商業及大型企業客戶方面均擁有非常豐富的銷售和市場推廣經驗。此外,他在端到端系統的研究與開發、製造及分銷渠道、溝通及客戶支援方面具有豐富的知識。

招先生持有澳洲麥格理大學工商管理學院 之工商管理碩士學位及新加坡南洋理工大 學會計學士學位。

鄭少群先生,49歲,於二零一二年十二月加入本公司擔任財務總監,並於二零一三年二月獲委任為本公司之公司秘書。鄭先生為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。加入本公司之前,鄭先生曾於多家香港聯合交易所有限公司上市公司出任不同的財務職務,彼於審計、融資及會計方面擁有逾24年經驗。

陳玉芬女士,55歲,於一九八二年加入本集團,並曾於本集團的零售、項目銷售及採購部門先後擔任領導角色。陳女士現時為本集團管道貿易附屬公司彬記(國際)有限公司之副董事總經理,主要負責領導、監控及公司業務的長遠發展。彼於管理成功的管道分銷營運上具有相當豐富的經驗及知識。彼為獅子會會員。

## 董事及高級管理人員之履歷

**Mr. Lai Kui Chung**, aged 61, joined the Group in 1979 and is the Warehouse Director of the pipe trading subsidiary, Bun Kee (International) Limited. Mr. Lai is responsible for the warehouse and transportation activities of the Group. He has over 39 years of experience in supervising warehouse and transportation operations. Mr. Lai holds a Certificate in Store Supervision from a technical institute.

**Mr. Ku Chun Ming**, aged 53, joined the Group in 1993 and is the Sales Director of the pipe trading subsidiary, Bun Kee (International) Limited. Mr. Ku is responsible for the Group's sales operations, new product development and promotion activities including the exhibitions and seminars. He has over 32 years of experience in sales and marketing activities.

黎居忠先生,61歲,於一九七九年加入本 集團,現時為管道貿易附屬公司彬記(國際) 有限公司之倉務董事,負責本集團之倉儲 及運輸業務。彼在管理倉庫及運輸營運方 面積逾39年經驗,持有工業學院之倉庫管 理證書。

古俊明先生,53歲,於一九九三年加入本集團,現時為管道貿易附屬公司彬記(國際)有限公司之銷售董事。古先生負責本集團銷售業務及新產品業務發展,以及市場推廣活動,包括展覽及研討會。彼在銷售及市場推廣業務積逾32年經驗。

企業管治報告

Softpower International Limited (the "Company") is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance. The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") and management maintain and enhance the policies and practices of the Company on a timely, transparent, effective and reasonable manner, so as to maintain good, solid and reasonable corporate governance. The Company believes that good corporate governance is not only in the interest of shareholders and investors but also in the interest of the Company. The Company will continue to raise the standard to formalize the best practice of corporate governance as far as we could

冠力國際有限公司(「本公司」)致力達致高水平之企業管治。本公司董事會(「董事會」)及管理層維持及提升本公司適時、具透明度、有效及合理的政策及實務,並確保良好、穩固及合理的企業管治。本公司相信良好的企業管治不單只有利於股東及投資者,亦符合本公司的利益。本公司將繼續提高標準,務求制定最佳之企業管治常規。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE**

The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") as stated in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") throughout the year ended 31 December 2018.

## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rule (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry with the directors of the Company ("Directors"), all Directors confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2018.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises five Directors, including two executive Directors, Mr. Lai Fulin (the Chairman of the Board) and Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng (the Chief Executive Officer); and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson, Mr. Chen Wei Wen and Mr. Guan Zhiqiang, one of whom namely, Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson has appropriate professional accounting experience and expertise. Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT" of this Annual Report.

#### 企業管治守則

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四《企業管治守則》(「守則」)所載之守則條文規定。

#### 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載有關上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)。經向本公司董事(「董事」)作出特別查詢後,所有董事已確認,彼等於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年內均全面遵守標準守則所載列之所須準則。

#### 董事會

#### 組成人員

於本報告日期,董事會由五名董事組成,包括兩名執行董事:賴福麟先生(董事會主席)及俞安生先生(首席執行官);以及三名獨立非執行董事:黃以信先生、陳偉文先生及管志強先生,其中黃以信先生擁有適當的專業會計經驗及專門知識。每位董事的個人履歷已詳載於本年報之「董事及高級管理人員之履歷」內。

## 企業管治報告

With effect from 30 March 2018, Mr. Lai Guanglin resigned as an executive Director and the Chairman of the Board; Mr. U Kean Seng resigned as a non-executive Director. In addition, Mr. Lai Fulin, an executive Director, was appointed as the Chairman of the Board on the same day.

Throughout the year, the Board has at least one-third in number of its members comprising independent non-executive Directors under Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules.

Each of the non-executive Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) has entered into a service contract with the Company and appointed for a term of one year. All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all the independent non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers that they are independent.

To the best knowledge of the Company, except that Mr. Lai Fulin is the younger brother of Mr. Lai Guanglin, a substantial shareholder of the Company, there is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) among members of the Board.

The Board has balance of skills, knowledge and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business and to complement the Company's corporate strategy. The Board membership is covered by professionally qualified and widely experienced personnel to bring in valuable contributions and different professional advices and consultancy for development of the Company. All Directors have separate and independent access to the advice and services of the senior management and the company secretary with a view to ensuring the board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. The principal functions of the Board are to supervise the management of the business and affairs; to approve the strategic plans, investment and funding decision; to review the Group's financial performance and operating initiatives.

自二零一八年三月三十日起,Lai Guanglin 先生辭任執行董事和董事會主席職務:余 建成先生辭任非執行董事職務。此外,於 同日,執行董事賴福麟先生獲委任為董事 會主席。

於整年內,根據上市規則3.10A之規定董事會成員最少三分之一由獨立非執行董事組成。

每名非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均 與本公司訂立為期一年任期的服務合同。 所有董事須根據本公司之公司細則規定於 本公司股東週年大會上輪值退任及重選連任。

每名獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13 條的規定作出有關其獨立性的年度獨立確認。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均遵守上市規則第3.13條所列的獨立指引,因此本公司認為彼等為獨立。

就本公司所知,除賴福麟先生乃本公司主要股東Lai Guanglin先生之胞弟外,董事會各成員間並無關係(包括財務、業務、家屬或其他重要/相關的關係)。

企業管治報告

The Board, led by the Chairman, is responsible for formulating overall strategy and polices, monitoring and controlling the performance of the Group. In addition to its overall supervisory role, the Board also retains specific responsibilities such as approving financial accounts, approving annual budget, recommending dividend payments, approving policies relating to the Board's compliance, etc. whilst managing the Group's day-to-day operations is the responsibility of the management of the Group (the "Management") such as implementing internal control, business strategies and plans set by the Board, etc.. When the Board delegates certain aspects of its management and administration functions to the Management, it has given clear directions as to the powers of the Management.

#### CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Each newly appointed Director has received comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on appointment so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities under the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements.

The Directors are regularly briefed on the amendments to or updates on the relevant laws, rules and regulations.

In addition, all Directors are provided with monthly updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

#### 持續專業發展

各新任董事已於委任時接受全面、正式及 為彼而設之就職指引以確保董事對本集團 業務及營運有恰當了解,並完全明白彼於 上市規則及相關監管規定項下之責任。

董事定期獲知會相關法例、規則及規例之 修訂或最新版本。

此外,董事亦獲提供本公司表現、狀況及 前景的每月更新資料,以便董事會整體及 各董事履行其職務。

## 企業管治報告

The Directors confirmed that they have complied with the code provision A.6.5 of the Code on Directors' training. During the Year, all Directors have participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars and/or reading materials on the following topics to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and provided a record of training to the Company.

董事確認,彼等已遵守守則有關董事培訓 之守則條文第A.6.5條。於本年度,全體董 事已參與持續專業發展,方式為出席有關 以下主題之座談會及/或閱讀材料,以發 展及更新彼等之知識及技能,並已向本公 司提供培訓記錄。

#### **Name of Directors**

## Mr. Lai Guanglin (resigned on 30 March 2018)

Mr. Lai Fulin

Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng Mr. U Kean Seng

(resigned on 30 March 2018)

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson

Mr. Chen Wei Wen Mr. Guan Zhiqiang

#### 董事姓名

#### Lai Guanglin先生 *(於二零一八年三月三十日辭任)* 賴福麟先生 俞安生先生

余建成先生 *(於二零一八年三月三十日辭任)* 

黃以信先生 陳偉文先生 管志強先生

#### Topics on training covered <sup>(Note)</sup> 所涵蓋之培訓主題 <sup>(附註)</sup>

 $C \cdot F \cdot L \cdot R$ 

 $\mathsf{C} \mathrel{\,\cdot\,} \mathsf{L} \mathrel{\,\cdot\,} \mathsf{R}$ 

C · L · R

 $\mathsf{C} \mathrel{\,\cdot\,} \mathsf{L} \mathrel{\,\cdot\,} \mathsf{R}$ 

C ` F ` L ` R C ` L ` R

C · L · R

#### Notes:

C: Corporate Governance

F: Finance and Accounting

L: Listing Rules Updates

R: Other Relevant Regulatory Updates

#### 附註:

C:企業管治

F:財務及會計

L:上市規則的更新

R:其他相關法規的更新

## ROLES OF CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The position of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company are held by separate individuals. The role of the Chairman is separated from that of the Chief Executive Officer. Such division of responsibilities helps to reinforce their independence and accountability.

On 30 March 2018, Mr. Lai Fulin has been appointed as the Chairman of the Board. Mr. Lai takes up the role of providing leadership for the Board and ensures that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibility properly. With the support of executive Directors and the Company Secretary, the Chairman seeks to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at board meetings and receive adequate and reliable information in a timely manner. The Chairman also ensures that good corporate governance practice is in force from time to time, and all key issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner.

Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is responsible for managing overall daily operations of the Group, the implementation of the Group's development strategies and plans and to perform other responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

#### 主席和首席執行官的角色

董事會主席及本公司首席執行官的職位由 不同人士出任。主席的職責有別於首席執 行官。有關分工有助加強他們的獨立和問 責性。

於二零一八年三月三十日,賴福麟先生已獲委任為董事會主席。賴先生擔任董事會之領導角色,確保董事會有效運作及適當履行其職責。在執行董事及公司秘書協助下,主席將確保所有董事均就董事會會議上提出的事項獲得適當説明,並適時獲得充份可靠的資料。主席亦確保不時切實執行優良之企業管治常規,以及董事會及時商討所有重要事宜。

本公司首席執行官俞安生先生負責管理本 集團整體日常運作及執行本集團的發展策 略及計劃,以及執行由董事會委派的任務。

企業管治報告

#### **BOARD MEETING**

The Board meets regularly, and at least four times a year, additional meetings are convened when deemed necessary by the Board. Board members are provided with complete, adequate and timely information to allow the Directors to fulfill their duties properly. In addition, Directors have full access to information on the Group and independent professional advice whenever deemed necessary by the Directors. In addition, the Chairman and non-executive Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) meet at least once every year without the presence of executive Directors.

During the year, the Board met regularly and held six meetings. Notices and board papers were given to all Directors prior to the board meetings in accordance with the Code. The Chairman and non-executive Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) met once without the presence of executive Directors.

#### 董事會會議

董事會定期舉行會議,而每年最少舉行四次會議,及於其認為有需要時召開額外會議。董事會成員獲提供完整、充份及適時資料,以便董事可妥善履行彼等之職責。此外,董事可於其認為需要時取得集團資料及獨立的專業意見。此外,主席每年與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)舉行至少一次沒有執行董事出席的會議。

於年內,董事會定期會晤及舉行了六次會議。 於舉行董事會會議前,已根據守則之規定 向所有董事發出通知及會議文件。主席與 非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)舉行了 一次沒有執行董事出席的會議。

## 企業管治報告

#### Meetings held in 2018

Details of the Directors' attendance at Board meetings, Board committee meetings and general meetings (including the annual general meeting) respectively held in 2018 are set out as below:

#### 於二零一八年舉行的會議

各位董事於二零一八年分別於董事會會議、 董事會轄下委員會會議及股東大會(包括股 東週年大會)的出席記錄詳情如下:

## Attended/Eligible to attend 出席次數/合資格出席次數

		Board Meeting 董事會 會議	Audit Committee Meeting 審核委員會 會議	Nomination Committee Meeting 提名委員會 會議	Remuneration Committee Meeting 薪酬委員會 會議	General Meeting 股東大會
Number of Meetings Held	會議舉行次數	6	3	2	3	2
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事					
Mr. Lai Guanglin (Note)	Lai Guanglin 先生 <sup>(附註)</sup>	2/2	_	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Lai Fulin	賴福麟先生	6/6	_	1/1	2/2	2/2
Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng	俞安生先生	6/6	_	-	_	2/2
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. U Kean Seng (Note)	余建成先生 <sup>(附註)</sup>	2/2	1/1	////-	////-/	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson	黃以信先生	6/6	3/3	\ \ \ \ _		2/2
Mr. Chen Wei Wen	陳偉文先生	6/6	3/3	2/2	3/3	2/2
Mr. Guan Zhiqiang	管志強先生	6/6	2/2	2/2	3/3	2/2
Note:			附追	<u> </u>		

Mr. Lai Guanglin and Mr. U Kean Seng resigned on 30 March 2018.

Lai Guanglin先生及余建成先生已於二零一八年三月三十日辭任。

企業管治報告

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

A number of Board committee, including audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee, have been established by the Board to strengthen its functions and to enhance its expertise. All committees have been formed with specific written terms of reference which deals clearly with the respective committees' authorities and duties.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

As at the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee comprises three members including one executive Director, namely Mr. Lai Fulin and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chen Wei Wen and Mr. Guan Zhiqiang. It is chaired by Mr. Guan Zhiqiang.

The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) To make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (b) To review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (c) To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments (including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment); and
- (d) To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive directors.

The remuneration package of executive Directors is determined by reference to their duties and responsibilities, experience and the prevailing market conditions. The remuneration package of individual executive Directors includes salary, discretionary bonus and share-based payment. Details of the Directors' fee and other emoluments of the Directors of the Company are set out in Note 30 to the financial statements.

#### 董事會轄下委員會

董事會已成立多個董事會轄下委員會,包 括審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會, 以加強其職能及提高其專門技能。所有委 員會之組成均訂有具體之書面職權範圍書, 清楚説明各委員會的職權及職責。

#### 薪酬委員會

於本報告日期,薪酬委員會由三位成員組成,包括一位執行董事,即賴福麟先生及兩位獨立非執行董事,即陳偉文先生及管志強 先生。主席由管志強先生擔任。

薪酬委員會的主要角色及職能如下:

- (a) 就本公司董事及高級管理人員的全體 薪酬政策及架構,及就設立正規而具 透明度的程序制訂薪酬政策,向董事 會提出建議;
- (b) 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢 討及批准管理層的薪酬建議;
- (c) 向董事會建議個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇,包括非金錢利益、退休金權利及賠償金額(包括喪失或終止職務或委任的賠償);及
- (d) 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出建議。

執行董事的薪酬待遇乃根據其職務及職責、 經驗以及當前市況而釐定。執行董事的薪 酬待遇包括薪金、酌情花紅及以股份為基 礎的付款。本公司各董事的袍金及其他酬 金的詳情載於財務報表附註30。

## 企業管治報告

The Remuneration Committee has adopted the model that it will review the proposals made by the management on the remuneration of executive Directors and senior management, and make recommendations to the Board. The Board will have final authority to approve the recommendations made by the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee held three meetings during 2018, the following major matters were reviewed and discussed in the meetings and recommended to the Board for approval:

- To review the remuneration policy and remuneration packages of Directors and senior management of the Company;
- To consider the bonus arrangement of the Directors and senior management of the Company; and
- To review the new service contracts entered into between the Company and non-executive Directors.

Pursuant to the code provision B.1.5 of the Code, the details remuneration of the senior management of the Company by band for the year ended 31 December 2018 was set out in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements of this Annual Report.

#### **Nomination Committee**

As at the date of this report, the Nomination Committee comprises three members including an executive Director, Mr. Lai Fulin, and two independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chen Wei Wen and Mr. Guan Zhiqiang. It is chaired by Mr. Lai Fulin, the Chairman of the Board.

In August 2013, the Company adopted the Board Diversity Policy. Such policy sets out the approach to achieve diversity on Board. With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

薪酬委員會已採納由其檢討管理層所提出 有關執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬建議 後,向董事作提出建議的模式。董事會擁 有最終權力以批准經薪酬委員會提出的薪 酬建議。

薪酬委員會於二零一八年內召開了三次會議,審議及討論以下主要事項,並向董事會提出建議:

- 檢討本公司薪酬政策及董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇;
- 考慮本公司董事及高級管理人員分紅 安排;及
- 審議本公司與非執行董事訂立新的服務合同。

根據守則條文第B.1.5條,本公司高級管理 人員於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止 年度的酬金按範圍分析的詳情載於本年報 之綜合財務報表附註8。

#### 提名委員會

於本報告日期·提名委員會由三位成員組成, 包括一位執行董事賴福麟先生及兩位獨立 非執行董事陳偉文先生及管志強先生。提 名委員會主席由董事會主席賴福麟先生擔任。

#### 企業管治報告

In December 2018, the Company adopted the Nomination Policy. According to the policy, the Nomination Committee ("NC") will consider candidates recommended by shareholders in the same manner as candidates recommended to the NC from other sources. In its evaluation of director candidates, including the members of the Board eligible for re-election, the NC will consider (1) The current size and composition of the Board and the needs of the Board and the respective committees of the Board; (2) Diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service; and (3) Other factors that the NC may consider appropriate.

The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- (a) To review the structure, size and composition (board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (b) To identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of, individuals nominated for directorships. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board;
- (c) To review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, and disclose the Board Diversity Policy or its summary in the corporate governance report of the Company including the measurable objectives set for implementing the Board Diversity Policy and progress made towards achieving these measurable objectives;
- (d) To review the policy for the nomination of Directors ("Nomination Policy") as appropriate. The Nomination Policy shall set out, inter alia, the nomination procedures and process and criteria to select and recommend candidates for directorship;

於二零一八年十二月,本公司已採納《提名政策》。根據該政策,提名委員會將以與從其他來源向提名委員會推薦的候選人相同的方式考慮股東推薦的候選人。在評成與東推薦的候選人(包括符合重選連任的董事會成的董事候選人(包括符合重選連任的董事會所成以及董事會和董事會各委員會將考慮(1)董事會各委員會將考慮(1)董事會各委員會將考慮(1)董事會各委員會和組成以及董事會各委員會和自己。(2)董事會各方面的多元化,包括中國於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、與談、技能、知識和服務任期等方面;及(3)提名委員會認為其他適當的因素。

提名委員會的主要角色及職能如下:

- (a) 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及 組成(會從多個方面考慮董事會成員多 元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文 化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知 識及服務任期),並就任何為配合本公 司的公司策略而擬對董事會作出的變 動提出建議;
- (b) 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士, 並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此 向董事會提供意見。董事會所有委任 均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選 時以客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多 元化的裨益;
- (c) 在適當時候檢討董事會成員多元化政策,每年於本公司的企業管治報告內報告列出董事會成員多元化政策或政策摘要、包括為執行董事會成員多元化政策而定的可計量目標及達標的進度;
- (d) 在適當情況下檢討有關提名董事之政策(「提名政策」)。提名政策應列出,其中包括,提名程序與過程以及篩選和推薦董事候選人的準則;

#### 企業管治報告

- (e) To assess the independence of independent non-executive directors; and
- (f) To make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors in particular the chairman and the chief executive.

The Nomination Committee held two meetings during 2018, the following major issues were reviewed and discussed in the meeting:

- To review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board;
- To review the Board Diversity Policy;
- To determine the Nomination Policy and make recommendation to the Board for adoption;
- To make recommendation to the Board for approval the revised terms of reference of the Nomination Committee; and
- To evaluate and make recommendation as to the qualification and experience of the directors who were subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the 2018 annual general meeting.

#### **Audit Committee**

As at the date of this report, Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson, Mr. Chen Wei Wen and Mr. Guan Zhiqiang. It is chaired by Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson who has the appropriate professional qualifications, accounting and financial management expertise.

The major roles and functions of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- (a) To make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- (b) To monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them;

- (e) 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- (f) 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其 是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會 提出建議。

提名委員會於二零一八年內召開了兩次會議,審議及討論以下主要事項:

- 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括 技能、知識及經驗方面);
- 檢討董事會多元化政策;
- 制定提名政策及向董事會建議採納;
- 向董事會建議審批經修訂的提名委員 會職權範圍書;及
- 對於二零一八年股東週年大會上輪值告退並重選連任的董事的資格和經驗作出評估及建議。

#### 審核委員會

於本報告日期,審核委員會由三位獨立非執行董事黃以信先生、陳偉文先生及管志強先生所組成。黃以信先生擔任審核委員會主席,彼具備合適的專業資格、會計或財務管理相關的專業知識。

審核委員會的主要角色及職能如下:

- (a) 主要負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新 委任及罷免向董事會提供建議、批准 外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用條款,及處 理任何有關該核數師辭職或辭退該核 數師的問題:
- (b) 監察本公司的財務報表並審閱報表及 報告所載有關財務申報的重大意見;

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- (c) To review the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems; and
- (d) To discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective systems.

The Audit Committee held three meetings during 2018 and the following major matters were reviewed and discussed in the meetings:

- To review the annual results of 2017 and the interim results of 2018 and making recommendation to the Board for approval;
- To make recommendation on the reappointment of the auditor:
- To review the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function and their training programme and related budget;
- To review the risk management and internal control systems;
- To approve the auditor's fees for audit of 2018 financial statements:
- To discuss the audit service plan of 2018; and
- To make recommendation to the Board for the approval of the revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee.

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board has adopted the written terms of reference on corporate governance functions in March 2012 so as to assist the Board performing corporate governance functions. The terms of reference of the Board in respect of corporate governance functions are summarized as follows:

- (a) To develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (b) To review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;

- (c) 檢討本公司的財務監控、風險管理及 內部監控制度;及
- (d) 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系統。

審核委員會於二零一八年內召開了三次會議,審議及討論以下主要事項:

- 審閱二零一七年年度全年業績及二零 一八年度中期業績,並建議董事會審批;
- 建議續聘核數師;
- 對本集團在會計及財務匯報職能方面 的資源、員工資歷及經驗及員工所接 受的培訓課程及有關預算是否充足進 行檢討:
- 檢討風險管理及內部監控系統;
- 審批核數師二零一八年年度財務報告 的審計酬金;
- 討論二零一八年年度審計服務計劃;及
- 向董事會建議審批經修訂的審核委員 會職權範圍書。

#### 企業管治職能

董事會於二零一二年三月已採納企業管治 職能並以書面訂立其職權範圍以協助董事 會履行本集團之企業管治職能。董事會於 企業管治職能的職責如下:

- (a) 制定及檢討本公司企業管治政策及常 規;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培 訓及持續專業發展;

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- (c) To review and monitor the Company's policies and practices to ensure compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) To develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (e) To review the Company's compliance with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules and its disclosure requirements in Corporate Governance Report.

During the year, the Board has reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuing professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code, and the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

This corporate governance report has been reviewed by the Board in discharge of its corporate governance functions.

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The fees charged by the auditor generally depends on the scope and volume of the auditor's work. For the year ended 31 December 2018, the remuneration to the auditor of the Company in respect of audit services was HK\$1,300,000 and fees related to taxation services and other non-audit services amount to HK\$95,600 and HK\$100,000 respectively.

## DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements. The senior management provides such explanation and information to the Board so as to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial information and position of the Company.

The Directors acknowledge the responsibilities for preparing the accounts of the Company. The responsibilities of the auditor of the Company with respect to the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 54 to 62.

- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面的政策及常規;
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守 準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守上市規則附錄十四《企業管治守則》所載之守則條文及於《企業管治報告》所須披露的要求。

於本年度,董事會已檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規,以及董事和高級管理人員之培訓和持續專業發展、本公司在遵守法律及監管規定之政策及常規、遵守《標準守則》,以及本公司遵守《企業管治守則》及《企業管治報告》之披露情況。

為履行企業管治職責,董事會已審閱本企 業管治報告。

#### 核數師薪酬

核數師收取的費用一般視乎範圍及其工作量而定。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,就本公司核數師所提供的審核服務費用為1,300,000港元,以及税務和其他非審核服務費用分別為95,600港元及100,000港元。

#### 董事及核數師之財務申報責任

董事會負責提呈一份平衡、清晰易明之年報及中期報告、內幕消息公告以及按上市規則及其他監管規定要求之其他披露。高級管理人員負責向董事會提供解釋及資料,讓董事會能夠對本公司之財務資料及狀況進行有根據之評審。

董事知悉其有編製本公司賬目的責任。本公司核數師就有關本集團財務報表之責任 列載於第54至62頁的獨立核數師報告。

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#### **GOING CONCERN**

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board is responsible for maintaining an adequate system of risk management and internal controls within the Group and for reviewing their effectiveness. The systems of risk management and internal control are designed to facilitate effective and efficient operations, to safeguard assets and to ensure the quality of internal and external reporting and compliance control and risk management functions. It is also designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that material misstatement or loss can be avoided, and to manage and minimize risks of failure in operation systems.

The Group has set up a risk management system to provide directions in identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks and is reviewed at least on an annual basis. The senior management of the Group identifies risks that would adversely affect the achievement of the Group's objectives, and assesses and prioritizes the identified risks according to a set of standard criteria.

The Board has engaged an independent professional advisor to perform ongoing monitoring of the risk management and internal control review to assess the effectiveness of the financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions of the Company and the Group's major subsidiaries on a rotation basis.

Risk management report and internal control report are submitted to the Audit Committee at least once a year. The Board, through the Audit Committee, had performed annual review on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management system and internal control system, including the scope on risk management and internal control systems, result of internal audit work and status of compliance control.

#### 持續經營

董事在作出適當查詢後,認為本公司擁有充分資源以在可預見將來繼續經營,故編制財務報表時採用持續經營之基準為適當。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責為本集團維持一個充份有效之 風險管理及內部控制系統,以及審查其效率。 風險管理及內部控制系統乃為推動營運之 效能及效率、保護資產、確保內部及外部 報告之質素,以及監控法規和風險管理功 能而設。內部監控系統旨在合理(而非絕對) 保證能夠避免出現嚴重誤報或損失的情況, 並管理及減低運作系統上的風險。

本集團已制定風險管理系統,提供識別、評估和管理重大風險的指引,並至少每年檢討一次。本集團的高級管理層會識別對本集團目標的造成不利影響的風險,並根據一套標準準則評估及排列所識別風險的優先次序。

董事會已委聘獨立專業顧問對本公司及本 集團之主要附屬公司風險管理進行持續監 督及輪流進行內部監控評核,就財務、運作、 合規及風險管理等方面之內部監控有效性 進行評估。

風險管理報告和內部監控報告均至少每年 一次提交予審核委員會。董事會已透過審 核委員會就本集團的風險管理系統及內部 監控系統是否有效進行年度檢討,包括風 險管理及內部監控工作範疇、內部審計工 作結果,以及合規情況。

## 企業管治報告

At the meeting of the Audit Committee held on 20 March 2019, the independent professional advisor reported their review work for the year ended 31 December 2018 performed in accordance with the detailed risk-based internal control review plan which was approved by the Audit Committee and the risk management report was also circulated to the Audit Committee for review. The Board, through the Audit Committee, has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management system and internal control system for the year ended 31 December 2018. The Audit Committee members, together with the senior management, have also reviewed, considered and discussed the risk management system, all findings relating to the internal control system and recommendations for improvement. The Board considers the risk management system and internal control system of the Group were effective and adequate during the year.

The Audit Committee also reviewed and was satisfied with the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary of the Company is Mr. Cheng Siu Kwan, who is also the Financial Controller of the Company. Mr. Cheng is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He fulfills the requirement under Rules 3.28 and 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

The Company Secretary is responsible for providing secretarial services to the Board and ensuring the operation of the Company is properly complied with Hong Kong listed companies' regulatory requirements as well as enhancing its corporate governance standards. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary with a view to ensuring that board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Company Secretary is also the secretary of each of Board committees. Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of all Board committees are kept by the Company Secretary and are available for inspection by the Directors at all times.

審核委員會亦檢討了集團處理會計及財務 匯報功能的資源、員工資歷和經驗,以及有關員工的培訓及預算開支,並滿意上述各項安排。

#### 公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書為鄭少群先生,彼亦為本公司之財務總監。鄭先生乃英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。彼符合上市規則第3.28及3.29條所列之要求。

公司秘書負責為公司董事會提供秘書服務,保障公司運作符合香港上市公司的相關規範,提升公司管治水平。所有董事均可獲得公司秘書的意見和服務,確保董事會程序及所有適用規則及規例均獲得遵會。公司秘書同時兼任董事會轄下各委員會的會議。董事會及董事會轄下各委員會的議。

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#### **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS**

#### Right to convene special general meeting

Pursuant to Section 74(1) of the Bermuda Companies Act and the bye-law 62 of the Bye-Laws of the Company, the shareholder(s) of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may request the Board to convene a special general meeting. The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company and its head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong for the attention of Company Secretary and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists. If the Directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

#### Right to put enquiries to the Board

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's share registrar. Other shareholders' enquiries can be directed to the head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong as set out in the "Corporate Information" section of this Annual Report for the attention of Company Secretary.

#### 股東權利

#### 召開股東特別大會之權利

根據百慕達公司法第74(1)及本公司之公司 細則第62條,倘本公司股東於遞交請求當 日持有於遞交請求當日有權於本公司股東 大會投票之本公司繳足股本不少於十分一, 則可召開股東特別大會。呈請人遞交之書 面請求須列明大會目的,並由呈請人正式 簽署,郵寄及送交本公司的註冊辦事處及 其位於香港的總辦事處及主要營業地點, 註明收件人為公司秘書,並可一式多份, 且每份由一名或多名呈請人簽署之文件組 成。倘於遞交要求日期起計二十一日內, 董事未有正式召開有關大會,則遞交要求 人士(或當中持有彼等全體總投票權一半以 上之任何人士)可自發召開有關大會,惟任 何據此召開之大會均不得於上述日期起計 三個月期間屆滿後舉行。

#### 向董事會作出查詢之權利

股東如對名下持股有任何問題,應向本公司的之股份過戶登記處提出。股東其他查詢可發送至本年報「公司資料」一節所載本公司香港之總辦事處及主要營業地點,並註明收件人為公司秘書。

## 企業管治報告

#### Right to put forward proposals at general meetings

Pursuant to Sections 79(1) and 79(2) of the Bermuda Companies Act, on the requisition in writing of either (i) any number of members of the Company representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the members having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates; or (ii) not less than one hundred members, the Company shall, at the expense of the requisitionists unless the Company otherwise resolves:

- (a) to give to members of the Company entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting;
- (b) to circulate to shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

A copy or copies of requisition signed by all requisitionists shall be deposited, with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in giving notice of the proposed resolution or circulating any necessary statement, at the registered office of the Company and its head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong in the case of:

- (i) a requisition requiring notice of a resolution, not less than six weeks before the meeting; and
- (ii) any other requisition, not less than one week before the meeting.

The Company will verify the requisition and upon confirming that the requisition is proper and in order, the Board will proceed with the necessary procedures.

#### 於股東大會提出議案之權利

根據百慕達公司法第79(1)及79(2)條,在(i) 於遞交要求當日持有不少於全體股東(其賦 有於要求所涉股東大會上投票之權利)總投 票權二十分之一之任何數目本公司股東; 或(ii)不少於一百名股東以書面方式提出要 求下,本公司將會(除非本公司另行議決, 有關費用將由遞交要求人士承擔):

- (a) 向有權接收下一屆股東週年大會通告 之本公司股東發出通知,以告知任何 可能於該大會上正式動議並擬於會上 動議之決議案;
- (b) 向有權接收任何股東大會通告之股東 傳閱不超過一千字之陳述書,以告知 該大會上提呈之決議案所述事宜或將 處理之事項。

於下列情況,向本公司的註冊辦事處及其 位於香港的總辦事處及主要營業地點呈遞 由所有請求人簽署之請求書副本或多份副 本,並應繳交足以滿足本公司發布有關建 議決議案之通告或傳送任何必要聲明所需 費用之合理款項:

- (i) 倘屬要求發出議案通告的請求書,則 須於有關會議舉行前不少於六個星期;及
- (ii) 倘屬任何其他請求書,則須於有關會 議舉行前不少於一個星期。

本公司將核證有關請求書,一旦確認請求適合及妥當,董事會將着手進行必要程序。

企業管治報告

#### **COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Board is obliged to provide regular, effective and fair communication with the shareholders and the investors of the Company. Latest information is conveyed to the Shareholders and the investors of the Company on a timely basis. A Shareholder Communication Policy (the "Policy") was adopted by the Company in March 2012. The Policy aims to set out the provisions with the objective of ensuring that the latest information of the Company is conveyed to the Shareholders and investors on a timely basis. The Company uses a range of communication tools to ensure the Shareholders and the investors are kept well informed of key business imperatives.

#### **Disclosure of Information**

Information shall be communicated to Shareholders and the investors mainly through the Company's financial reports (interim report and annual report), annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the disclosures submitted to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

#### **General Meeting**

Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. Shareholders' views on matters that affect the Company are welcome by the Board at shareholders' meetings. Shareholders of the Company are notified of shareholders' meetings through notices and reports or circulars sent to them. Each item of special business in the notice of the meeting is accompanied, where appropriate, by an explanation for the proposed resolution. A separate resolution is proposed by the chairman of the meetings in respect of each separate issue, including the re-election of Directors.

The Chairman of the Board and Chairmen of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee or failing him/her, his/her duly appointed delegate, are available at the annual general meeting to answer questions with regard to the work of these committees.

#### 與股東之溝通

董事會有義務經常與本公司股東及投資者 進行公平而有效之溝通,並及時向本公司 股東及投資者傳達最新資料。本公司於「 零一二年三月已採納一份股東溝通政策(「 該政策所載條文旨在確保本公司 可及時向股東及投資者傳達本公司的以 資料。本公司會使用各種溝通工具,以確 保其股東及投資者充分瞭解關鍵業務需要。

#### 信息披露

本公司向股東及投資者傳達資訊的主要渠道為:本公司的財務報告(中期報告及年度報告):股東週年大會及其他可能召開的股東大會;並將所有呈交予香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)的披露資料,以及公司通訊及其他公司刊物登載在香港聯交所網站及本公司網站。

#### 股東大會

本公司鼓勵股東參與股東大會·如未克出席,可委派代表代其出席並於會上投票。董 會歡迎股東在股東大會上就影響本公司股東在股東大會上就影響本公司股東在股東大會上就影響本公司股東 過寄發予彼等之通告及報告或通函獲知 過常發予彼等之消息。必要時,大會通通 召開股東大會之消息。必要時,大會通通 中載列之每一項特別事項,均為提呈通過 之決議案附有解釋説明。會議主席應就每 項獨立的事宜個別提出決議案(包括重選董 事)。

董事會主席及審核委員會、薪酬委員會及 提名委員會之主席或其適當委任的代表出 席股東週年大會,以便回答股東對委員會 工作之提問。

## 企業管治報告

#### **Voting by Poll**

Save as provided under the Listing Rules, resolutions put to vote at the general meetings of the Company (other than procedural matters) are taken by poll. Procedures regarding the conduct of the poll are explained to the shareholders at the commencement of each general meeting, and questions from shareholders regarding the voting procedures are answered. The poll results are posted on the respective websites of the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on the same day of the poll.

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company maintains a website (www.softpower.hk) where information and updates on the list of directors and their roles and functions, constitutional documents, terms of reference of the Board committees, procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director, announcements, circulars and reports, etc. released to the HKExnews' website (www.hkexnews.hk) and other information are posted. Information on the Company's website will be updated from time to time. A dedicated email address (ir@softpower.hk) for investor enquiry is set out in the "Contact Us" section on the Company's website.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the year, there was no significant change to the Company's constitutional documents.

#### 以投票方式進行表決

除上市規則另有規定外,任何在本公司股東大會上提呈的決議案(就程序方面的決議案除外)均以投票方式進行表決。每次股東大會開始時均向股東解釋表決過程,並解答股東就投票程序的提問。投票結果於投票當日分別刊載於本公司及香港聯交所之網站上。

#### 投資者關係

本公司設有網站(www.softpower.hk),登載本公司之最新資訊和於香港聯交所披露易網站(www.hkexnews.hk)刊發之董事名單與其角色及職能、憲章文件、董事會轄下委員會職權範圍書、股東提名候選董事的程序、公告、通函及報告等,以及其他信息。本公司網站上之資訊將不時更新。本公司網站之「聯絡我們」欄目,專設投資者關係電子郵箱(ir@softpower.hk)。

#### 憲章文件

於年內,本公司之憲章文件並無重大變動。

## Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

本公司董事(「董事」) 欣然提呈其報告連同 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之 經審核財務報表。

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 32 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segments is set out in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2018 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 63.

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2018.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

In accordance with the relevant provision of the Bye-Laws of the Company: 1. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board. 2. The Board may subject to Bye-Laws from time to time pay to the shareholders such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the position of the Company. 3. The Board may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by it any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if the Board is of the opinion that the profits justify the payment. 4. No dividend shall be declared or paid and no distribution of contributed surplus made otherwise than in accordance with the Statutes. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution. 5. The Company may distribute dividends by way of cash or scrip.

The Company's ability to distribute dividends will depend on, among others, the operating results, cash flow, financial condition and capital requirements of the Group and the interests of the shareholders of the Company. The Company's distribution of dividends shall also comply with any restrictions under the Bermuda Companies Act and the Bye-Laws of the Company.

#### 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,而其附屬公司之主要業務則載於財務報表附註32。

按營運分類之本集團表現之分析載於財務 報表附註5。

#### 業績及分派

本集團截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止 年度之業績載於第63頁之綜合收益表。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)不建議派付截至 二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之末期 股息。

#### 股息政策

根據本公司之細則之相關條文:1.本公司,可於股東大會中宣佈以任何貨幣派發股息不得超過董事會建議的股息不得超過董事會可的股息不得超過董事會可的規模,董事會可的規模,對於一般東支付董事會根據。3.董事會則不明,也可決定認為一段其他適當有時,也可決定時間,也可決定時間,也可決定時間,也可決定時間,也可以不過一個人。4.除非依據是與不得自繳入至,不得自繳入至,不得自繳入至,不得自繳入至,不得自繳入至,不可以現金或股份方式。5.本公司可以現金或股份方式分配股息。

本公司分派股息的能力將取決於(其中包括) 本集團的經營業績,現金流量,財務狀況 及資本要求以及本公司股東的利益。本公司的股息分配亦須遵守百慕達公司法及本 公司細則的任何限制。

### 董事會報告

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future business development, possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this Annual Report.

The details of financial risk management of the Group are set out in Note 3 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is set out in the section headed "Five-Year Financial Summary" of this Annual Report.

The compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group is set out in this "Report of Directors" and the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" of this Annual Report.

## **Social Responsibilities and Services and Environmental** policies

The Group is committed in promoting the sustainable development of both the environment and the society.

We believe it is more blessed to give than to receive. As such, we support and encourage our employees to participate in community service activities. With the support from the management team, our core business company, Bun Kee (International) Limited ("Bun Kee") is committed to participate and support social services activities. In this regard, Bun Kee has awarded the Caring Company logo in recognition of our corporate social responsibility's participation and commitment. We also believe in the ripple effect which those people, whom we helped, will in turn help others who are in need.

With regards to environmental policy, we pay a great deal of attention to promoting environmental protection. We will integrate environmental awareness in our daily operations including:

- Reduce electricity consumption, improve energy efficiency, use of energy-efficient products to replace the appliances and equipment;
- Turn off lightings, air-conditioners and electrical appliances in offices after working hours, or when rooms not being used, for instance, the conference rooms;

### 業務回顧

有關本集團本年度業務之回顧及有關本集團未來業務發展之討論,本集團可能面對之潛在風險及不明朗因素載於本年報的「主席報告」及「管理層討論及分析」內披露。

本集團之財務風險管理詳請載於財務報表 附註3。

本集團採用主要財務表現指標對其本年度 表現之分析載於本年報「五年財務概要」內 披露。

對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及規例之 遵守情況載於本「董事會報告」內及於本年 報的「企業管治報告」內披露。

### 社會責任和服務及環境政策

本集團在推動環境和社會方面的可持續發 展不遺餘力。

我們一直相信施比受更為有福。因此,我們支持和鼓勵員工參與社區服務活動。可管理團隊的支持下,我們的主營業務公司,彬記(國際)有限公司(「彬記」)一直致力參與及支持社會服務活動。在這方面,彬記已獲頒發商界展關懷的標誌,以表彰記已獲頒發商界展關懷的標誌,以表彰記記。我們亦相信連鎖效應,推己及人,我們幫助別人而別人亦去幫助其他有需要幫助的人。

在環境政策方面,我們致力關注推行環保。 我們將環保意識融入在我們的日常運作上, 包括:

- 減低耗電量,提高能源效益,於更換電器及設備時選用高能源效益之產品;
- 於非辦公時間或毋需使用房間(如會議室)時,關掉電燈、空調和電子設備;

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

- Use electronic means for communications internally and with external parties;
- Reduce the need to copy and print. Use of recycled paper, copy and print on both sides of the paper, where appropriate; and
- Re-use of office supplies (such as single-sided paper, paper clips, envelopes, file folders, paper bags, plastic bags).

### Relationships with key stakeholders

The Group understands and supports that employees, customers, suppliers and business partners, investors and shareholders are vital to our sustainable and stable development.

### (i) Employees

The Group is an equal opportunity employer. Our employee handbook outlines terms and conditions of employment, code of conduct and employee benefits. We promote harmony and respect in our workplace. Employees are one of our most important assets. To that end, we provide selfimprovement and advancement opportunities as well as a safe workplace in order to retain high calibre employees. The Group values the well-being and health of our employees and therefore provides medical insurance coverage and benefits to our employees. In addition, we will organize staff gathering quarterly and annual dinner, all management will also participate to maintain good relations with employees and promote two-way communication. The Company will conduct staff appraisal annually, and also provide exit interviews for the outgoing employees. We adopt an open policy to allow employees at any time, by email or in person to the department managers or Human Resources department to express their views.

#### (ii) Customers

We provide high quality products to our customers constantly as it is the best way to retain customers and business growth. Our sales team will visit customers regularly to keep abreast of new opportunities and challenges. All opinions received will be prompt handled by the relevant team. We grow up together with most of our customers in past years and we have established solid and long-term relationships with them. We also have built up a trust and good reputation among our customers over the years.

- 盡量以電子通訊方式作公司內部及與 外界聯繫;
- 減少複印或列印的需要,在可行的情況下,使用再用紙,紙張雙面列印和複印(如適用);及
- 辦公用品(例如單面紙、曲別針、信封、 檔夾、紙袋、塑膠袋)重複使用。

### 與主要持份者關係

本集團明白僱員、客戶、供應商和業務合 作夥伴,投資者和股東對我們的持續穩定 發展至關重要,亦很支持説法。

### (i) 僱員

本集團是一個平等機會的僱主。我們 的員工手冊概述了就職的條款,員工 行為守則和員工福利方面的情況。我 們推廣工作地方的和諧和尊重。員工 是我們其中最重要的資產之一。為此, 我們提供自我完善和發展的機會,也 提供安全的工作環境,以留住高素質 的員工。本集團重視福利和員工的健 康,因此我們提供醫療保險和福利予 員工。此外,我們會舉辦季度的員工 聚餐和週年晚宴,所有管理層均會參 與,與員工保持良好的關係,並促進 雙向溝通。公司會每年為員工進行一 次考核,亦會為即將離任的員工進行 離職面談。我們採取開放的政策,讓 僱員可以在任何時間, 通過電子郵件 或面談向部門經理或人力資源部發表 他們的意見。

#### (ii) 客戶

我們不斷提供高品質的產品給我們的客戶,因為這是留住客戶和保持業務增長的最佳方法。我們的銷售團隊會定期走訪客戶,與時並進了解發見一數。與我們在過去多年中一起發展,我們已經與他們建立了是與他們建立了是與的關係。多年來,我們亦已建。起廣大客戶對我們的信任和良好口碑。

### 董事會報告

### (iii) Suppliers and business partners

For our suppliers and business partners, we strive to maintain a stable and long-term relationship with them. The Group's procurement is based on our stringent suppliers' selection criteria. To ensure the highest quality of products, the Group has requested the suppliers to provide product certification. In addition, we engaged highly reputable independent laboratories for quality testing to ensure that the products comply with local and international standards. Our sales team and procurement team will have regular visit to our suppliers' factories for inspection. In order to allow our customers to have direct feedback channel to the suppliers, we will also organize some factory tours to the customers. This can let them better understanding of the production flow and products quality affirmation in order to win the utmost confidence of customers.

#### (iv) Investors and shareholders

For the investors and shareholders, we maintain a high level of transparency and communicate with them through meetings, announcements and circulars. The Company maintains a website, the information will be updated from time to time. In addition, a dedicated email address is set out in the "Contact Us" section of the Company's website for investor and general public inquiry.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Details of the distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2018 are set out in Note 29 to the financial statements.

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in properties, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in Note 13 to the financial statements.

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in Note 21 to the financial statements.

### **BORROWINGS**

Particulars of borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2018 are set out in Note 23 to the financial statements.

#### (iii) 供應商和業務合作夥伴

### (iv) 投資者和股東

在投資者和股東方面,我們維持高透明度,通過會議、公告及通函與他們溝通。本公司設有一個網站,網站上的資訊會不時更新。此外,本公司網站的[聯絡我們]欄目內專設了一個電郵地址,供投資者和公眾人士向本集團查詢事宜。

### 可供分派儲備

於二零一八年十二月三十一日本公司之可 供分派儲備之詳情載於財務報表附註29。

### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載 於財務報表附註13。

### 股本

本公司之股本變動詳情載於財務報表附註 21。

### 借貸

本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日之借 貸詳情載於財務報表附註23。

### **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES**

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the Bermuda Companies Act, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated.

### **PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2018 are set out in Note 32 to the financial statements.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are:

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lai Guanglin

(Resigned as an executive Director and the Chairman on 30 March 2018)

Mr. Lai Fulin (Chairman)

(Appointed as the Chairman on 30 March 2018) Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng (Chief Executive Officer)

### **Non-Executive Director**

Mr. U Kean Seng (Resigned on 30 March 2018)

### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson

Mr. Chen Wei Wen

Mr. Guan Zhiqiang

In accordance with bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws of the Company, Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng and Mr. Guan Zhiqiang will retire from office by rotation and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

### 購回、出售或贖回股份

本公司於年內概無贖回其任何股份。本公司及其任何附屬公司於年內概無買賣任何 本公司股份。

### 優先認購權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達(本公司註冊成 立所在司法權區)公司法中並無有關優先認 購權之條文。

### 主要附屬公司

本公司於二零一八年十二月三十一日之主 要附屬公司詳情載於財務報表附註32。

### 董事

年內及直至本報告日期之本公司董事為:

### 執行董事

Lai Guanglin 先生

(於二零一八年三月三十日辭任執行董事 兼主席)

賴福麟先生(主席)

*(於二零一八年三月三十日獲委任為主席)* 俞安生先生*(首席執行官)* 

### 非執行董事

余建成先生(於二零一八年三月三十日辭任)

### 獨立非執行董事

黄以信先生

陳偉文先生

管志強先生

根據本公司的公司細則第99條, 俞安生先生及管志強先生將輪值退任, 惟有資格並願意於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

### 董事會報告

## CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each independent non-executive Director an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers that all of them are independent.

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this Annual Report.

### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT**

None of the Directors offering themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has entered in to any service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, which is not terminable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

None of the Directors and their respective associates has an interest in any business which competes or may compete with the business in which the Group engaged.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The share option scheme approved by the shareholders of the Company on 24 June 2004 (the "2004 Scheme") which expired on 23 June 2014. Thereafter, no further options will be granted under the 2004 Scheme but the subsisting options granted thereunder prior to the expiry date will continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of the 2004 Scheme.

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 May 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "2015 Scheme") under which the directors of the Company may grant options to eligible persons to subscribe for the Company's shares subject to the terms and conditions as stipulated therein. Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the 2015 Scheme will remain valid for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption.

### 獨立非執行董事之獨立確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市 規則第3.13條規定作出獨立性之年度確認, 而本公司亦認為彼均具獨立性。

### 董事及高級管理人員之履歷

董事及高級管理人員之履歷載於本年報的「董事及高級管理人員之履歷」內披露。

### 董事服務合約

於本公司即將舉行之股東週年大會上願意 膺選連任之董事概無與本公司或其任何附 屬公司簽訂不可於一年內毋須繳付賠償(法 定賠償除外)而終止之任何服務合約。

### 董事於競爭性業務之權益

董事及彼等各自之聯繫人概無擁有與本集 團構成或可能構成競爭之任何業務權益。

### 購股權計劃

本公司股東於二零零四年六月二十四日批准之購股權計劃(「二零零四年計劃」)已於二零一四年六月二十三日屆滿。此後,概無根據二零零四年計劃再授出購股權,但於屆滿日期前根據二零零四年計劃條款授出之購股權將繼續有效並可予以行使。

於二零一五年五月二十一日舉行之本公司 股東週年大會上,本公司股東批准採納新 購股權計劃(「二零一五年計劃」),據此, 本公司董事可向合資格人士授出購股權, 以認購本公司股份,惟須受二零一五年計 劃規定之條款及條件所規限。除另行取消 或修訂外,二零一五年計劃將自其採納日 期起計十年期間維持有效。

#### 1. The 2004 Scheme

The details of 2004 Scheme are as follows:

### (a) Purpose

The purpose of the 2004 Scheme is to provide the Company with a flexible means of giving incentive and/ or rewarding the participants.

### (b) Participants of the Scheme

The Board may offer to grant options to the participants which means (i) any Director (including any executive director, non- executive director or independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group; (ii) any employee (whether full-time or part-time) of any member of the Group; (iii) any consultant, adviser, supplier, customer or sub-contractor of the Group; and (iv) any other person whatsoever from time to time determined by the Board as having contributed to the development, growth or benefit of the Group.

## (c) Total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme

The total number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the general meeting of the Company approving the Scheme. The number of shares may be refreshed by the approval of the shareholders and the refreshed limit of the number of shares must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as the date of the approval of the refreshed limit. The maximum number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

The total number of shares available for issue upon exercise of all options were granted under the Scheme are 16,000,000 Shares, representing approximately 1.20% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this report.

### 1. 二零零四年計劃

有關二零零四年計劃詳情如下:

### (a) 目的

二零零四年計劃旨在為本公司提供一個靈活方法,藉以獎勵及/ 或回報予參與者。

### (b) 計劃之參與者

董事會可向參與者授出購股權。 參與者乃指(i)本集團各成員 之任何董事(包括執行董事);(ii) 集團各成員公司之任何僱員( 主事業諮詢人、顧問本、顧問之專業諮詢人、顧問本、顧問 任何之專業諮詢人、顧問 在何之專業認,(iv)董 不時釐定為對本集團之發展、增 長或利益作出貢獻之任何其他人 十。

### (c) 根據計劃可供發行之股份數目

根據計劃其授出之購股權獲悉數行使時可供發行的股份數目共16,000,000股,佔本公司於本報告日期的已發行股本約1.20%。

### 董事會報告

### (d) Maximum entitlement of each participant

Total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant (including exercised or outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of grant.

#### (e) Minimum period for options to be held

No minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised unless otherwise specified in the relevant offer letter.

### (f) Period and payment on acceptance of options

Pursuant to the Scheme, HK\$10 is payable by the grantee to the Company on acceptance of the option within 28 days from the date of grant of the option.

### (g) Basis determining the subscription price

The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board and notified to the participants and shall be at least the highest of (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") daily quotation sheet on the date on which the options are deemed to be granted and accepted in accordance with the terms of the Scheme (the "Commencement Date"), which must be a business day; (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the Commencement Date; and (c) the nominal value of the shares.

### (d) 根據計劃每位參與者之最高股份 限額

於任何十二個月期間,因行使授予每位參與者之購股權(包括已行使或尚未行使之購股權)而發行及將發行予每位參與者之股份總數,不得超過授出日期已發行股份總數之1%。

### (e) 持有購股權之最短期限

除非任何有關要約之條款另有指 明外,否則購股權毋須持有最短 期限亦可行使。

### (f) 接納購股權之期間及付款

根據計劃,承授人須在接納購股權後於授出購股權日期起計二十八日內向本公司支付10港元。

### (g) 釐定認購價之基準

### (h) Life of the Scheme

Subject to earlier termination by the Company at general meeting or by the Board, the life of the Scheme commenced from 24 June 2004, date of adoption, and ended on 23 June 2014.

Details of options granted, exercised, lapsed, cancelled and outstanding under the Scheme during the year (the information of exercise price, number and share price of the Company is disclosed on the basis of the information after the Share Consolidation became effective) are as follows:

### (h) 計劃之有效期

除本公司於股東大會上或由董事會提早終止外,計劃之有效期由 二零零四年六月二十四日(採納日期)起至二零一四年六月二十三 日為止。

於年度內,根據計劃授出、行使、 失效、註銷及尚未行使的購股權 之詳情(有關行使價、數目及股份 價格資料乃根據股份合併生效後 的資料所載列)如下:

## Movement during the year 年內變動

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise Price HK\$ 行使價	Held as at 1 January 2018 於二零一八年 一月一日 持有	Granted and accepted 已授出 並接納	Exercised 已行使	<b>Lapsed</b> 已失效	Cancelled 已註銷	Held as at 31 December 2018 於二零一八年 十二月三十一日 持有
Lai Fulin <sup>(Mote 1)</sup> 賴福麟 <sup>(附註1)</sup>	3/12/2009	0.71	5,000,000					5,000,000
U Kean Seng (Note 1) (Resigned on 30 March 2018) 余建成 (附註1) (於二零一八年三月三十日辭任)	3/12/2009	0.71	3,000,000	-		3,000,000		
Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson <sup>(Note 1)</sup> 黃以信 <sup>(朋姓1)</sup>	3/12/2009	0.71	1,000,000	-		<i>}}</i>	_	1,000,000
Chen Wei Wen <sup>(Note 2)</sup> 陳偉文 <sup>(附註2)</sup>	5/5/2010	0.83	1,000,000		_	_	_	1,000,000
			10,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	-	7,000,000
Employees (Notes 1 & 3) 僱員 (附註1及3)	3/12/2009	0.71	9,300,000	_	_	300,000	_	9,000,000
			19,300,000	_		3,300,000		16,000,000

### 董事會報告

Notes:

附註:

- The options granted to these grantees are vested in stages and be exercised in the following manner:
- 授予該等承授人的購股權將分階段歸屬, 並按下列方式行使:

Maximum percentage of options exercisable 可行使之購股權最高百分比	Period for exercise of the relevant percentage of the options 行使相關購股權百分比之期限
20%	3/6/2010 – 2/12/2019
20%	3/6/2011 – 2/12/2019
20%	3/6/2012 – 2/12/2019
20%	3/6/2013 – 2/12/2019
20%	3/6/2014 – 2/12/2019

- 2. The options granted to these grantees are vested in stages and be exercised in the following manner:
- 2. 授予該等承授人的購股權將分階段歸屬, 並按以下方式行使:

Maximum percentage of options exercisable 可行使之購股權最高百分比	Period for exercise of the relevant percentage of the options 行使相關購股權百分比之期限
20%	5/11/2010 – 4/5/2020
20%	5/11/2011 – 4/5/2020
20%	5/11/2012 – 4/5/2020
20%	5/11/2013 – 4/5/2020
20%	5/11/2014 – 4/5/2020

- 3. Vesting of options granted to certain employees is subject to achievement of profit target.
- 3. 授予若干僱員之購股權須達到溢利目標方 可歸屬予有關僱員。

Details of the fair value of options granted under the Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2018 and the accounting policy adopted for the options are set out in Note 21 and Note 2 to the financial statements respectively.

有關截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度根據計劃授出購股權的公允值及有關購股權的會計政策的詳情分別載於財務報表附註21及附註2。

### 2. The 2015 Scheme

The details of 2015 Scheme are as follows:

### (a) Purpose

The purpose of the 2015 Scheme is to recognize and acknowledge the contributions or potential contributions made or to be made by the participants to the Group, to motivate the participants to optimize their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group, and to maintain or attract business relationship with the participants whose contributions are or may be beneficial to the growth of the Group.

### 2. 二零一五年計劃

有關二零一五年計劃詳情如下:

### (a) 目的

二零一五年計劃旨在表揚及肯定 參與者對本集團已作出或將作出 的貢獻或潛在貢獻,激勵參與與 以最佳表現及最高效率為本集團 協造利益,並維繫或吸引與終 者的業務關係,其貢獻有利於或 將會有利於本集團的發展。

董事會報告

### (b) Participants

The Board may offer to grant options to the participants which means (i) any director (including any executive director, non-executive director or independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group; (ii) any employee (whether in full time or part-time employment) of any member of the Group; (iii) any consultant, adviser, supplier, customer or subcontractor of the Group, and (iv) any other person whatsoever from time to time determined by the Board as having contributed to the development, growth or benefit of the Group.

## (c) Total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme

The total number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the general meeting of the Company approving the Scheme. The number of shares may be refreshed by the approval of the shareholders and the refreshed limit of the number of shares must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as the date of the approval of the refreshed limit. The maximum number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

The total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme is 133,327,000 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this report.

### (d) Maximum entitlement of each participant

Total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant (including exercised or outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of grant.

### (b) 參與者

董事會可向參與者授出購股權。 參與者乃指(i)本集團任何成員之 任何董事(包括任何執行董事):(ii) 本集團任何成員之任何僱員(不 論屬全職或非全職):(iii)本集團任何顧問、諮詢人、供應會 任何顧問、諮詢人、供應會 戶或分包商;及(iv)由董事會 為對本集團之發展、增長或利益 作出貢獻之任何其他人士。

### (c) 根據計劃可供發行之股份數目

根據計劃可供發行的股份數目共 133,327,000股,佔本公司於本報 告日期的已發行股本10%。

### (d) 根據計劃每位參與者之最高股份 限額

於任何十二個月期間,因行使授予每位參與者之購股權(包括已行使或尚未行使之購股權)而發行及將發行予每位參與者之股份總數,不得超過授出日期已發行股份總數之1%。

### 董事會報告

### (e) Minimum period for options to be held

No minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised unless otherwise specified in the relevant offer letter.

### (f) Period and payment on acceptance of options

Pursuant to the Scheme, HK\$10 is payable by the grantee to the Company on acceptance of the option within 28 days from the date of grant of the option.

### (g) Basis determining the subscription price

The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board and notified to the participants and shall be at least the highest of (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") daily quotation sheet on the date on which the options are deemed to be granted and accepted in accordance with the terms of the Scheme (the "Commencement Date"), which must be a business day; (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the Commencement Date; and (c) the nominal value of the shares.

### (h) Life of the Scheme

Subject to earlier termination by the Company at general meeting or by the Board, the life of the Scheme commenced from 21 May 2015, the date of adoption, and ended on 20 May 2025.

As at 31 December 2018, no share option was granted by the Company under the 2015 Scheme.

#### (e) 持有購股權之最短期限

除非任何有關要約之條款另有指 明外,否則購股權毋須持有最短 期限亦可行使。

### (f) 接納購股權之期間及付款

根據計劃,承授人須在接納購股權後於授出購股權日期起計二十八日內向本公司支付10港元。

### (g) 釐定認購價之基準

#### (h) 計劃之有效期

除本公司於股東大會上或由董事會提早終止外,計劃之有效期由 二零一五年五月二十一日(採納 日期)起至二零二五年五月二十 日止。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日, 本公司並沒有根據二零一五年計 劃授出購股權。

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES OR DEBENTURES

The interests of the directors in the share options of the Company are separately disclosed in the section headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" above.

As at 31 December 2018, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were set out below:

## Long positions in the shares and underlying share of the Company

### 董事於股份、相關股份或債券之權 益及淡倉

董事所持本公司購股權的權益於上文「購股權計劃」一節中另行披露。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有須登記於本公司根據證券及資條例第352條備存之登記冊之權益或淡倉,或須根據上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)知會本公司及香港聯交所之權益或淡倉如下:

### 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

**Approximate** 

Name of Director 董事名稱	Capacity 身份	Personal Interests 個人權益	Corporate Interests 法團權益	Total 總計	percentage of shares in issue 佔已發行股份 概約百分比
Yu Ben Ansheng 俞安生	Beneficial owner/Interest of controlled corporation 實益擁有人/受控制法團權益	3,000,000	146,000,000 (Note 附註)	149,000,000	11.18%

#### Note:

These shares are held by King Jade Holdings Limited, which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng, an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Accordingly, Mr. Yu is deemed to be interested in such shares under the SFO.

### 附註:

該等股份由King Jade Holdings Limited持有,該公司由俞安生先生(本公司之執行董事兼首席執行官)全資實益擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,俞先生被視為於該等股份中擁有權益。

### 董事會報告

Save as disclosed above and in the section headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" above, as at 31 December 2018, none of the Directors or chief executive or their respective associates had any interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2018, the interests or short positions of the following persons or corporations, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company, in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

## Long position in share and underlying share of the Company

除上文及另一節「購股權計劃」所披露者外,於二零一八年十二月三十一日,概無董或 或最高行政人員或彼等各自之聯繫人士於 本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期 貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權 證中,擁有須登記於本公司根據證券及期 貨條例第352條存置之登記冊之權益或淡 倉,或須根據標準守則知會本公司及香港 聯交所之權益或淡倉。

### 主要股東

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,以下人士或法團(上文所披露之本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份及相關股份擁有須登記於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉如下:

### 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Name of shareholders 股東名稱	<b>Capacity</b> 身份	Number of shares/ underlying shares held 所持股份/ 相關股份數目	Approximate percentage of shares in issue 佔已發行 股份概約百分比
Singapore Zhongxin Investment Company Limited (Note 1 附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	437,234,620	32.79%
Li Juan <sup>(Note 2)</sup> 李娟 <sup>(附註2)</sup>	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	437,234,620	32.79%
Qu Zhi 曲直	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	333,317,500	25%
King Jade Holdings Limited (Note 3 附註 3)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	146,000,000	10.95%

#### Notes:

- Singapore Zhongxin Investment Company Limited is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Lai Guanglin, the former executive Director and the Chairman of the Company. Accordingly, Mr. Lai is deemed to be interested in such shares under the SFO.
- 2. Ms. Li Juan, the spouse of Mr. Lai Guanglin, is also deemed to be interested in Mr. Lai's interest in the Company under the SFO.
- King Jade Holdings Limited is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr.
  Yu Ben Ansheng, an executive Director and the Chief Executive
  Officer of the Company. Accordingly, Mr. Yu is deemed to be
  interested in such shares under the SFO.

#### 附註:

- Singapore Zhongxin Investment Company Limited 乃由Lai Guanglin 先生(本公司之前 任執行董事兼主席)全資實益擁有。因此, 根據證券及期貨條例,Lai 先生被視為於該 等股份中擁有權益。
- 2. 根據證券及期貨條例,李娟女士(Lai Guanglin先生之配偶)亦被視為擁有Lai先 生於本公司之權益。
- 3. King Jade Holdings Limited 乃由俞安生先生 (本公司之執行董事兼首席執行官)全資實 益擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,俞 先生被視為於該等股份中擁有權益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2018, the Company had not been notified by any persons or corporations, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year.

#### **DONATIONS**

Donations for charitable made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$3,000.

### **SHARES ISSUED**

The Company has not issued any share during the year ended 31 December 2018.

### **DEBENTURE ISSUED**

The Company has not issued any debenture during the year ended 31 December 2018.

### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save as disclosed under the section headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" above, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year.

### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's Bye-laws, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group throughout the year.

除上文披露者外,於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本公司並無獲通知有任何其他人士或法團(不包括本公司董事或主要行政人員)持有本公司股份或相關股份的權益或淡倉而須登記於根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定本公司須備存之登記冊內。

### 管理合約

年內並無訂立或存在涉及本集團全部或任 何重大部分業務之任何管理及行政合約。

### 捐款

於年內,本集團之慈善捐款合共為3,000港元。

### 已發行股份

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司並無發行任何股份。

### 已發行債權證

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司並無發行任何債權證。

### 股票掛鈎協議

除上文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,本年度內,本集團並無訂立或存有任何股票 掛鈎協議。

### 獲准許的彌償條文

根據本公司章程細則的規定,本公司的每 位董事有權就履行其職責或有關事宜而蒙 受或招致的所有損失或責任獲得本公司以 其資產彌償。

於年內,本公司已為本集團董事及高級管理人員投購適當的董事及高級管理人員責任保險。

### 董事會報告

## MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTION, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as the disclosure of related party transactions set out in Note 28 to the financial statements, no Director or an entity connected with Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

## CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

There was no contract of significance between any members of the Group and the Company's controlling shareholders subsisting at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

## ARRANGEMENT TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the section headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTION**

On 1 April 2018, the Group engaged Mr. Lai Guanglin, the former executive Director and the Chairman of the Company who resigned on 30 March 2018 and is also the substantial shareholder of the Company, as a consultant of the Company for a sum of HK\$2,976,000 per annum being the consultancy fee for a term of one year from 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2019 (both dates inclusive) as agreed by both parties. This is a connected transaction which is exempted under Rule 14A.76 of the Listing Rules.

### **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTION**

As mentioned in the announcement dated 11 May 2016 and the circular dated 15 July 2016 of the Company, on 11 May 2016, Mao Xing Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Lender"), entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with China Victory International Holdings Limited, (the "Borrower"), pursuant to which the Lender has conditionally agreed to grant to the Borrower a loan facility in the amount of up to US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$77,746,000) upon and subject to the terms and conditions set out therein.

### 於重要交易、安排或合約之重大權 益

除於財務報表附註28所披露之關連人士交易外,於本年度內,概無董事或與董事有關連的實體於本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司所訂立之任何對本集團業務屬重要交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

### 控股股東於重大合約之權益

於年結時或年內任何時間本集團任何成員 公司與本公司控股股東並無重大合約。

### 購買股份或債券的安排

除上文「購股權計劃」一節所披露外,於年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無參與訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉收購本公司或任何其他法團的股份或債券獲益。

#### 關連交易

於二零一八年四月一日,本集團委聘本公司前任執行董事兼主席及現時本公司之主要股東Lai Guanglin先生(彼於二零一八年三月三十日辭任)為本公司顧問,雙方協定每年2,976,000港元之顧問費由二零一八年四月一日起至二零一九年三月三十一日止(包括首尾兩日),為期一年。此交易為根據上市規則14A.76條而獲得豁免的關連交易。

### 持續關連交易

誠如本公司於日期為二零一六年五月十一日之公告及二零一六年七月十五日之通函,於二零一六年五月十一日,本公司之全資附屬公司貿興有限公司(「貸款人」)) 受訂資中滙國際集團有限公司(「借款人」) 簽訂貸款協議(「貸款協議」),據此,貸款人有條件地同意向借款人給予貸款融資金額上限為10,000,000美元(相當於約77,746,000港元),須待所載的條款和條件達成後方可作實。

As at the date of the Loan Agreement, Mr. Lai Guanglin, an executive Director, the Chairman and a controlling shareholder, held approximately 57.79% of the issued share capital of the Company (Mr. Lai decreased his shareholding to approximately 32.79% on 25 January 2018 and resigned as executive Director and the Chairman on 30 March 2018) and is also the controlling shareholder of Agria Corporation. The Borrower is an associate of Mr. Lai Guanglin and therefore a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. As such, the transactions contemplated under the Loan Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The proposed annual caps of the maximum principal loan outstanding for the financial years ended 31 December 2016, 31 December 2017, 31 December 2018 and period ending 1 August 2019 were US\$10,000,000 for each year/period. The annual caps of the interest amounts for financial years ended/ending 31 December 2016, 31 December 2017, 31 December 2018 and period ending 1 August 2019 were US\$450,000, US\$1,100,000, US\$1,100,000 and US\$650,000 respectively ("Annual Caps"). The Annual Caps of the principal loan outstanding and interest amounts were approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Company's special general meeting held on 1 August 2016.

On 15 December 2017, the Lender has entered into a deed of novation (the "Deed of Novation") with the Borrower and Agria Group Limited (the "New Borrower"), pursuant to which the Borrower agreed to novate and the New Borrower agreed to assume, from the date of the Deed of Novation, all the Borrower's rights and obligations in and under the Loan Agreement, upon and subject to the terms and conditions set out therein. Accordingly, the Borrower is released from any obligation under the Loan Agreement to be performed on or after the date of the Deed of Novation. Save and except for the above novation, all other terms as set out in the Loan Agreement remained unchanged. The Deed of Novation was approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Company's special general meeting held on 23 February 2018.

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed the continuing connected transaction and confirmed that (i) the entering into of the Loan Agreement, although is not conducted in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, is in the interests of the Company and the shareholders as a whole; and (ii) the terms of the loan agreement and the Annual Caps are on normal commercial terms and are fair and reasonable.

於貸款協議日期,由於本公司之執行董事、董事會主席及控股股東Lai Guanglin先生持有本公司已發行股本約57.79%(Lai先生於二零一八年一月二十五日減少其持股量至約32.79%及已於二零一八年三月三十日辭任本公司執行董事和主席職務),亦為Agria Corporation控股股東,借款人是Agria Corporation之間接全資附屬公司及Lai Guanglin先生的聯繫人士,因此,根據上市規則第14A章,借款人是本公司的關連人士。故此,根據上市規則第14A章,貸款協議項下擬進行的交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

本公司獨立非執行董事已審議該持續關連交易,並確認(i)訂立貸款協議,雖然並非在本集團日常及一般業務過程中進行,但符合本公司及股東全體的利益;及(ii)貸款協議的條款及年度上限乃按一般商業條款訂立,屬公平合理。

### 董事會報告

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transaction in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the above mentioned continuing connected transaction in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

Save as disclosed above and in Note 28 to the financial statements, during the year, there were no connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which are required to comply with any of the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

### **Purchases**

- the largest supplier 23.36%
- five largest suppliers combined 60.66%

### **Sales**

- the largest customer 4.02%
- five largest customers combined 13.90%

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

## COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

Details of the compliance with corporate governance code of the Company are set out in the "CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT" of this Annual Report.

本公司核數師獲委聘,根據香港會計師公會頒布之香港核證委聘準則第3000號「審核或審閱過往財務資料以外之核證委聘」及參考實務説明第740號「關於香港《上市規則》所述持續關連交易之核數師函件」,就本集團之持續關連交易作出匯報。

核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56條,就上述持續關連交易發出無保留意見函件,當中載有其對上述持續關連交易之發現及結論。本公司已向聯交所提交核數師函件之副本。

除上述及於財務報表附註28披露中,於年內,本公司概無進行上市規則第14A章界定且須根據上市規則遵守申報、公佈或獨立股東批准規定之關連交易或持續關連交易。

### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團主要供應商及客戶年內分別所佔之 採購及銷售百份比如下:

### 採購

- 最大供應商23.36%
- 万大供應商合計60.66%

### 銷售

- 最大客戶4.02%
- 五大客戶合計13.90%

各董事、其聯繫人士或任何股東(就董事所 知擁有本公司股本5%以上者)概無上述主 要供應商或客戶擁有之任何權益。

### 遵守企業管治守則

有關本公司遵守企業管治守則的詳情載於本年報之「企業管治報告」內。

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The audit committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson, Mr. Chen Wei Wen and Mr. Guan Zhiqiang.

By reference to "A Guide for the Formation of An Audit Committee" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, written terms of reference which describe the authority and duties of the audit committee were prepared and adopted by the Board of the Company.

The annual results have been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float required under the Listing Rules as at the date of this report.

#### **AUDITORS**

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

By Order of the Board

#### Lai Fulin

Chairman

Hong Kong, 25 March 2019

### 審核委員會

本公司審核委員會由三位獨立非執行董事, 即黃以信先生、陳偉文先生及管志強先生 所組成。

本公司之董事會參照香港會計師公會頒布 之「組成審核委員會之指引」,制訂及採納 審核委員會之書面職權範圍書,訂明審核 委員會的職權及職責。

本公司之審核委員會已審閱全年業績。

### 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得之公開資料以及就董事 所知,於本報告日期,本公司維持上市規 則所規定之既訂公眾持股量。

### 核數師

本財務報表已獲羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 審核,該核數師任滿告退,惟有資格及願 意膺撰連任。

承董事會命

主席

### 賴福麟

香港,二零一九年三月二十五日

### 獨立核數師報告



To the Shareholders of Softpower International Limited (incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

### **Opinion**

#### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Softpower International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 63 to 163, which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

### **Our opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### 羅兵咸永道

#### 致冠力國際有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

### 意見.

### 我們已審計的內容

冠力國際有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及 其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第 63至163頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合 財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政 策概要。

### 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

獨立核數師報告

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters

The key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Net realisable value of inventories
- Impairment of trade receivables
- Impairment of loan to a related company

### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足 及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

### 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師 道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立 於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業 道德責任。

### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認 為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的 事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財 務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不 會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如下:

- 存貨的可變現淨值
- 貿易應收款項減值
- 給予一間關連公司的貸款減值

### 獨立核數師報告

### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

### Net realisable value of inventories

Refer to notes 4 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2018, inventories of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$235 million. As described in the Basis of preparation and accounting policies in note 2(h) to the consolidated financial statements, inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Management applied judgment in determining the appropriate provisions for obsolete inventories and inventories with net realisable value below cost. Net realisable value is determined based upon a detailed analysis of the aging of inventories on a product-by-product basis, and with reference to their latest invoice prices and current market conditions. An impairment provision of approximately HK\$17 million has been recorded to reduce the carrying value of certain inventories to their estimated net realisable value.

We focused on this area due to the size of the balances and the judgment involved by management in determining the net realisable value of the inventories.

### 存貨的可變現淨值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4及附註16。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 貴集團 的存貨總值約為235,000,000港元。如綜合財務報表附註2(h)編製基準及會計政策所述,存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者之較低者列賬。

我們關注此範疇是鑑於有關結餘的規模 及管理層在釐定存貨的可變現淨值時涉 及的判斷。

## How our audit addressed the Key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to management's assessment on net realisable value of inventories included:

- We understood and evaluated the appropriateness and consistency of the basis management used in estimating the level of provision for inventories by comparing the historical accuracy of inventory provisioning, on a sample basis, to the realised amount; and reviewing the level of inventory write-offs during the year.
- Checked, on a sample basis, the accuracy of inventory aging used by management to estimate the appropriate provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories.
- Performed audit analytics on inventory holding and movement data to identify products with indication of slow moving or obsolescence.
- Compared the carrying amounts of a sample of inventories to their net realisable value through a detailed review of sale subsequent to the year end to check for completeness of the associated provision. Where there are no subsequent sales of the respective products after the year end, we challenged management as to the realisable value of the products, corroborating explanations with the aging, sales orders, historical margins and marketability of the respective inventories, as appropriate.

Based on the procedures performed, we found the assumptions of management in relation to assessment on net realisable value of inventories to be supportable by available evidence.

我們對管理層評估存貨可變現淨值所執行的審核程序包括:

- 我們通過以抽樣方式,對比過往存貨撥備與實現金額的準確性,了解並評估管理層在估算存貨撥備水平時所採用的基準, 以及審閱年內存貨撇銷水平的適當性及一致性。
- 以抽樣方式,檢查管理層使用的庫齡以估計呆滯和過時存貨 的適當撥備的準確性。
- 對持有的存貨和變動數據進行審計分析,以識別有呆滯或過時跡象的產品。
- 一 通過詳細審查年末後的銷售情況,以抽樣方式將存貨賬面價值與其可變現淨值進行比較,以檢查相關撥備的完整性。對於在年末後未有售出的產品,我們已向管理層就該等產品的可變現價值提出質疑,並透過存貨年期、銷售訂單、過往毛利率及相關存貨的市場可銷售性(如適用)佐證其解釋。

根據所執行的程序,我們發現管理層就評估存貨可變現淨值採用的假設有可得的證據支持。

獨立核數師報告

### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

#### Impairment of trade receivables

Refer to notes 4 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2018, the Group held gross trade receivables of approximately HK\$115 million with provision for loss allowance of approximately HK\$0.7 million. Provision is made for lifetime expected credit losses on trade receivables.

Management applied judgement in determining the appropriate loss allowance on trade receivables. Trade receivables relating to customers with known financial difficulties or significant doubt on collection are assessed individually for provision for loss allowance. Expected credit losses are estimated by grouping the remaining trade receivables based on shared credit risk characteristics and collectively assessed for likelihood of recovery, taking into account the nature of the customers, their geographical locations and their ageing categories, and applying expected credit loss rates to the respective gross carrying amounts of the trade receivables. The expected credit loss rates are determined based on the Group's historical credit loss experience with an adjustment to reflect current and forward-looking information such as macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

We focused on this area due to the size of the balances and the judgment and estimates involved by management in determining the expected credit loss allowance of the trade receivables.

### 貿易應收款項減值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4及附註17。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的貿易應收款項總額約為115,000,000港元,而虧損撥備約為700,000港元。貿易應收款項的撥備是以存續期的預期虧損而作出。

我們關注此範疇是鑑於有關結餘的規模 及管理層在釐定貿易應收款項的預期信 貸虧損時涉及的判斷。

## How our audit addressed the Key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to management's assessment on provision for loss allowance on trade receivables included:

- We understood, evaluated and tested, on a sample basis, management's key control over the assessment on recoverability of trade receivable balances and the related loss allowance, including periodic review on trade receivables aging, historical loss rates and approval of provision made.
- Checked, on a sample basis, the accuracy of trade receivables aging used by management to estimate the appropriate provision for loss allowance.
- Obtained management's assessment on the expected credit loss allowance of trade receivables and assessed the reasonableness of the expected loss rates. We corroborated and validated management's assessment based on the historical settlement pattern, correspondence with the customers, and evidence from external sources including the relevant public search results relating to the financial circumstances of the relevant customers.
- We assessed management's assessment of current market condition and forward-looking information such as macroeconomic factors by comparing the data used by management against publicly available information.
- We checked the mathematical accuracy of management's calculation for loss allowance of trade receivables.

Based on the procedures performed, we found the judgement and estimates made by management in relation to assessment on provision for loss allowance on trade receivables to be supportable by available evidence.

我們對管理層評估貿易應收款項的虧損撥備所執行的審核程序包括:

- 我們以抽樣方式,理解、評估及測試,管理層對貿易應收款項 結餘可收回性評估及相關虧損撥備的主要監控,包括定期檢 討貿易應收款項賬齡,歷史損虧率及已作撥備的批准。
- 以抽樣方式,檢查管理層使用應收款項賬齡以估計適當虧損 撥備的準確性。
- 取得管理層對貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備的評估,並評估預期損失率的合理性。我們佐證和驗證了管理層的評估, 乃根據歷史償付模式,與客戶的通信及外部來源的證據,包括與相關客戶的財務狀況相關的公共搜索結果。
- 我們比較管理層使用的數據與公開資料,來評估管理層對當 前市場狀況的評估和宏觀經濟因素等前瞻性信息。
- 我們檢查了管理層計算應收賬款虧損撥備的準確性。

根據所執行的程序,我們發現管理層就評估貿易應收款項虧損撥 備採用的假設有可得的證據支持。

### 獨立核數師報告

### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

**Impairment of loan to a related company** Refer to notes 4, 17 and 28 (d) to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2018, the Group held a loan to a related company of approximately HK\$79 million.

Management applied judgement in determining the appropriate loss allowance for impairment of loan to the related company. The loan is secured by the entire issued shares of a wholly owned subsidiary of the related company, which are not publicly traded, and guaranteed by the holding company of the related company (the "Guarantor"). The loan is interest bearing and repayable by July 2019 as detailed in note 28(d) to the consolidated financial statements.

Management reviewed the financial conditions of the related company and the Guarantor, taking into account the settlement history of the related interest elements, and concluded that no loss allowance is required for such loan as at 31 December 2018.

We focused on this area due to the size of the balance and the judgment involved by management in determining the recoverable amount of the loan.

### 給予一間關連公司的貸款減值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4、17及28(d)。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 貴集團持有提供予一間關連公司的貸款約為79,000,000港元。

管理層運用判斷以釐定就提供予該關連公司貸款的減值撥備作出適當的虧損撥備。該貸款由該關連公司的全資附屬公司的全部已發行股份(並無公開買賣)作抵押,及由該關連公司的一家控股公司(「擔保人」)提供擔保。該貸款須計息並須於二零一九年七月或之前償還,詳情載於綜合財務報表附註28(d)。

管理層考慮了過往相關利息的償付情況,檢討了該關連公司和擔保人的財務狀況,並總結認為該貸款於二零一八年十二月三十一日無須作虧損撥備。

我們關注此範疇是鑑於有關結餘的規模 及管理層在釐定該貸款可收回金額所涉 及的判斷。

## How our audit addressed the Key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment on the loan receivable included:

- We reviewed the loan agreement and obtained direct confirmation from the related company on the balance and terms of the loan as at 31 December 2018 with no exception.
- Checked, on a sample basis, the accuracy of interest payment received and whether they are in accordance with the terms of the loan.
- We challenged management as to the recoverability of the loan, corroborating explanations with the latest financial information of the related company and the Guarantor and correspondence with the relevant parties.

Based on the procedures performed, we found the assumptions of management in relation to the impairment assessment on loan to the related company to be supportable by available evidence.

我們對管理層評估該應收貸款的減值所執行的審核程序包括:

- 我們審閱了貸款協議,並直接向該關連公司獲取了於二零 一八年十二月三十一日貸款餘額和條款的沒有異議的確認。
- 以抽樣方式,檢查所收到的利息付款的準確性,以及其是否 按照貸款的條款支付。
- 我們已向管理層就該貸款的可收回性提出質疑,並透過該關 連公司和擔保人的最新財務資料以及與有關人士的往來信函 佐證其解釋。

根據所執行的程序,我們發現管理層就評估貸款予該關連公司的 撥備評估採用的假設有可得的證據支持。

獨立核數師報告

### **Other Information**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Directors and Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息 包括年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財 務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的 責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮 其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審 計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者 似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其 他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告 該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

### 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒 布的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》 的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報 表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

### 獨立核數師報告

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
  consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to
  those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
  appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
  higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
  or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

獨立核數師報告

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
  of the consolidated financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
  statements represent the underlying transactions and events
  in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財 務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以 便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負 責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。 我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了 計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發 現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制 的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們 已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響 我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及 在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。

### 獨立核數師報告

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mak Tze Leung, William.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定 哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為 重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核 數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規 不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見 的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝 通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾 利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 是麥子良。

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** *Certified Public Accountants* 

Hong Kong, 25 March 2019

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零一九年三月二十五日

### **Consolidated Income Statement**

### 綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit	收入 銷售成本 毛利	Note 附註 5 7	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> 538,155 (390,671)	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> 650,461 (441,328)
Other gains, net	其他收益淨額	6	4,267	2,623
Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷成本	7	(20,844)	(23,542)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政費用	7	(113,018)	(111,982)
Reversal of/(provision for) impairment	金融資產的減值			
of financial assets	回撥/(撥備)	7	3,523	(198)
Operating profit	經營溢利		21,412	76,034
Finance income	財務收入	9	10,111	10,359
Finance costs	財務費用	9	(2,051)	(2,219)
	73 97 2 7 13			(=/= : 3)
Finance income, net	財務收入淨額	9	8,060	8,140
Profit before income tax	税前溢利		29,472	84,174
Tax expense	税項支出	10	(4,621)	(9,386)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		24,851	74,788
Profit attributable to:	溢利歸屬於:			
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人		26,015	74,945
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(1,164)	(157)
			24,851	74,788
			HK cents	HK cents
			港仙	港仙
Earnings per share	每股盈利			
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	11	1.95	5.62

The notes on pages 70 to 163 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**

### 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		24,851	74,788
Other comprehensive income:  Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss  Actuarial (loss)/gain on post-employment benefit	其他全面收益: <i>其後將不會重新歸類到溢利</i> 或虧損之項目 離職後福利債務的精算 (虧損)/收益,			
obligations, net of tax  Item that may be subsequently  reclassified to profit or loss	扣除税項後 其後可能重新歸類到溢利 或虧損之項目	22	(110)	935
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額		(1,156)	(4)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	本年度其他全面收益, 扣除税項後		(1,266)	931
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		23,585	75,719
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	全面收益總額歸屬於:			
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		24,744 (1,159)	75,876 (157)
			23,585	75,719

The notes on pages 70 to 163 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

### 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一日

ASSETS	資產	Note 附註	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	21,377	5,317
Loan to a related company	貸款予一間關連公司	17	-	78,357
Rental deposits and other assets	租賃按金及其他資產	17	7,337	7,327
			28,714	91,001
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	16	235,309	204,341
Loan to a related company	貸款予一間關連公司	17	78,540	204,541
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	17	114,747	119,390
Deposits, prepayments and other	按金、預付款及其他	17	114,747	119,590
receivables	應收款項	17	39,741	60,906
Financial assets at fair value through	按公允價值計入損益之	1/	39,741	00,900
profit or loss	金融資產	18	2,601	2 744
Tax recoverable	可收回税項	10	-	2,744
Pledged certificate of deposit	已抵押存款證	19	2,111 10,000	10,000
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	19	31,000	
		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-	37,000
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	20	130,117	146,571
			644,166	580,952
Total assets	總資產		672,880	671,953

The notes on pages 70 to 163 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

### 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>
EQUITY	權益			
<b>Equity holders</b> Share capital Reserves	<b>權益持有人</b> 股本 儲備	21 22	26,665 510,150	26,665 485,377
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		536,815 4,618	512,042 
Total equity	總權益		541,433	512,042
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other non-current liabilities	<b>非流動負債</b> 遞延税項負債 其他非流動負債	24	1,352 2,862	436 2,572
			4,214	3,008
Current liabilities Trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities Taxation payable Borrowings	流動負債 貿易、其他應付款項及 合同負債 應付税項 借貸	25 23	69,227 562 57,444	82,436 3,990 70,477
			127,233	156,903
Total liabilities	總負債		131,447	159,911
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		672,880	671,953
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		516,933	424,049
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		545,647	515,050

The financial statements on pages 63 to 163 were approved by the board of Directors on 25 March 2019 and were signed on its behalf: 第63至163頁的財務報表已由董事會於二零一九年三月二十五日批核,並代表董事會簽署:

### Lai Fulin賴福麟

Director董事

The notes on pages 70 to 163 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### Yu Ben Ansheng俞安生

Director董事

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

### 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

## Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔部份

		本公司權益持有人應佔訛份										
		0							Share- based		Non-	
		Share	Share	Capital	Merger	Statutory	Other	Exchange	payment	Retained	controlling	Tatal
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve 以股份 為基礎的	earnings	interests	Total
		股本	股份溢價	資本儲備	合併儲備	法定儲備	其他儲備	匯兑儲備	付款儲備	保留溢利	非控股權益	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	26,665	126,618	34,115	3,700	24	270	1,107	5,197	238,580	(8)	436,268
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income:	本年度溢利 其他全面收益:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74,945	(157)	74,788
Actuarial gain on post- employment benefit obligations, net of tax	離職後福利債務的精算 收益,扣除税項後	-	-	-	-	-	935	-	-	-	-	935
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額						-	(4)				(4)
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收益總額											
for the year		<u>-</u>		<del>-</del>	-		935	(4)		74,945	(157)	75,719
Transactions with owners:	與擁有人之交易:											
Share-based payment  Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without changes	以股份為基礎的付款 不導致失去控制權的 子公司權益變動					-			55	-	-	55
of control	JA刊惟皿攵刧	<u></u> /	<u></u> ,	<u></u>		<u></u>	<u>-</u>			(165)	165 	<u></u>
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年											
	十二月三十一日	26,665	126,618	34,115	3,700	24	1,205	1,103	5,252	313,360		512,042

The notes on pages 70 to 163 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

### 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

						le to equity h 本公司權益持 <sup>;</sup>		company					
									Share- based		Non-		
		Share	Share	Capital	Merger	Statutory	Other	Exchange	payment	Retained	controlling		
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve 以股份	earnings	interests	Total	
		en.±	机水光度	次士肚井	人品品用	牙中肝用	世ル肚井	四分肝肝	為基礎的	旧印光到	- 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	始め	
		股本 HK\$'000	股份溢價 HK\$'000	資本儲備 HK\$'000	合併儲備 HK\$'000	法定儲備 HK\$'000	其他儲備 HK\$'000	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000	付款儲備 HK\$'000	保留溢利 HK\$'000	非控股權益 HK\$'000	總額 HK\$'000	
		### ### ### ### #####################	### ### ### ### #####################	### ### ### ### #####################	### ### #############################	+	<b>イ港元</b>	<b>ガルラ 000</b> <i>千港元</i>	### ### ### ### ### #################	####################################	πκ <b>,</b> 000 <i>千港元</i>	####################################	
		1 1870	1 1870	1 1870	1 1870	1 1870	1870	1 1870	1 1870	1 1870	1870	1 1870	
At 1 January 2018 於	二零一八年一月一日	26,665	126,618	34,115	3,700	24	1,205	1,103	5,252	313,360	-	512,042	
Other comprehensive income: 其	年度溢利 他全面收益:	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	26,015	(1,164)	24,851	
benefit obligations, net of tax	離職後福利債務的精算虧損,扣除稅項後	-	-	-	-	-	(110)	-	-	-	-	(110)	
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額							(1,161)			5	(1,156)	
Total comprehensive income 本 for the year	年度全面收益總額	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	<u></u>	(110)	(1,161)	<u>.</u>	26,015	(1,159)	23,585	
Transactions with owners: 與	擁有人之交易:												
Share-based payment	以股份為基礎的付款	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	29	
Transfer upon lapse of share options	因購股權失效轉撥	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(925)	925	-	-	
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	<u></u>	<u></u>			<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>		5,777	5,777	
	- 二零一八年 十二月三十一日	26,665	126,618	34,115	3,700	24	1.095	(58)	4,356	340,300	4,618	541,433	

The notes on pages 70 to 163 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

### 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務之現金流量			
Cash generated from operations Interest paid Interest received Income tax paid	經營業務產生之現金 已付利息 已收利息 已付所得税	27	14,053 (2,045) 10,053 (9,656)	3,946 (2,240) 10,341 (9,038)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動產生現金淨額		12,405	3,009
Cash flows from investing activities	投資業務之現金流量			
Purchase of property, plant and	購入物業、廠房及設備			
equipment Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		(10,617)	(3,312)
plant and equipment	所得款項	27	136	125
Acquisition of a subsidiary Dividend income from financial assets	收購一家附屬公司 按公允價值計入損益	31	(10,655)	_
at fair value through profit or loss	之金融資產之股息收入		105	78
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(21,031)	(3,109)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量			
Drawdown of borrowings Repayment of borrowings Purchase of pledged certificate	提用借貸 償還借貸 購入已抵押存款證		(387,818) 374,785	470,445 (473,959)
of deposit  Decrease in pledged bank deposits	抵押銀行存款減少		(9,971) 6,000	
Redemption of pledged	抵押存款證的贖回			
certificate of deposit			10,000	
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(7,004)	(3,514)
Net decrease in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物減少			
equivalents Exchange differences	淨額 匯兑差額		(15,630) (824)	(3,614) 811
Cash and cash equivalents at	年初之現金及現金			
beginning of the year	等價物	20	146,571	149,374
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終之現金及現金 等價物	20	130,117	146,571

The notes on pages 70 to 163 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 綜合財務報表附註

### 1. General information

Softpower International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in trading of construction materials, mainly pipes and fittings.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Hong Kong Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 25 March 2019.

### 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

### 1. 一般資料

冠力國際有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事建築材料(主要是管道和管件)之貿易。

本公司為一間在百慕達註冊成立之有限公司,註冊辦事處位於Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda。本公司股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)主板上市。

除非另有所指,本綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列。本綜合財務報表已經由董事會在二零一九年三月二十五日批准刊發。

### 2. 編製基準及會計政策

下文載列編製此等綜合財務報表時採納之主要會計政策。除另有説明外, 所採用的政策與過往年度所呈報的貫 徹應用。

綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及香港公司條例(第622章)披露要求按照歷史成本法編製,及以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產而作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報表,須要使用若干關鍵的會計估計。 這亦需要管理層在應用本集團會計政 策的過程中作出判斷,涉及高度判斷 或高度複雜性的範疇或對綜合財務報 表屬重大假設和估算的範疇,已於附 註4內披露。

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

綜合財務報表附註

## 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

The Group has applied the following standards, amendments and interpretation for the first time for the annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2018:

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with

Customers

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and Measurement

of Share-based Payment

Transaction

Amendments to HKFRS 4 Applying HKFRS 9 Financial

Instruments with HKFRS 4

Insurance Contracts

Amendments to HKFRS 15 Clarifications to HKFRS 15

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle

Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfers of investment

property

HK (IFRIC) 22 Foreign currency transactions

and advance consideration

The Group had to change its accounting policies and make retrospective adjustments, where relevant, as a result of adopting HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15. Reclassification of impairment losses on financial assets is also required as a result of consequential changes made to HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. Impairment losses on financial assets that were previously classified as administrative expenses are now presented separately in the consolidated income statement.

Save as disclosed below, the adoption of other amendments on standards and interpretation did not have any material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year.

### 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

本集團已於二零一八年一月一日或之 後開始的財政年度首次採納下列準則、 修訂之準則及詮釋:

香港財務報告準則 金融工具

第9號

香港財務報告準則 客戶合約收益

第15號

香港財務報告準則 以股份為基礎付款交

第2號(修訂本) 易的分類及計量

香港財務報告準則 應用香港財務報告準

第4號(修訂本) 則第9號金融工具

及香港財務報告準

則第4號保險合同 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第

第15號(修訂本) 15號客戶合約收

益之澄清

香港財務報告準則 二零一四年至二零

(修訂本) 一六年週期之香港

財務報告準則年度

的改進

香港會計準則 投資物業之轉移

第40號(修訂本)

香港(國際財務 外幣交易及預付代價

報告詮釋委員會) 詮釋第22號

本集團已變更會計政策,並由於採納香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第15號而作出追溯調整(若相關)。由於香港會計準則第1號呈列財務報表所作出的變動,亦需要對金融資產減值虧損進行重新分類。先前歸類為行政費用的金融資產的減值虧損現在在綜合收益表中獨立列示。

除下文所披露外,採納其他修改的準 則及詮釋對本集團本年度的綜合財務 報表沒有任何重大影響。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

#### **HKFRS 9. 'Financial instruments'**

HKFRS 9 replaces the provisions of HKAS 39 that relate to the recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, derecognition of financial instruments, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting.

The adoption of HKFRS 9 from 1 January 2018 resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements. The new accounting policies are set out in Notes 2(f) and 2(i) below. In accordance with the transitional provisions in HKFRS 9, comparative figures have not been restated.

Impact of adoption:

#### Classification and measurement of financial instruments

On 1 January 2018 (the date of initial application of HKFRS 9), the Group's management has assessed which business models apply to the financial assets held by the Group and has classified its financial instruments into the appropriate HKFRS 9 categories as detailed in Note 2(f) below. There were no impact on the amounts recognized in relation to these assets from the adoption of HKFRS 9.

There is also no impact on the Group's accounting for financial liabilities, as the new requirements only affect the accounting for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss and the Group does not have any such liabilities.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工 具」

香港財務報告準則第9號取代香港會計準則第39號有關金融資產及金融負債的確認、分類及計量、終止確認金融工具、金融資產減值及對沖會計處理的條文。

自二零一八年一月一日起採納香港財務報告準則第9號而導致會計政策變更及對綜合財務報表的金額調整。新會計政策載於下文附註2(f)及2(i)。根據香港財務報告準則第9號的過渡性條文,比較數字不會重列。

採納的影響:

### 分類及計量金融工具

於二零一八年一月一日(香港財務報告 準則第9號首次採納日),本集團管理 層評估了本集團所持有金融資產的業 務模式類型,並將金融工具分類至香 港財務報告準則第9號下的恰當類別, 詳細見下文附註2(f)。採納香港財務報 告準則第9號並不會對金融資產確認 有影響。

由於新規定僅影響指定按公允值計入 損益之金融負債會計方法,而本集團 並無任何該等負債,故對本集團金融 負債之會計方法並無影響。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

HKFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group has two types of financial assets that are subject to HKFRS 9's new expected credit loss model:

- trade receivables
- other financial assets at amortised cost (including bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, loan to a related company, and other receivables)

The Group was required to revise its impairment methodology under HKFRS 9 for each of these classes of assets.

#### (i) Trade receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected losses for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. Future cash flows for each group receivables are estimated on the basis of historical loss experience, adjusted to reflect the effects of current conditions as well as forward looking information.

The adoption of the simplified expected loss approach under HKFRS 9 has not resulted in any material additional impairment loss for trade receivables as at 1 January 2018.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(續)

#### 金融資產減值

本集團持有的二種金融資產在香港財務報告準則第9號新預期信貸虧損模式的適用範圍內:

- 貿易應收款項
- 以攤銷成本計量的金融資產(包括銀行存款、現金及現金等價物、 貸款予一間關連公司及其他應收 款項)

本集團須按照香港財務報告準則第9 號的規定對各類資產採用新的減值模式。

#### (i) 貿易應收款項

本集團採用香港財務報告準則第 9號的簡化方法計量預期信戶 損,即對所有應收款項確認易 項戶根據共同信貸的特質別 預已根據共同信貸的特量預期信 險及已逾期日,以計量預期信 虧損。各應收款項的未來現計 虧損。各應收虧損經驗估計 量乃根據歷史虧損經驗估 經期整以反映現時狀況及前瞻性 資料的影響。

採納香港財務報告準則第9號簡 化方法計量預期信貸虧損,並沒 有導致貿易應收款項於二零一八 年一月一日有重大額外的虧損撥 備。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

HKFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Other financial assets at amortised cost

For other financial assets at amortised cost, the expected credit loss is based on the 12-month expected credit loss. It is the portion of lifetime expected credit loss that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime expected credit loss. Management has closely monitored the credit qualities and the collectability of the other financial assets at amortised cost and considers that the resulted increase in loss allowance at 1 January 2018 was immaterial.

While bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

(ii) 以攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產

銀行存款、現金及現金等價物亦 須遵循香港財務報告準則第9號 的減值要求,但已確認的減值虧 損並不重大。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

# HKFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'

The Group has adopted HKFRS 15 from 1 January 2018 which resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

HKFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for recognising revenue and some costs from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 replaces HKAS 18, Revenue, which covered revenue arising from sale of goods and rendering of services, and HKAS 11, Construction Contracts, which specified the accounting for construction contracts. The Group has elected to use the modified retrospective approach which means that the cumulative impact of the adoption will be recognised in retained earnings at 1 January 2018. Therefore, comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under HKAS 11 and HKAS 18. As allowed by HKFRS 15, the Group has applied the new requirements only to contracts that were not completed before 1 January 2018.

The adoption of HKFRS 15 did not have any material impact on the Group's consolidated financial position and results of operation for the year. There is also no material impact to the Group's retained earnings as at 1 January 2018.

Under HKFRS 15, a receivable is recognised only if the Group has an unconditional right to consideration. If the Group recognises the related revenue before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration for the promised goods and services in the contract, then the entitlement to consideration is classified as a contract asset.

Similarly, a contract liability, rather than a payable, is recognised when a customer pays consideration, or is contractually required to pay consideration and the amount is already due, before the Group recognises the related revenue. For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# 香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶合約收益」

本集團已自二零一八年一月一日起採納香港財務報告準則第15號,此舉導致會計政策變動及對綜合財務報表的金額調整。

香港財務報告準則第15號建立一個確 認客戶合約收入之綜合框架,用於確 認與客戶簽訂合同的收入和成本。香 港財務報告準則第15號取代香港會計 準則第18號「收入」(涵蓋銷售貨品及 提供服務產生的收入)及香港會計準則 第11號「建築合約」,其中闡明建築合 約的會計處理。本集團選擇使用香港 財務報告準則第15號時採用修正追溯 法,意思即採納的累積影響(如有)將 於截至二零一八年一月一日的保留溢 利中確認。因此,比較資料將不予重列, 並繼續根據香港會計準則第11號及香 港會計準則第18號呈報。誠如香港財 務報告準則第15號所允許,本集團僅 對二零一八年一月一日前尚未完成的 合約應用新規定。

採納香港財務報告準則第15號對本集 團於本年度的綜合財務狀況及經營業 績並無任何重大影響。對本集團於二 零一八年一月一日的保留溢利亦無重 大影響。

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,只有本集團有無條件的權利取得代價時,才確認應收款項。如果本集團在無條件有權獲得合同中承諾的商品和服務的代價之前確認相關收入,則將代價的權利分類為合同資產。

同樣,在本集團確認相關收入前,當客戶支付代價或合約需要支付代價且金額已到期時,確認合同負債而非應付款項。對於與客戶的單一合同,只會呈列淨合同資產或淨合同負債。對於多份合同,合同資產和無關合同的合同責任不會以淨額列報。

# 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

# HKFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' (Continued)

The impact on the Group's financial position by the application of HKFRS 15 as compared to HKAS 18 and HKAS 11 that was previously in effect before the adoption of HKFRS 15 is as follows:

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# 香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶合約收益」(續)

對比於在香港財務報告準則第15號應 用之前生效的香港會計準則第18號及 香港會計準則第11號,本集團的財務 狀況由於應用香港財務報告準則第15 號而受到的影響如下:

As at 1 January 2018 於二零一八年一月一日

		Reclassification		
		As previously	under	Destated
		stated	HKFRS 15	Restated
			按香港	
			財務報告準則	
			第 15 號	
		之前所列	重新分類	重列
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Consolidated statement of financial position (extracted)	綜合財務狀況財務表 (摘錄)			
Trade payables Accrual expenses and other	貿易應付款項 預提費用及其他應付	39,493		39,493
payables Contract liabilities (Previously deposits received from customers)	款項 合同負債(之前為預收 客戶按金)	42,943	(14,901)	28,042
			14,901	14,901
		82,436		82,436

綜合財務報表附註

## 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2019 and have not been early adopted by the Group.

HKFRS 16	Leases1

HKFRS 17 Insurance contracts<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Definition of a business<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Prepayment Features with

Negative Compensation<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its and HKAS 28

Associate or Joint Venture4

Amendments to HKAS 1 Definition of Material<sup>2</sup>

and HKAS 8

Amendments to HKAS 19 Plan Amendments, Curtailment

or Settlement<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 28 Long term interests in

associates and Joint ventures1

HK (IFRIC) 23 Uncertainty over income tax

Treatments<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to

HKFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle<sup>1</sup>

Conceptual Framework for Revised Conceptual Framework Financial Reporting 2018 for Financial Reporting<sup>2</sup>

- effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021
- effective date to be determined

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

以下為已頒布但在二零一九年一月一 日開始的財政年度未生效亦未被本集 及詮釋。

香港財務報告準則 和賃1

第16號

香港財務報告準則 保險合約3

第17號

香港財務報告準則 業務的定義2

第3號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則 具不賠償條款的預付

第9號(修訂本) 款1

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營或合

第10號及香港會 營企業之間的資產 計準則第28號(修 出售或注資4

訂本)

香港會計準則第1號 重大的定義2

及香港會計準則 第8號(修訂本)

計劃修訂、縮減或清 香港會計準則第19

號(修訂本) 償1

香港會計準則第28 聯營企業及合資企業

號(修訂本)

長期權益1

香港(國際財務報告 所得税不確定性之處 詮釋委員會) 詮釋

理1

第23號

香港財務報告準則

(修訂本)

二零一五年至二零

一七年週期香港財 務報告準則年度改

進的一部份1

二零一八年財務報 財務報告的概念框架 告的概念框架 的修訂2

於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始的

- 年度期間生效
- 於二零二零年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 有效日期有待釐定

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

The Group's assessment of the impact of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations is set out below:

#### HKFRS 16. 'Leases'

HKFRS 16 was issued in January 2016. It will result in almost all leases being recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position by lessees, as the distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. Under the new standard, an asset (the right to use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals are recognised. The only exceptions are short-term and low-value leases.

The accounting for lessors will not significantly change.

HKFRS 16 will primarily affect the Group's accounting as a lessee of leases for properties, plant and equipment which are currently classified as operating leases. As disclosed in Note 26, as at 31 December 2018 the Group has non-cancellable operating leases commitments of HK\$187.3 million and HK\$1.3 million in respect of properties and other assets respectively, the majority of which is payable later than one year after the reporting date. Upon the initial adoption of HKFRS 16, the opening balances of lease liabilities and the corresponding right-of-use assets will be recognised, after taking into account the effects of discounting, as at 1 January 2019. The application of the new accounting model is expected to lead to an increase in both assets and liabilities and to impact on the timing of the expense recognition in the profit or loss over the period of the lease.

The Group has not yet fully assessed the adjustments, if any, that are necessary for example because of the change in the definition of the lease term and the different treatment of variable lease payments and of extension and termination options. It is therefore not yet possible to estimate the amount of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities that will have to be recognised on adoption of the new standard and how this may affect the Group's profit or loss and classification of cash flows going forward.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

本集團對這些新訂準則、修訂的準則 及詮釋的影響評估如下:

### 香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

香港財務報告準則第16號於二零一六年一月發佈。由於取消區分為經營租約及融資租約,其將導致於綜合財務狀況表確認絕大部分租約。在新訂準則下,須確認資產(使用租賃項目之權利)及支付租金之金融負債。唯一例外情況為短期低價值之租約。

對於出租人之會計處理將不會出現重 大變動。

香港財務報告準則第16號將主要影 響本集團作為物業,廠房及設備租 賃承租人的會計處理,而該等物業, 廠房及設備目前歸類為經營租賃。如 附註26所披露,於二零一八年十二 月三十一日,本集團分別就物業及 其他資產作出187,300,000港元及 1,300,000港元的不可撤銷經營租賃承 擔,其中大部分為在報告日期之後一 年應付之租賃。於初步採納香港財務 報告準則第16號後,於二零一九年一 月一日考慮折扣影響後,將確認租賃 負債及相應使用權資產的期初結餘。 應用新會計模式為預計會導致資產和 負債增加,並影響租賃期間損益確認 的時間。

本集團尚未評估是否需調整(如有),例如由於租期定義之變更及可變租賃付款及延長及終止選擇權的不同處理。因此,尚無法估計使用權資產及租賃負債於採納新訂準則時將須確認之金額以及上述將對本集團日後之損益及現金流量分類產生何種影響。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

HKFRS 16, 'Leases' (Continued)

HKFRS 16 is mandatory for financial years commencing on or after 1 January 2019. The Group will apply the standard from its mandatory adoption date. The Group intends to apply the simplified transition approach and will not restate comparative amounts for the year prior to first adoption.

There are no other standards and interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

## (a) Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## 香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (續)

香港財務報告準則第16號將於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之財政年度強制生效。本集團將會於強制採納生效日期時應用準則。本集團擬應用簡單轉換法並不會重列首次採納前一年的比較金額。

並無其他準則及詮釋尚未生效而預期 將於本期間或未來報告期間或可預見 的未來交易對實體產生重大影響。

## (a) 綜合賬目

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (a) Consolidation (Continued)

The Group recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquire on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquire that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interest's proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquire is remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (a) 綜合賬目(續)

收購相關成本在產生時支銷。

如業務合併分階段進行,按收購 日的公允價值重新計量收購方先 前在被收購方持有的權益,因重 新計量產生的收益或虧損均在損 益中確認。

如果現金代價的任何部分的結算被延期,則未來的應付金額貼現中的現值貼現不的應所用貼現面貼現面上較條款及條件下獨立或可與是借下不來。 分價值數計入價值數數計入損益。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

#### (a) Consolidation (Continued)

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result In loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interest are also recorded in equity.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (a) 綜合賬目(續)

集團內公司之間的交易、結餘及未變現的收益予以對銷。未變現的收益予以對銷,除非交易提供了轉讓資產的減值證據。附屬公司的會計政策已按需要作出改變,以確保與本集團採用的政策符合一致。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

#### (a) Consolidation (Continued)

#### Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

#### (b) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors of the Company that makes strategic decisions.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (a) 綜合賬目(續)

#### 出售附屬公司

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減值列 賬。成本包括投資的直接歸屬成 本。附屬公司的業績由本公司按 已收及應收股息入賬。

## (b) 分部報告

經營分部按照向首席經營決策者 提供的內部報告貫徹一致的方式 報告。首席經營決策者被認定為 作出策略性決定的執行董事負責 分配資源和評估經營分部的表現。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (c) Foreign currency translation

### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or revaluation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (c) 外幣換算

#### (i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務報表內的項目,均採用該實體經營業務之主要經濟環境所使用的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。 綜合財務報表以港元呈列,即本公司之功能及呈列貨幣。

#### (ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易或對項目重 新計量的估價當日之匯率兑 換為功能貨幣。因結算該等 交易及按年底之匯率換算以 外幣列值之貨幣資產及負債 所產生之外匯收益及虧損均 列入收益表。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (c) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### (iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (c) 外幣換算(續)

### (iii) 集團公司

功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同之 所有集團公司(均不擁有高 通脹經濟體系之貨幣)之業 績及財務狀況按以下方式換 算為呈列貨幣:

- 每份列報的財務狀況表 內的資產和負債按該財 務狀況表日期的收市匯 率換算;
- 各收益表之收入及開支 按平均匯率換算(除計 該平均匯率並非交易當 日匯率的累積影響之合 理約數,在此情況下收 入及開支須按交易日的 匯率換算);及
- 所有由此產生的匯兑差額在其他全面收益中確認。

於綜合入賬時,換算海外業 務的淨投資額、借貸及其他 用作對沖有關投資的貨幣工 具所產生的匯兑差額均計入 其他全面收益。

購買境外主體產生的商譽及 公允價值調整視為該境外主 體的資產和負債,並按收市 匯率換算。產生的匯兑差額 在其他全面收益中入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (c) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### (iii) Group companies (Continued)

Disposal of foreign operation

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the company are reclassified to profit or loss.

## (d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, comprising, leasehold improvements, plant and machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures and motor vehicles are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (c) 外幣換算(續)

#### (iii) 集團公司(續)

境外經營的處置

### (d) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括租賃物業 裝修、廠房及機器、設備、傢俬 及裝置及汽車)乃按歷史成本減 累計折舊及累計減值虧損列賬。 歷史成本包括收購該等資產的直 接開支。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (d) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Plant, machinery and

3-10 years

equipment

Leasehold improvements

5 years or the lease

period, if shorter

Office furniture, fixtures

and fittings

3–5 years

3-5 years

Office equipment

Computer equipment

3–5 years

Motor vehicles

3–10 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised within 'Other gains/(losses), net' in the consolidated income statement.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (d) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備之折舊,乃根據其估計可使用年期採用直線法把其成本值分配予剩餘價值計算,各估計可使用年期如下:

廠房、機器及

3至10年

設備

租賃物業裝修

5年或租賃期

(以較短者)

辦公室傢俬、

裝置及設備

文儀設備 電腦設備 3至5年 3至5年

3至5年

汽車 3至10年

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在 每個呈報期結束時進行檢討,及 在適當時調整。

倘若資產的賬面值高於其估計可 收回值,其賬面值即時撇減至可 收回值。

出售帶來的盈虧按比較所得款項 及賬面值釐定,並於綜合收益表 中的其他收益/(虧損)淨額確認。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

# (e) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example goodwill, are not subject to amortisation and are at least tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (i.e. CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (e) 於附屬公司之投資及非金融資 產的減值

倘自附屬公司收取之股息超出宣 派股息期間該附屬公司之全面收 益總額,或倘獨立財務報表之投 資賬面值超出綜合財務報表被投 資公司之淨資產(包括商譽)之股 面值,則在接獲該等投資之股息 時須對該等附屬公司之投資進行 減值測試。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

#### (f) Financial assets

#### (i) Classification

From 1 January 2018, the Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

## (ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (f) 金融資產

### (i) 分類

自二零一八年一月一日起, 本集團按以下計量類別對金 融資產進行分類:

- 後續以公允價值計量(且 其變動計入其他綜合收 益或損益)的金融資產, 及
- 以攤銷成本計量的金融 資產。

該分類取決於主體管理金融 資產的業務模式以及該資產 的合同現金流量特徵。

#### (ii) 確認及終止確認

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

#### (f) Financial assets (Continued)

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (f) 金融資產(續)

## (iii) 計量

對於包含嵌入式衍生工具的 金融資產,本集團對整個合 同考慮其現金流量是否僅代 表對本金和利息的支付。

## 債務工具

債務工具的後續計量取決於 本集團管理該資產的業務模 式以及該資產的現金流量特 徵。本集團將債務工具分為 以下三種計量類別:

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

#### (f) Financial assets (Continued)

#### (iii) Measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses) and impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (f) 金融資產(續)

## (iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

以公允價值計量且其變 動計入其他綜合收益: 對於業務模式為持有以 收取現金流量及出售的 金融資產,如果該資產 的現金流量僅代表對本 金和利息的支付,則該 資產被分類為以公允價 值計量且其變動計入其 他綜合收益。除減值收 益或虧損、利息收入以 及匯兑收益和虧損計入 損益外,帳面價值的變 動計入其他綜合收益。 該等金融資產終止確 認時,之前計入其他綜 合收益的累計收益或虧 損從權益重分類至損益 中,並計入其他收益/ (虧損)。該等金融資產 的利息收入用實際利率 法計算,計入財務收入。 匯兑收益和虧損在其他 收益/(虧損)中列示, 減值虧損作為單獨的科 目在損益表中列報。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

#### (f) Financial assets (Continued)

#### (iii) Measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

 FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

#### Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (f) 金融資產(續)

### (iii) 計量(續)

#### 債務工具(續)

#### 權益工具

對於以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產,其公允價值變動列示於損益的,其他收益/(虧損)(如計數數計入其他原因,對於以公允價值的數計入其他綜合損(如計量的權益投資,其減值虧損轉回)不與之允價值變動單獨列示。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (f) Financial assets (Continued)

### (iv) Impairment

From 1 January 2018, the Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

# (v) Accounting policies applied until 31 December 2017

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 retrospectively, but has elected not to restate comparative information. As a result, the comparative information provided continues to be accounted for in accordance with the Group's previous accounting policy.

Until 31 December 2017 the Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, and
- loans and receivables

The classification determined on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determined the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held-to-maturity, reevaluated this designation at the end of each reporting period.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (f) 金融資產(續)

## (iv) 減值

自二零一八年一月一日起, 對於以攤銷成本計量和以公 允價值計量且其變動計入其 他綜合收益的債務工具,本 集團就其預期信貸虧損做出 前瞻性評估。減值方法取決 於其信用風險是否顯著增加。

對於應收款項,本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號允許的簡化方法,在初始確認時計量應收款項整個存續期的預期信貸虧損。

## (v) 截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日前採用的會計政策

本集團已追溯應用香港財務報告準則第9號,但選擇不重述比較數據。因此,本集團將繼續按照之前的會計政策對提供的比較數據進行會計處理。

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日,本集團分類其金融資產為以下類別:

- 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產,及
- 貸款及應收款

分類乃按所收購金融資產之 目的而定。管理層於金融資 產首次確認時作出分類,如 果歸類為持作到期的資產, 則於每個報告期末重新評估 該指定金融資產。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

- (f) Financial assets (Continued)
  - (v) Accounting policies applied until 31 December 2017 (Continued)
    - (i) Subsequent measurement

The measurement at initial recognition did not change on adoption of HKFRS 9, see description above.

Subsequent to the initial recognition, loans and receivables were subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets at FVPL were subsequently carried at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised in profit or loss within other gains/(loss).

Details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined are disclosed in Note 3.3.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

- (f) 金融資產(續)
  - (v) 截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日前採用的會計政策 (續)
    - (i) 後續計量

初始確認時的計量並沒 有因為採納香港財務報 告準則第9號而有所改 變,詳見上文。

繼初始確認時之後,貸款和應收款項其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本進行。

按公允價值計入損益的 金融資產其後按公允價 值列帳。公允價值變動 產生的損益確認在其他 收益/(虧損)。

有關如何釐定金融工具 公允價值的詳情,請參 閱附註3.3。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

- (f) Financial assets (Continued)
  - (v) Accounting policies applied until 31 December 2017 (Continued)
    - (ii) Impairment

The Group assessed at the end of each reporting period whether there was objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets was impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets was impaired and impairment losses were incurred only if there was objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) had an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that could be reliably estimated. In the case of equity investments classified as availablefor-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost was considered an indicator that the assets are impaired.

### Assets carried at amortised cost

For loans and receivables, the amount of the loss was measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that had not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset was reduced and the amount of the loss was recognised in profit or loss.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

- (f) 金融資產(續)
  - (v) 截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日前採用的會計政策 (續)
    - (ii) 減值

本集團於各報告期末評 估是否有客觀證據證明 某一金融資產或某一組 金融資產減值。倘有客 觀證據證明於初始確認 資產後若發生一宗或多 宗導致減值的事項(「虧 損事項」),而該宗或該 等虧損事項對該項或該 組金融資產的估計未來 現金流量的影響能可靠 估計,則該項或該組金 融資產出現減值並發生 減值虧損。就分類為可 供出售的權益投資而 言,證券的公允價值大 幅或長期下跌至低於其 成本則被視為資產減值 的指標。

## 按攤銷成本的資產

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

- (f) Financial assets (Continued)
  - (v) Accounting policies applied until 31 December 2017 (Continued)
    - (ii) Impairment (Continued)

Assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

If a loan or held-to-maturity investment had a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss was the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group could measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreased and the decrease could be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss. Impairment testing of trade receivables is described in Note 3.1(b)(ii).

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

- (f) 金融資產(續)
  - (v) 截至二零一七年十二月 三十一日前採用的會計政策 (續)
    - (ii) 減值(續)

按攤銷成本的資產(續)

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

#### (g) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Receipts or payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives paid to lessees or received from the lessor) are recognised as income or expenses in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### (h) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

### (i) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within the credit period and therefore are all classified as current.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## (j) Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. In the consolidated statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (g) 租賃

凡資產擁有權的絕大部分風險和回報由出租人保留的租賃,均列作經營租賃。根據經營租賃收取或支付之租金(扣除承租人收取或出租人給予的任何優惠),按租期以直線法於綜合收益表中確認為收入或開支。

## (h) 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者之較低者列賬。成本按先進先出(「先進先出」)法釐定。可變現淨值按日常業務過程中估計售價減去適用之可變銷售開支計算。

## (i) 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項為於日常業務過程 中銷售貨品而應收客戶款項。貿 易應收款項一般應在信貸期內償 付,因此均歸類為流動。

貿易應收款項初步按有關代價金 額無條件確認,除非其包含重大 融資成分,並按公允價值確認。 本集團持有貿易應收款項,目的 是收取合約現金流量,因此採用 實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

## (i) 現金及現金等價物

在綜合現金流量表中,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行通知存款以及銀行透支。銀行透支 在綜合資產負債表的流動負債中借款內列示。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (k) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

## (I) Trade payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## (m) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the end of reporting period.

#### (n) Borrowings costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (k) 股本

普通股歸類為權益。發行新股份 或購股權直接產生之新增成本乃 於股本列作所得款項(除税後)的 扣除額。

### (I) 貿易應付款項

貿易應付款項以公允價值初步確認,隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成 本列賬。

## (m) 借貸

借貸以公允價值扣除交易成本初步確認。借貸隨後按攤銷成本列賬,所得款項(扣除交易成本後)與贖回值之間的任何差額,使用實際利率法於借貸期內在綜合收益表中確認。

除非本集團可無條件將負債的結算遞延至呈報期末起計最少十二個月,否則借貸分類為流動負債。

### (n) 借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作其預定用途或銷售的資產)的一般及特定借貸成本,加入該等資產的成本內,直至資產大致上備妥供其預定用途或銷售為止。

就特定借貸,因有待合資格資產 的支出而臨時投資賺取的投資收 入,應自合資格資本化的借貸成 本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本在產生期內的 損益中確認。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (o) Employee benefits

#### (i) Employee leaves

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

### (ii) Bonus plans

The expected cost of bonus payments are recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for bonus plans are expected to be settled within twelve months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

## (iii) Pension obligations

Following the adoption of the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Scheme in December 2000, all employees of the Group employed in Hong Kong joined the MPF Scheme. Under this scheme, employees and the Group are required to make contributions to the scheme calculated at 5% of the individual employee's monthly basic salaries, subject to a cap of HK\$1,500. The Group's contributions to this scheme are expensed when they are due. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (o) 僱員福利

## (i) 僱員假期

僱員可享有之年假在彼等放 假時確認。本集團已就截至 呈報期完結時僱員提供服務 而享有年假之估計負債計提 撥備。

僱員可享有之病假及產假僅 會於休假時確認。

#### (ii) 花紅計劃

本集團因僱員所提供之服務 而擁有現時之法定或推定責 任,且能可靠地估計此責任 時,預計花紅支出成本會確 認為一項負債。

花紅計劃之負債預期將於 十二個月內償還,並按照預 期於償還時將予支付之金額 計量。

### (iii) 退休金責任

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (o) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### (iii) Pension obligations (Continued)

The Group's employees in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") are covered by various government sponsored pension plans. These government agencies are responsible for the pension liabilities to these employees. The relevant group companies pay monthly contributions to these pension plans based on certain percentages of the salaries, subject to a certain ceiling.

The employees employed by the operations in Macau are members of the government-managed retirement benefits schemes operated by the Macau government. The Macau operations are required to pay a monthly fixed contribution to the retirement benefits schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits schemes operated by the Macau government is to make the required contributions under the schemes.

Under these plans, the Group has no legal or constructive obligation to make further payments once the required contributions have been paid. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (o) 僱員福利(續)

#### (iii) 退休金責任(續)

本集團於中華人民共和國 (「中國」)之僱員均享有多數 由政府營辦之退休金計劃員 該等政府機關對有關僱團 退休金負債負責。本金若 分比(以若干上限為限), 月向該等退休金計劃供款

根據該等計劃,本集團於支 付規定之供款後,並無支付 其他款項之法定或推定責任。 該等計劃之供款於產生時列 作開支。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (o) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### (iv) Share-based payment

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as considerations for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and nonmarket performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save or holding shares for a specified period of time).

The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market performance and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the income statement with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (o) 僱員福利(續)

#### (iv) 以股份為基礎之付款

- 包括任何市場業績條件 (例如主體的股價);
- 不包括任何服務和非市 場業績可行權條件(例 如盈利能力、銷售增長 目標和職工在某特定時 期內留任實體)的影響; 及
- 包括任何非可行權條件 (例如規定職工儲蓄或 在一段指定期間內持有 股份)的影響。

總費用在歸屬期內計訂品屬期內計訂歸屬期是指滿足期間。於為國期是指滿期間會基於所需的會基於於團,本集現稅歸屬的關於,本集,以為國際,以為國際,以為國際,以為對與本作相應,以及對股本作相應,以及對股本作相應,以及對股本作相應。

在期權行使時,本公司發行 新股。收取的所得款扣除任 何直接歸屬交易成本撥入股 本(面值)和股本溢價。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (p) Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### (i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date in the places where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

### (ii) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (p) 即期及遞延税項

期內之稅項支出由即期及遞延稅項組成。稅項於綜合收益表中確認,除了關於其他全面收益內確認或直接計入權益之項目,其稅項亦是分別於其他全面收益內確認或直接計入權益。

#### (i) 即期所得税

## (ii) 遞延所得税

內在差異

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (p) Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

#### (ii) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Inside basis differences (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

#### Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Generally the Group is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference for associates.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

## (iii) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (p) 即期及遞延税項(續)

### (ii) 遞延所得税(續)

內在差異(續)

遞延税項資產乃就有可能將 未來應課税溢利與可動用的 暫時差異抵銷而確認。

#### 外在差異

就附屬公司投資產生的應課 税暫時性差異確認遞延延延所 稅負債,但不包括本集回 以控制暫時性差異在可 間以及暫時性差異在可 時來很可能不會轉回的 遞延 所得稅負債。

就附屬公司投資產生的可扣減暫時性差異確認遞延所得稅資產,但只限於暫時性差異很可能在將來轉回,並有充足的應課稅利潤抵銷可用的暫時性差異。

### (iii) 抵銷

當有法定權利可將即期稅項,資產與即期稅項負債抵稅項負債抵稅項負債延稅可負債延稅同一稅務機關徵收內實際課稅公司有意應課稅公司有意將餘稅不額以資資。結算,則可將遞延稅項負債互相抵銷。

綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

## (r) Revenue recognition

## (i) Sale of goods – wholesale

The Group sells a range of pipes and fittings and biomass pellets fuel products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customer has full discretion over the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products.

Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Revenue from the sale of goods is based on the price specified in the sales contracts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate provision for returns.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (q) 撥備

撥備於本集團由於過往事件而產 生現有的法定或推定責任,可能 須就解決有關負債而導致資源流 出及能夠可靠地作出金額估計時 確認。

撥備以有義務支付有關負債所預 計需要產生之支出之現值計量 計算此等現值使用之稅前折現 能夠反映當前市場之貨幣時間 值及該負債特有之風險。時間 遊導致撥備金額之增加,確認為 利息支出。

## (r) 收入確認

#### (i) 銷售商品-批發

本集團銷售一系列管道和管 件以及生物質顆粒燃料產品。 在產品控制權轉移時,即 品交付給客戶時,客戶對產 品有完全的自主權,並且 有未履行的義務可能影響客 戶對產品的接受時,確認銷 售。

交付的發生是當產品已運至 指定地點時,已過時和損失 的風險已轉移給客戶,或客 戶已根據銷售合同接受產品, 接納條款已失效,或本集團 有客觀證據證明已滿足所有 接納標準。

銷售商品的收入基於銷售合同中規定的價格。已往累積的經驗用於估算退貨撥備。

## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

## (r) Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### (i) Sale of goods – wholesale (Continued)

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

Deposits collected from the customers before product delivery are recognised as contract liabilities.

### (ii) Sale of goods - retail

The Group operates a chain of retail stores selling pipes and fittings products. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when a group entity sells a product to the customer. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when the customer purchases the product and takes delivery in store.

## (s) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

## (t) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (r) 收入確認(續)

### (i) 銷售商品-批發(續)

當產品交付時確認為應收款項,由於這是代價為無條件的時間點,而付款到期之前 只需要經過一段時間。

在產品交付之前,從客戶收取的按金被確認為合同負債。

## (ii) 銷售商品-零售

本集團經營連鎖零售店,銷售管道及管件產品。銷售商品的收入乃在集團實體向客戶銷售產品時確認。交易價格的支付是在客戶購買產品並在店內交貨時立即支付的。

## (s) 利息收入

利息收入採用實際利息法按時間 比例基準確認。

#### (t) 股息分派

向本公司股東分配的股息,在股息獲本公司股東或董事(按適當) 批准的期間內於本集團及本公司 的財務報表內列為負債。

綜合財務報表附註

## 3. Financial risk management

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit and counterparty risk and liquidity risk. The Group's financial risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance by actively managing debt level and cash flow in order to maintain a strong financial position and minimising refinancing and liquidity risks by attaining healthy debt repayment capacity, appropriate maturity profile and availability of banking facilities.

#### (a) Market risk

### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates principally in Hong Kong and in Macau with minor operations in the Mainland China and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the United States dollars ("USD"), Macau Pataca ("MOP") and Renminbi ("RMB"). Foreign exchange risk mainly arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities, which are denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency of the group entities. In order to mitigate the foreign currency risk, the Group has been closely monitoring its foreign currency exposure and requirements and will arrange for any hedging facilities if necessary.

## 3. 財務風險管理

### 3.1 財務風險因素

#### (a) 市場風險

#### (i) 外匯風險

本集團主要於香港及澳 門經營業務,以及在中 國內地經營少許業務, 並因營運涉及多種貨幣 而面臨外匯風險(主要 涉及美元(「美元」)、澳 門幣(「澳門幣」)及人民 幣(「人民幣」))。外匯 風險主要來自日後的商 業交易,本集團各實體 的已確認資產及負債, 其貨幣以非功能貨幣換 算而產生外匯風險。為 降低外幣風險,本集團 一直密切監控其外幣風 險及規定,及將於必要 時作出對沖安排。

## 綜合財務報表附註

## 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

As HK\$ is pegged against USD and MOP is pegged against HK\$, the Group is exposed to limited exchange rate fluctuation. As a result, the exchange rate risk exposure in respect of USD and MOP are not significant. While for RMB, the exchange rate fluctuation is relatively volatile. At 31 December 2018, if RMB had strengthened/weakened by 5% (2017: 5%) against HK\$ with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit would have been HK\$244,000 higher/lower (2017: post-tax profit of HK\$638,000 higher/lower) respectively mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of RMB-denominated financial assets and liabilities.

## 3. 財務風險管理(續)

## 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (a) 市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

由於港元與美元的掛鈎 系統及澳門幣與港元 的掛鈎系統,本集團承 受有限的匯率波動。因 此,關於美元及澳門幣 的外匯風險不顯著。相 對而言,人民幣的匯率 比較波動。於二零一八 年十二月三十一日,倘 人民幣兑港元於所有其 他變量保持不變之情況 下,升值/貶值5%(二 零一七年:5%),則除 税後溢利將分別增加/ 減少244,000港元(二 零一十年:除税後溢利 增加/減少638,000港 元),主要是由於換算 人民幣計值之金融資產 及負債產生外匯收益/ 虧損所致。

綜合財務報表附註

## 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

### (a) Market risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interestbearing assets mainly include loan to a related company and bank balances and deposits, details of which have been disclosed in Notes 17, 19 and 20. The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is also attributable to its borrowings, details of which have been disclosed in Note 23. Borrowings carry at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk whereas those carry at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. As at 31 December 2018, approximately 20% (2017: 26%) of the Group's borrowings were carried at floating rates and expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure against cash flow interest-rate risks.

As at 31 December 2018, if interest rate has increased/decreased by 25 basis points with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2018 would have been HK\$23,000 (2017: HK\$38,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of increase/decrease in interest expense on borrowings.

## 3. 財務風險管理(續)

## 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

## (a) 市場風險(續)

#### (ii) 利率風險

本集團的收入及經營現 金流量大致上不受市場 利率變動的影響。由於 本集團的計息資產包括 貸款予一間關連公司及 銀行結餘及存款,而有 關 詳 情 在 附 註 17、19 及20披露。本集團所涉 及的利率變動風險亦來 自借貸,有關詳情在附 註23披露。按浮動利率 計息的借貸使本集團面 對現金流量利率風險, 而按固定利率計息的借 貸則使本集團面對公允 值現金利率風險。於二 零一八年,按浮動利率 計息的大約20%(二零 一十年:26%)借貸, 使本集團面對現金流量 利率風險。本集團並無 利用任何利率掉期安排 對沖利率風險。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit and counterparty risk

#### (i) Risk management

Credit risk mainly arises from bank deposits, trade and other receivables, other deposits and loan to a related company. The carrying amounts of these balances substantially represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit and counterparty risk in relation to financial assets.

As at 31 December 2017 and 2018 all the bank deposits are deposited in high quality financial institutions without significant credit risk. The credit risk on bank deposits is limited because over 59% of the Group's bank balances are placed with subsidiaries of state-owned banks and others are placed with reputable financial institutions. Management does not expect any loss from non-performance of these banks.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue trade and other receivables.

Rental deposits made to landlords are also considered to be of low risk. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced. Other than the loan to a related company as mentioned below, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers.

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸及交易方風險

#### (i) 風險管理

綜合財務報表附註

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

(i) Risk management (Continued)

In respect of the loan to a related company, as detailed in Note 28(d), the Group obtained share mortgage executed by the mortgagor and guarantees executed by the guarantor in favour of the Group as a continuing security and continuing obligation for performance by the borrower of its obligations to minimize the credit risk.

#### (ii) Impairment of financial assets

Trade receivables

The Group applied the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped with similar risk characteristics and, collectively or individually, assessing them for likelihood of recovery.

The Group categorises its trade receivables, except those individually assessed, based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 12 months before 31 December 2018 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸及交易方風險(續)

(i) 風險管理(續)

#### (ii) 金融資產減值

貿易應收款項

本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損,為所有貿易應收款項於存續期內的預期虧損撥備。

計量預期信貸虧損,貿易應收款項已按類似風險特徵分組,並共同或個別評估其回收的可能性。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

Given the track record of regular repayment of trade receivables, the directors are of the opinion that the risk of default by these customers is not significant, taking into account forward-looking information on macroeconomics factors. Therefore, expected credit loss rate of trade receivables is assessed to be insignificant.

For trade receivables relating to accounts in which there are objective evidence that the debtor faces significant financial difficulties or enter liquidation, they are assessed individually for impairment allowance. Accordingly, specific loss allowance of HK\$654,000 was made as at 31 December 2018.

Previous accounting policy for impairment of trade receivables

In the prior year, the impairment of trade receivables was assessed based on the incurred loss model. Individual receivables which were known to be uncollectible were written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. The other receivables were assessed collectively to determine whether there was objective evidence that impairment has been incurred but not yet been identified in a separate provision for impairment. The Group considered that there was evidence of impairment if any of the following indicators were present:

significant financial difficulties of the debtor;

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸及交易方風險(續)

(ii) 金融資產減值(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

以往的貿易應收款項減 值會計政策

債務人的重大財務 困難;

綜合財務報表附註

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)Previous accounting policy for impairment of trade receivables (Continued)

- probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation,
- default or late payments.

Receivables for which an impairment provision was recognised were written off against the provision when there was no expectation of recovering additional cash.

Other financial assets at amortised cost

The directors of the Group consider the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares risk of a default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the company's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the company;
- significant changes in the expected performance and behavior of the company, including changes in the payment status of the counterparty.

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸及交易方風險(續)

(ii) 金融資產減值(續)

以往的貿易應收款項減 值會計政策(續)

- 債務人陷入破產或 財務重組的可能 性,以及
- 違約或延遲付款。

當沒有預期收回額外現 金時,已確認減值撥備 的應收款項與該撥備註 銷。

其他金融資產按攤銷成 本計算

- 預期導致公司履行 責任能力出現重大 變動的業務、財務 或經濟狀況的實際 或預期重大不利變 動;
- 公司經營業績的實際或預期重大變動;
- 公司預期表現及行 為的重大變動,包 括交易方的付款狀 況變動。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 90 days past due in making a contractual payment/repayable demanded.

The loss allowance for other financial assets at amortised cost as at 31 December 2018 amounting to HK\$1,121,000 as detailed in Note 17.

Impairment losses on trade receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost are presented as net impairment losses within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and availability of funding from an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Management maintains rolling forecast of the Group's liquidity reserves which comprises undrawn banking facilities and cash and cash equivalents, on the basis of expected cash flows.

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸及交易方風險(續)

(ii) 金融資產減值(續)

其他金融資產按攤銷成 本計算(續)

無論上述分析如何,如果債務人在履行合同付款/償還要求時超過90天,則推定信用風險顯著增加。

於二零一八年十二月 三十一日按攤銷成本計 算的其他金融資產虧損 撥備金額為1,121,000 港元,詳見附註17。

按攤銷成本計算的其他金融資產的減值虧損及貿易應收款項列作經營溢利內的淨減值虧損營。之前已註銷的金額的後續回收將計入同一行項目。

#### (c) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理包括保持充裕現金及從承諾融資金額取得足夠的可用資金。管理層維持對本集團滾動的流動資金儲備作預測,包括基於未提取貸款額度及現金等價物的預計現金流。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the date of financial reporting to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險(續)

下表按於財務報告日至合約 到期日餘下期間將本集團的 金融負債分為不同的到期組 合。表格所披露的數額為合 約未折現現金流。

> Less than 1 year 一年以內 *HK\$'000* 千港元

At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日

Trade and other payables
Borrowings
Interest payment on borrowings

At 31 December 2017

Trade and other payables
Borrowings
Interest payment on borrowings

貿易及其他應付款項 **62,707** 借貸 **57,444** 借貸之利息支付 **546** 

#### 於二零一七年十二月三十一日

貿易及其他應付款項 借貸 借貸之利息支付

65,567 70,477

523

#### 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

#### 3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本的目的為保障本 集團能持續經營,以為股東提供 回報並為其他利益相關人士提供 利益,以及維持良好的資本架構 以減低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團 可調整向股東派付的股息、向股 東退回資本、發行新股或出售資 產以減少債務。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

## 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.2 Capital risk management (Continued)

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total bank borrowings divided by total equity.

The Group's strategy was to maintain a solid capital base to support the operations and development of its business in the long term. Given its existing principal business, management considers a gearing ratio as measured by total bank borrowings to total equity of not more than 50% as solid and reasonable. The table below analyses the Group's capital structure at 31 December 2017 and 2018 as follows:

Total borrowings	總借貸
Total equity	總權益
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率

Note:

Decrease in gearing ratio during the year is a result of the decrease in total borrowings and increase in total equity.

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.2 資本風險管理(續)

和其他同業一樣,本集團以資產 負債比率作為監控資本的基準。 資產負債比率按銀行借貸總額除 以總權益。

本集團之策略是維持穩健的資金 基礎,以長期支持本集團的業務 營運及發展。鑑於現時之主總 務,管理層認為按銀行借貸總權 對於總權益計算之資產負債理。 率處於50%以下均屬穩健及合理。 下表為本集團於二零一七年及二 零一八年十二月三十一日資本架 構之分析:

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
57,444	70,477
	/////
541,433	512,042
11%	14%

附註:

資產負債比率的減少是由於總借貸的 減少及總權益的增加。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying value of trade receivables, other loans and receivables, bank balances and deposits, trade and other payables and borrowings are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

The table below analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value as at 31 December 2018 by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1)
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2)
- inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3)

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 公允價值估計

貿易應收款、其他貸款及應收款 項、銀行結餘及存款、貿易及與 他應付款項及借貸之賬面值與 等之公允值相若。就披露而言與 金融負債之公允值透過按本集團 同類金融工具之現行市場利率對 未來合約現金流量折現而估算。

下表根據在評估公允價值的估值 技術中所運用到的輸入的層級, 分析本集團於二零一八年十二月 三十一日按公允價值入賬的金融 工具。這些輸入按照公允價值層 級歸類為如下三層:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場 之報價(未經調整)(第一層)
- 除了第一層所包括之報價外, 該資產或負債之可觀察之其 他輸入,可為直接(即價格) 或間接(即源自價格)(第二層)
- 一 資產及負債並非依據可觀察 市場數據之輸入(即非可觀 察輸入)(第三層)

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

Fair value

Fair value

	Tun Tunuc	Tan value
	as at	as at
	31 December	31 December
	2018	2017
Fair value	於二零一八年	於二零一七年
Hierarchy	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
公允價值層階	的公允價值	的公允價值
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Level 2		
第二級	2,601	2,744

Financial assets金融資產Level 2- Investment funds一投資基金第二級

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. It includes quoted market price or dealer quotes for similar instruments. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

年內第1與第2層之間並無轉撥。

並無於活躍市場買賣之金融工具 (如場外衍生工具),其公允值乃 使用估值方法釐定。該等估值方 法儘量利用於可觀測市場實體獨 數據,並儘量減少依賴實體獨 估計,包括類似金融工具的獨 報價或經銷商報價。倘一金 報明公允值所需之所有重大 數據均可觀測,則該金融工具歸 入第二層。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the Group are discussed below.

## (a) Provision for impairment of loan to a related company and trade and other receivables

The policy for provision for impairment of loan to a related company and trade and other receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of risk of default and expected credit losses which involved management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the Group's past collection history of receivables, existing market condition as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. If the financial conditions of any individual counterparty were determined to be deteriorated, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

#### (b) Provision for impairment of inventories

The management of the Group reviews the marketability of inventory items at the end of each reporting period, and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified that are no longer suitable for sale. The management estimates the net realisable value for inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. The Group carries out an inventory review on a product-by-product basis at the end of each reporting period and makes provision for obsolete items.

#### 4. 關鍵會計估計及判斷

本公司按過往經驗及其他因素(包括對日後事件作出之合理估計)不時評估現正採納的估計及判斷。以下為有重大風險導致本集團資產及負債之賬面值須作出重大調整之估計及假設之討論。

#### (a) 對一間關連公司的貸款及貿易 及其他應收款項之減值撥備

#### (b) 存貨減值撥備

本集團管理層於各呈報期末審核 存貨項目之銷售前景並對豬調 不再適合銷售之過時及滯銷庫存 品進行撥備。管理層主要根據 近期之發票價格及目前市別協計 存貨之可變現淨值。本集團 呈報期末對每種產品進行存審 核,並對過時品種作出撥備。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

# 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

#### (c) Provision for bonus and customer claims

Management reviews the provision for bonus and customer claims at the end of each reporting period to determine whether the provision is adequate based on historical experience and most reliable estimates. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for bonus and customer claims.

#### (d) Current and deferred income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in various jurisdictions. Judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes in each of these jurisdictions. There are transactions and calculations during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognized when management considers it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilized. When the expectation is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred income tax assets and taxation charges in the period in which such estimate is changed.

#### 4. 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (c) 花紅及客戶補償撥備

管理層於各呈報期末審核花紅及 客戶補償撥備,按過往經驗及可 靠的估算決定撥備是否足夠。於 決定花紅及客戶補償撥備時,需 要重大的判斷。

#### (d) 即期及遞延所得税

本集團須繳納不同司法權區的所 得稅。釐定各司法權區的所得稅 撥備時,需作出判斷。在日常業 務中有若干未能確定最終稅 交易及計算。倘該等事宜的最終 稅務結果有異於最初記錄的數額, 則有關差額會影響釐定有關數額 期間的所得稅及遞延所得稅撥備。

與若干暫時差異及稅項虧損有關之遞延所得稅資產按管理層配調 不有可能出現應課稅溢利配所 作抵銷該等暫期之金額與與不 在確認。當預期之金類與原會於 計改變之期間內影響遞延所 資產之確認及所得稅費用。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 5. Segment information

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") that are used to make strategic decisions. The CODM has been identified as the executive directors of the Company. The CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of the results of the segments. Finance income and costs, and corporate income and expenses are not included in the results for each operating segment that is reviewed by the CODM. Other information provided to the CODM is measured in a manner consistent with that in the financial statements.

During the year, the Group has two reportable segments, which are trading of pipes and fittings ("Trading of pipes and fittings") and manufacture and sale of biomass pellets fuel products ("Biomass Pellets fuel products"). The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments.

Trading of pipes and fittings includes wholesale, retail and logistics operations substantially in Hong Kong and Macau.

Biomass pellets fuel products are contributed by a subsidiary of the Group, 貴州中冠新能源有限公司(Guizhou Zhongguan New Energy Limited\*), which manufactures and sells biomass pellets fuel products in the PRC.

#### 5. 分部資料

於年內,本集團有兩項須予呈報的分部,其中包從事管道及管件貿易(「管道及管件貿易」)及生產及銷售生物質顆粒燃料產品(「生物質顆粒燃料產品」)。以下摘要概述本集團各項須予呈報的分部的業務營運。

管道及管件貿易包括主要在香港及澳 門之批發、零售及物流業務。

生物質顆粒燃料產品分類由本集團附屬公司一貴州中冠新能源有限公司於中國生產及銷售生物質顆粒燃料產品所貢獻。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

## 綜合財務報表附註

## 5. Segment information (Continued)

The segment information for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

## 5. 分部資料(續)

截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月 三十一日止之分部資料如下:

		For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度				
		Reportable segments 呈報的分部				
		Trading of pipes and	Biomass pellets fuel	Total reportable		
		fittings	products	segments	Unallocated	Total
		管道及	- 生物質顆粒	呈報的		
		管件貿易	燃料產品	分部總額	未分配	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	535,978	2,177	538,155		538,155
Results of reportable segments	分部業績	44,784	(3,536)	41,248		41,248
Reconciliation of results of reportable segments to profit for the year	分部業績與年度溢利 的對賬					
Results of reportable segments Unallocated income	<b>分部業績</b> 未分配收入					3,181
Unallocated expenses	未分配支出					(23,017)
Operating profit	經營溢利					21,412
Finance income	財務收入					10,111
Finance costs	財務費用					(2,051)
Profit before income tax	税前溢利					29,472
Tax expense	税項支出					(4,621)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利					24,851
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:					
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備 的折舊	3,686	811	4,497	56	4,553
plant and equipment Net gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備	5,000	011	4,497	20	4,000
plant and equipment	之收益淨額	136	_	136	_	136
Provision for impairment	存貨減值撥備	150		150		.50
of inventories		4,693	-	4,693	-	4,693
Reversal of impairment of	金融資產的減值回撥					
financial assets		(544)		(544)	(2,979)	(3,523)

綜合財務報表附註

## 5. Segment information (Continued)

## **5.** 分部資料(續)

For the year ended 31 December	2017
截至二零一七年十二月三十一日	止年度

		截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度				
		Reportable segments 呈報的分部				
		Trading of pipes and fittings 管道及	Biomass pellets fuel products 生物質顆粒	Total reportable segments 呈報的	Unallocated	Total
		管件貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	燃料產品 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	全報的 分部總額 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	未分配 <i>HK<b>\$</b>'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	總額 HK <b>\$</b> ′000 千港元
Revenue	收入	650,461		650,461		650,461
Results of reportable segments	分部業績	100,712		100,712		100,712
Reconciliation of results of reportable segments to profit for the year	分部業績與年度溢利 的對賬					
Results of reportable segments Unallocated income Unallocated expenses	<b>分部業績</b> 未分配收入 未分配支出					223 (24,901)
Operating profit Finance income Finance costs	<b>經營溢利</b> 財務收入 財務費用					76,034 10,359 (2,219)
Profit before income tax Tax expense	<b>税前溢利</b> 税項支出					84,174 (9,386)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利					74,788
Other segment information: Depreciation of property,	<b>其他分部資料</b> : 物業、廠房及設備					
plant and equipment Net gain on disposal of property,	的折舊 出售物業、廠房及設備	3,408	-	3,408	-	3,408
plant and equipment Provision for impairment	之收益淨額 存貨減值撥備	125	-	125	-	125
of inventories Provision for impairment	金融資產的減值撥備	2,540	-	2,540	-	2,540
of financial assets		198		198		198

## 綜合財務報表附註

## 5. Segment information (Continued)

The segment assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

## 5. 分部資料(續)

於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月 三十一日之分部資產及負債如下:

		Reportable segments 須予呈報的分部			
		Trading			
		of pipes	Biomass pellets		
		and fittings	fuel products	Unallocated	Total
		管道及	生物質顆粒		
		管件貿易	燃料產品	未分配	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	15,914	12,695	105	28,714
Total current assets	總流動資產	527,968	6,926	109,272	644,166
Total Assets	總資產	543,882	19,621	109,377	672,880
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(3,818)	(396)	-	(4,214)
Total current liabilities	總流動負債	(120,233)	(4,514)	(2,486)	(127,233)
Total Liabilities	總負債	(124,051)	(4,910)	(2,486)	(131,447)

Reportable segments 須予呈報的分部

		X 2 = 10.000 H			
		Trading of pipes and fittings 管道及	Biomass pellets fuel products 生物質顆粒	Unallocated	Total
		管件貿易	燃料產品	未分配	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at 31 December 2017	於二零一七年十二月三十一日	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	12,494	-	78,507	91,001
Total current assets	總流動資產	546,491		34,461	580,952
Total Assets	總資產	558,985		112,968	671,953
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(3,008)	-	_	(3,008)
Total current liabilities	總流動負債	(151,434)		(5,469)	(156,903)
Total Liabilities	總負債	(154,442)		(5,469)	(159,911)

綜合財務報表附註

## 5. Segment information (Continued)

#### **Geographical information**

The Group is domiciled in Hong Kong. The Group's revenues from external customers by geographical location are detailed below:

#### 5. 分部資料(續)

#### 地區分部資料

本集團設於香港。本集團按地區分部 的來自外部客戶的收入如下:

#### Revenue

收入

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
508,391	604,956
27,587	45,505
2,177	_
538,155	650,461

Hong Kong 香港 澳門 Macau Mainland China 中國內地

The Group's non-current assets by geographical location are detailed below:

本集團按地區分部的非流動資產如下:

2018

2017

		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	///		
Hong Kong	香港	14,790	89,680
Mainland China	中國內地	13,924	1,321
		28,714	91,001

## 綜合財務報表附註

## 6. Other gains, net

## 6. 其他收益淨額

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net exchange (loss)/gain	匯兑(虧損)/收益淨額	(107)	1,836
Net gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment	收益淨額	136	125
(Loss)/gain on financial assets	按公允價值計入損益之金融		
at fair value through profit or loss	資產之(虧損)/收益	(145)	69
Dividend income from financial assets	按公允價值計入損益之金融		
at fair value through profit or loss	資產之股息收入	105	78
Reversal of provision for customer	客戶補償撥備回撥(附註25)		
claim (Note 25)		3,694	_
Others	其他	584	515
		4,267	2,623
		7,207	2,023

綜合財務報表附註

## 7. Expenses by nature

Operating profit is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

## 7. 開支性質

經營溢利乃扣除/(計入)下列項目後達至:

		2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cost of inventories sold (Note 16) Auditor's remuneration:	已出售之存貨成本(附註16)核數師酬金:	374,317	428,629
<ul><li>Audit services</li><li>Non-audit services</li><li>Depreciation of property, plant and</li></ul>	一審核服務 一非審核服務 物業、廠房及設備折舊	1,300 196	1,252 191
equipment (Note 13)	(附註13)	4,553	3,408
Employee benefit expenses (Note 8)	員工福利開支(附註8)	72,295	80,221
Operating lease payments (Note 13) (Reversal of)/provision for impairment	經營租賃費用(附註13) 金融資產的減值	29,967	22,724
of financial assets	(回撥)/撥備	(3,523)	198
Provision for impairment of inventories, net	存貨減值撥備淨額	4,693	2,540
Other expenses	其他開支	37,212	37,887
Other expenses	六世の文		
		521,010	577,050
Representing:	代表:		
Cost of sales	銷售成本	390,671	441,328
Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷成本	20,844	23,542
General and administrative expenses (Reversal of)/provision for impairment	一般及行政費用 金融資產的減值	113,018	111,982
of financial assets	(回撥)/撥備	(3,523)	198
		521,010	577,050

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### 8. Employee benefit expenses

#### 8. 僱員福利開支

		2010	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Wages, salaries and other benefits	工資、薪金及其他福利	69,867	77,925
Pension costs	退休金成本		
<ul> <li>defined contribution plans</li> </ul>	一定額供款計劃	2,399	2,241
Share-based payment	以股份為基礎之付款		
(Notes 21(b) and 22)	(附註21(b)及22)	29	55
		72,295	80,221

#### (a) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include two (2017: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 30. The emoluments paid to the remaining three (2017: two) individuals were as follows:

Salaries and other short-term	薪金及其他短期僱員
employee benefits	福利
Discretionary bonus	酌情花紅
Pension costs	退休金成本
<ul> <li>defined contribution plans</li> </ul>	一定額供款計劃
Share-based payment	以股份為基礎的付款

#### (a) 五位最高薪人士

於年內,本集團五位最高薪人士包括二位(二零一七年:三位)董事,其薪金已於附註30的分析反映。支付予其餘三位(二零一七年:二位)人士之酬金如下:

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
4,244	3,242
2,676	1,917
54	36
10	18
6,984	5,213

綜合財務報表附註

#### 8. Employee benefit expenses (Continued)

#### (a) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments of the three (2017: two) individuals fell within the following bands:

HK\$1,500,001-HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元-2,000,000港元
HK\$2,000,001-HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元
HK\$2,500,001-HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元-3,000,000港元
HK\$3,000,001-HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元-3,500,000港元

二零一八年 1 1 -1

#### (b) Senior management remuneration by band

The remuneration of senior management fell within the following bands:

## Nil-HK\$1,000,000 無-1,000,000港元 HK\$1,000,001-HK\$1,500,000 1,000,001港元-1,500,000港元 HK\$1,500,001-HK\$2,000,000 1,500,001港元-2,000,000港元 HK\$2,000,001-HK\$2,500,000 2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元 HK\$2,500,001-HK\$3,000,000 2,500,001港元-3,000,000港元 HK\$3,000,001-HK\$3,500,000 3,000,001港元-3,500,000港元 HK\$3,500,001-HK\$4,000,000 3,500,001港元-4,000,000港元

#### 8. 僱員福利開支(續)

#### (a) 五位最高薪人士(續)

三名(二零一七年:二名)最高薪 人士之薪酬介乎下列範圍:

2017

1

二零一七年

2018

#### (b) 高級管理人員薪酬之範圍

向高級管理人員支付之薪酬介乎 下列範圍:

<b>2018</b> 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
-	_
-	2
1	1
1	1
-	1
2	
1	-
5	5

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### 9. Finance income, net

#### 9. 財務收入淨額

		<b>2018</b> 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Bank and other interest income Interest expense on bank borrowings	銀行及其他利息收入 銀行借貸之利息支出	(10,111)	(10,359) 2,219
		(8,060)	(8,140)

## 10. Tax expense

#### 10. 税項支出

		2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current taxation:	即期税項:		
Hong Kong profits tax	香港利得税	3,845	8,806
Overseas tax	海外税項	251	515
Under/(over) provision in prior years	以前年度少提/(多提)	21	(6)
Total current tax	即期税項總額	4,117	9,315
Deferred taxation (Note 24): Origination and reversal of temporary	遞延税項(附註24): 暫時差額之產生及回撥	4,117	9,515
differences		504	71
Tax expense	税項支出	4,621	9,386

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2017: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

香港利得税以年內估計應課税溢利按 税率16.5%(二零一七年:16.5%)計 提。海外税項乃根據年內之估計應課 税溢利按本集團經營業務國家之現行 税率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 10. Tax expense (Continued)

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the Hong Kong profits tax rate as follows:

## 10. 税項支出(續)

本集團有關稅前溢利之稅項支出與假 若採用香港利得稅率而計算之理論稅 額之差額如下:

		<b>2018</b> 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before income tax	税前溢利	29,472	84,174
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to	除税前溢利的名義税項 (按相關司法權區適用於		
profits in the jurisdictions concerned Effect of different tax rates in other	溢利的税率計算) 其他司法地方的不同税率	4,633	13,889
jurisdictions	之影響	(515)	(439)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax loss	使用先前未確認之 税項虧損		(2,638)
Unrecognised tax losses	未確認税項虧損	- 1,954	(2,038)
Tax effect of income not subject	無須課税之收入之	1,954	524
to taxation	税項影響	(1,580)	(1,990)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	不可扣税之支出之税項影響	108	46
Under/(over) provision in prior years	之前年度少提/(多提)	21	(6)
oriue//over/ provision in prior years	と ガリ 〒 1又 グ 1年/ (グ 1年/		(0)
Tax expense	税項支出	4,621	9,386

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 11. Earnings per share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to equity holders and weighted average number of shares with adjustments where applicable as follows:

#### 11. 每股盈利

下表列示計算每股基本盈利及攤薄盈 利乃根據年內權益持有人應佔溢利及 已發行普通股之加權平均股數(需要時 予以調整):

2018

2017

		二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the purpose	計算每股基本盈利之本公司 權益持有人應佔溢利		
of basic earnings per share		26,015	74,945
		Thousands 千股	Thousands 千股
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic	股份數目 計算每股基本盈利之 普通股份之加權平均股數		
earnings per share		1,333,270	1,333,270

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of dilutive potential ordinary shares arising from the Company's share options. Diluted earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2017 and 2018 equal basic earnings per share as the exercise of the outstanding share options would be anti-dilutive.

計算每股攤薄盈利時,已對已發行普通股之加權平均股數作出調整,以假設所有具攤薄潛力之未行使購股權獲悉數轉換。截至二零一七年及二零一八年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,因行使未行使購股權具反攤薄盈利均等如每股基本盈利。

#### 12. Dividend

At the Board meeting held on 25 March 2019, the Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: Nil).

#### 12. 股息

於二零一九年三月二十五日舉行的董 事會會議上,董事會不建議派發截至 二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之 末期股息(二零一七年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

## 13. Property, plant and equipment

## 13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Plant, machinery and equipment 廠房、	Leasehold improvements	Office furniture, fixtures and fittings 辦公室	Office equipment	Computer equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		機器 及設備 <i>HK\$'000</i>	租賃 物業裝修 <i>HK\$'000</i>	像俬、装置 及設備 <i>HK\$*000</i>	文儀設備 <i>HK\$'000</i>	電腦設備 <i>HK\$'000</i>	汽車 <i>HK\$'000</i>	總額 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
<b>Cost</b> At 1 January 2018 Exchange differences	成本 於二零一八年一月一日 匯兑差額	3,440	10,638	1,064 (4)	49 -	4,778 (2)	10,002 (17)	29,971 (23)
Additions Acquisition of a subsidiary	添置 收購一間附屬公司	2,796	3,694	164	49	133	6,412	13,248
(Note 31) Disposals	(附註31) 出售	3,425	2,391 	1,494 			(701)	7,336 (701)
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	9,661	16,723	2,718	124	4,909	15,696	49,831
Accumulated depreciation	累積折舊							
At 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	2,800	9,680	900	10	4,323	6,941	24,654
Exchange differences	匯兑差額 本年度折舊	(6) 475	(19)	(8) 171	-	(2) 210	(17)	(52)
Charge for the year Disposals	平 中 皮 介	-	977	-			2,702 (701)	4,553 (701)
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年 十二月三十一日	3,269	10,638	1,063	28	4,531 	8,925 	28,454
Net book value At 31 December 2018	賬面淨值 於二零一八年							
	十二月三十一日	6,392	6,085	1,655	96	378	6,771	21,377

## 綜合財務報表附註

## 13. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

#### 13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Plant,		Office				
		machinery		furniture,				
		and	Leasehold	fixtures	Office	Computer	Motor	
		equipment	improvements	and fittings	equipment	equipment	vehicles	Total
		廠房、	60 /T	辦公室				
		機器	租賃	<b>傢俬、裝置</b>				
		及設備	物業裝修	及設備	文儀設備	電腦設備	汽車	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本							
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	3,692	10,420	965	23	4,537	8,674	28,311
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	-	6	_	3	25	34
Additions	添置	490	324	93	26	238	2,141	3,312
Disposals	出售	(742)	(106)				(838)	(1,686)
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年							
At 31 Determiner 2017	十二月三十一日	3,440	10,638	1,064	49	4,778	10,002	29,971
Accumulated depreciation	累積折舊							
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	3,223	9,345	857	3	4,003	5,471	22,902
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		( / / -/	5	//-/	2	23	30
Charge for the year	本年度折舊	319	441	38	7	318	2,285	3,408
Disposals	出售	(742)	(106)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(838)	(1,686)
At 31 December 2017	於二零一七年							
	十二月三十一日	2,800	9,680	900	10	4,323	6,941	24,654
	E T VI H							
<b>Net book value</b> At 31 December 2017	<b>賬面淨值</b> 於二零一七年							
ACS / December 2017	十二月三十一日	640	958	164	39	455	3,061	5,317

Lease rentals amounting to HK\$29,765,000 (2017: HK\$22,560,000) and HK\$202,000 (2017: HK\$164,000) relating to the lease of property and motor vehicles respectively are included in the consolidated income statement (Note 7).

與物業和汽車租賃有關的租賃租金分別為29,765,000港元(二零一七年:22,560,000港元)及202,000港元(二零一七年:164,000港元),並包括在綜合收益表中(附註7)。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 14. Subsidiaries

Details of principal subsidiaries which, in the Directors' opinion, materially affect the results and/or net assets of the Group as at 31 December 2018, are set out in Note 32.

## 15. Financial instruments by category

#### 14. 附屬公司

董事認為對本集團之業績及/或於二零一八年十二月三十一日之淨資產構成重大影響之主要附屬公司之詳情載於附註32。

#### 15. 按種類劃分的金融工具

		<b>2018</b> 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Financial assets included in consolidated statement of financial position:	金融資產包括在綜合財務 狀況表:		
Financial assets at amortised cost	以攤銷成本計量的金融資產		
Trade receivables, deposits and other	貿易應收款項、按金及其他		
receivables	應收款項	209,548	228,061
Pledged certificate of deposit (Note 19)	已抵押存款證(附註19)	10,000	10,000
Pledged bank deposits (Note 19)	已抵押銀行存款(附註19)	31,000	37,000
Cash and bank balances (Note 20)	現金及銀行結餘(附註20)	130,117	146,571
Financial assets at fair value through	按公允價值計入損益		
profit or loss (Note 18)	之金融資產(附註18)	2,601	2,744
Total	總額	383,266	424,376

## 綜合財務報表附註

## **15. Financial instruments by category** (Continued)

#### 15. 按種類劃分的金融工具(續)

		2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Financial liabilities included in consolidated statement of financial position:	金融負債包括在綜合財務 狀況表:		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost Trade and other payables Borrowings (Note 23)	以攤銷成本計量的金融負債 貿易及其他應付款項 借貸(附註23)	62,707 57,444	65,567 70,477
Total	總額	120,151	136,044

#### 16. Inventories

#### 16. 存貨

		2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Raw materials Merchandises	原材料商品	242 235,067	204,341
		235,309	204,341

At 31 December 2018, the provision for impairment of inventories amounted to approximately HK\$16,685,000 (2017: HK\$19,201,000).

The cost of inventories recognised as expenses and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$374,317,000 (2017:HK\$428,629,000) (Note 7).

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,存貨 減值撥備約達16,685,000港元(二零 一七年:19,201,000港元)。

確認為支出並列入銷售成本項下之存 貨成本達374,317,000港元(二零一七 年:428,629,000港元)(附註7)。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 17. Trade and other receivables

#### 17. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2018	2017
		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	115,401	121,406
Less: loss allowance (Note 3(b)(ii))	減: 虧損撥備(附註3(b)(ii))	(654)	(2,016)
	,,,,,		
Totale merchankler and	<b>双目库此</b> 表语 · 汉第	444747	110 200
Trade receivables – net	貿易應收款項-淨額	114,747	119,390
Prepayments	預付款	30,817	37,919
Loan to an employee	貸款予一位員工	-	1,328
Amount due from a non-controlling	應收一位非控股股東款項		
shareholder (Note 28(c))	(附註28(c))	4,697	_
Other receivables, deposits and other	其他應收款項、按金及		
assets (notes (i))	其他資產(附註(i))	5,098	22,490
Rental deposits	租賃按金	6,466	6,496
Loan to a related company	貸款予一間關連公司		
(Note 28(d))	(附註28(d))	78,540	78,357
		125,618	146,590
			140,550
	) N II >> #I >D I/O	240,365	265,980
Less non-current portion:	減非流動部份:		
Rental deposits and other assets	租賃按金及其他資產	(7,337)	(7,327)
Loan to a related company	貸款予一間關連公司		(78,357)
		233,028	180,296

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, other receivables and rental deposits approximate their fair values.

貿易應收款項、其他應收款項及租賃按金之賬面金額與彼等公允價值相若。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 17. Trade and other receivables (Continued)

Note (i):

Pursuant to a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") entered into among the Group, 北京華奧農科玉育種開發有限責任公司 (Agria NKY Seeds Co., Ltd. or "ANKY") and Agria Corporation (the "Transaction Guarantor") on 15 December 2017, the Group intends to inject capital into and subscribe the equity interests in ANKY (the "Proposed Transaction"). ANKY is an enterprise established in the PRC principally engaged in the research, production and marketing of corn seeds in the PRC and controlled by a then executive director of the Company.

Pursuant to the MOU, an earnest deposit of HK\$15,000,000 ("Earnest Deposit") was paid by the Group on 19 December 2017. The Earnest Deposit is unsecured, interest free and shall be refunded to the Group prior to 31 May 2018 should the Proposed Transaction not being materialised. This earnest deposit was included in "Other receivables, deposits and other assets" as at 31 December 2017 and had been refunded to the Group during the year when the MOU was lapsed.

As at 31 December 2018, loan to a third party of HK\$1,121,100 (2017: HK\$4,100,000) was impaired and provided for. Although the loan was secured by certain assets of the third party, the Group considered that the recoverability may take a long time and was uncertain. In this connection, the balance amount of the loan was fully provided for. During the year, HK\$2,979,000 was recovered from the third party.

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

HK\$	港元
RMB	人民幣
USD	美元
MOP	澳門幣
Others	其他

#### 17. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

附註(i):

根據本集團於二零一七年十二月十五日與 北京華奧農科玉育種開發有限責任公司(「農 科玉」)及Agria Corporation(「交易擔保人」) 訂立的不具法律約束力的諒解備忘錄(「諒 解備忘錄」),本集團擬增資及認購農科玉 股權(「建議交易」)。農科玉為一間於中國 成立的企業,主要從事玉米種子研發、生 產及市場運營及由本公司當時之一位執行 董事控制的公司。

根據諒解備忘錄,本集團於二零一七年十二月十九日已支付誠意金15,000,000港元(「誠意金」)。誠意金為無抵押,免息及需於二零一八年五月三十一日前應退還予本集團如交易未實現。該誠意金已包括在二零一七年的「其他應收款項、按金及其他資產」內。當該諒解備忘錄已失效,誠意金已於年內退回本集團。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,貸款予一名第三方的1,121,000港元(二零一七年:4,100,000港元)已作減值撥備。雖然該貸款由第三方的若干資產作抵押,但本集團認為可回收性可能需要很長時間而且不確定。就此,該貸款的餘額已全數作撥備。年內已收回第三方約2,979,000港元。

本集團貿易及其他應收款項之賬面金額以下列貨幣計值:

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	<i>千港元</i>
130,545	150,866
7,029	6,928
101,103	106,771
1,508	1,415
180	_
240,365	265,980

綜合財務報表附註

#### 17. Trade and other receivables (Continued)

The Group generally grants credit period of 60–120 days to its customers for its trading of pipes and fittings operation. The ageing analysis of the trade receivables based on the due date is as follows:

#### 17. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

本集團一般給予管道及管件貿易業務客戶之信貸期為60至120天。貿易應收款項按到期日之賬齡分析如下:

2018

		二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within credit period	信貸期內	68,882	75,863
1 to 30 days	1天至30天	23,710	28,226
31 to 60 days	31天至60天	12,245	8,052
61 to 90 days	61天至90天	6,281	3,491
91 to 120 days	91天至120天	1,365	1,282
Over 120 days	超過120天	2,918	4,492
		115,401	121,406

The closing loss allowance for all trade receivables reconcile to the opening loss allowance are as follows:

貿易應收款項的期末虧損撥備與期初 虧損撥備的對帳如下:

> HK\$'000 千港元

2017

Loss allowance as at 1 January 2017 under HKAS 39	於二零一七年一月一日根據香港 會計準則第39號的虧損撥備	1,818
Loss allowance for trade receivables	貿易應收款項的虧損撥備	210
Unused amount reversed	未動用款項回撥	(12)
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2017 under HKAS 39 and 1 January 2018 under HKFRS 9	於二零一七年十二月三十一日根據 香港會計準則第39號及於二零 一八年一月一日根據香港財務報	
	告準則第9號的虧損撥備	2,016
Loss allowance for trade receivables	貿易應收款項的虧損撥備	22
Unused amount reversed	未動用款項回撥	(566)
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible	年內應收款項未能收回而撇銷	(818)
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2018 under HKFRS 9	於二零一八年十二月三十一日 根據香港財務報告準則第9號 的虧損撥備	654

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 17. Trade and other receivables (Continued)

The Group applies HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. This has not resulted in a significant change to the loss allowance of trade receivables as at 1 January 2018.

The loss allowance was decreased to HK\$654,000 for trade receivables during the year ended 31 December 2018.

Information about the impairment of trade receivables and the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk and credit risk can be found in Note 3.1.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivables mentioned above. Save as disclosed above, the Group does not hold any collateral as security.

# 18. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Investment funds at fair value-unlisted 投資基金公允價值一非上市

# Pledged bank deposits and certificate of deposit

As at 31 December 2018, bank deposits of HK\$31,000,000 (2017: HK\$37,000,000) denominated in HK\$ were pledged as collateral for the Group's banking facilities (Note 23).

The effective interest rate on pledged bank deposits was 1.89% (2017: 0.97%) per annum and these deposits are matured within 11 to 155 days (2017: 11 to 158 days).

#### 17. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號 簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損,為所有 貿易應收款項撥備整個存續期內的預 期虧損。於二零一八年一月一日,這 並未導致貿易應收款項的虧損撥備產 生重大變化。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,貿易應收款項的虧損撥備減少至654,000港元。

有關貿易應收款項減值及本集團面臨 外匯風險及信貸風險的資料載於附註 3.1。

於報告日期之最大信貸風險為上述各類應收款項之公允值。除上文所披露外,本集團並無持有任何抵押品作抵押。

# **18.** 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

2018 二零一八年 *HK\$'000 千港元* 

2017 二零一七年 *HK\$'000 千港元* 

2.744

2,601

## 19. 已抵押銀行存款及存款證

於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 31,000,000港元(二零一七年: 37,000,000港元)以港元計值之銀行存 款已予以抵押,作為本集團銀行信貸 額度之擔保(附註23)。

已抵押銀行存款之實際利率為年息 1.89%(二零一七年:0.97%),此等存 款之到期日介乎11天至155天(二零 一七年:11天至158天)。

綜合財務報表附註

# 19. Pledged bank deposits and certificate of deposit (Continued)

As at 31 December 2018, certificate of deposit of HK\$10,000,000 (2017: HK\$10,000,000) was denominated in HK\$ and was pledged as collateral for the Group's banking facilities (Note 23). The effective interest rate on the pledged certificate of deposit is 1.5% (2017: 1.0%) per annum.

## 19. 已抵押銀行存款及存款證(續)

20. 現金及銀行結餘

於二零一八年十二月三十一日, 10,000,000港元(二零一七年: 10,000,000港元)以港元計值之存款證 已予以抵押,作為本集團銀行信貸額 度之擔保(附註23)。已抵押存款證之 實際利率為年息1.5%(二零一七年: 1.0%)。

#### 20. Cash and bank balances

		<b>2018</b> 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	千港元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	130,117	146,571
Maximum exposure to credit risk	須承受的最高信貸風險	129,906	146,247

The carrying amounts of the Group and the Company's cash and bank balances are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團及本公司之現金及銀行結餘之 賬面金額按以下貨幣計值:

2018

2017

		一令一八十	一令 14
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$	港元	97,061	122,664
RMB	人民幣	13,058	8,015
USD	美元	17,561	12,663
Others	其他	2,437	3,229
		130,117	146,571
		130,117	140,571

The conversion of RMB denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of these funds out of Mainland China is subject to the exchange control restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

將以人民幣計值之結餘兑換為外幣及 將該等資金匯出中國內地,須受中國 政府實施之外匯管制措施規限。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 21. Share capital

#### 21. 股本

Number of shares issued 己發行股份數目

Thousands 千股 HK\$'000 千港元

At 1 January and 31 December 2018

於二零一八年一月一日 及十二月三十一日

1,333,270

26.665

At 1 January and 31 December 2017

於二零一七年一月一日 及十二月三十一日

1,333,270

26,665

#### (a) Issued shares

The authorized share capital of the Company was HK\$500,000,000, comprising 25,000 million shares with a par value of HK\$0.02 per share. All issued shares are fully paid.

#### (b) Share option scheme

The share option scheme approved by the shareholders of the Company on 24 June 2004 (the "2004 Scheme") has expired on 23 June 2014. Thereafter, no further options will be granted under the 2004 Scheme but the subsisting options granted thereunder prior to the expiry date will continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of the 2004 Scheme.

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 May 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "2015 Scheme") under which the directors of the Company may grant options to eligible persons to subscribe for the Company's shares subject to the terms and conditions as stipulated therein. Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the 2015 Scheme will remain valid for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption.

No share option under the 2015 Scheme was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed, during the current year nor outstanding as at 31 December 2018.

#### (a) 已發行股份

本公司法定股本為500,000,000港元,由每股面值0.02港元共25,000,000,000股組成。所有已發行股份皆已繳足。

#### (b) 購股權計劃

本公司股東於二零零四年六月二十四日批准之購股權計劃(「二零零四年計劃」)已於二零一四年六月二十三日屆滿。此後,概無根據二零零四年計劃再授出購股權,但於屆滿日期前根據二零零四年計劃條款授出之購股權將繼續有效並可予行使。

於本年度期間概無任何購股權根 據二零一五年計劃獲授出、行使、 註銷或失效,亦無購股權於二零 一八年十二月三十一日尚未獲行 使。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 21. Share capital (Continued)

#### (b) Share option scheme (Continued)

The Company was authorised to grant share options under the 2015 Scheme for subscription of up to a total of 133,327,000 shares, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of adoption. The directors of the Company are authorised at their absolute discretion, to invite any eligible participants as defined in the Scheme, to take up options to subscribe for shares in the Company. The subscription price will be determined by the Board, but shall be at least the highest of (a) the closing price of shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date on which the relevant options are deemed to be granted and accepted in accordance with the terms of the Scheme ("the Commencement Date"), which must be a day on which the Hong Kong Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities ("Trading Day"); (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five Trading Days immediately preceding the Commencement Date; and (c) the nominal value of the shares. A consideration of HK\$10 is payable on acceptance of the grant of option. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the 2015 Scheme may not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of adoption of the 2015 Scheme. The number of shares may be refreshed by the approval of the shareholders and the refreshed limit of the number of shares must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the approval of the refreshed limit.

As a result of the share consolidation become effective, the exercise price and the number of consolidated shares to be issued upon the exercise of the outstanding options granted under the 2004 Scheme have been adjusted in accordance with the terms of the 2004 Scheme and Rule 17.03(13) of the Listing Rules.

#### 21. 股本(續)

#### (b) 購股權計劃(續)

本公司獲授權根據二零一五年計 劃授出購股權以認購最多合共 133.327.000股股份, 佔於採納日 期本公司已發行股本之10%。授 權本公司董事全權酌情邀請任何 合資格參與者(定義見購股權計 劃)接納可認購本公司股份之購 股權。認購價將由董事會釐定, 惟不得低於(a)股份於有關購股權 被視為按照購股權計劃條款授出 及接納當日(「開始日期」)(須為香 港聯交所經營證券買賣業務之日 期(「交易日」))在香港聯交所每 日報價表所報之收市價;(b)股份 於緊接開始日期前連續五個交易 日在香港聯交所每日報價表所報 之平均收市價;及(c)股份面值三 者中之最高者。接納授出之每份 購股權時,承授人須支付10港元 之代價。根據二零一五年計劃授 出之購股權涉及之股份最高數目, 不得超過採納二零一五年計劃當 日本公司已發行股本之10%。股 份數目可由股東批准更新,惟經 更新之股份數目上限不得超過批 准更新上限之日期本公司已發行 股本之10%。

於股份合併生效後,根據本公司 於二零零四年計劃授出但尚未行 使的購股權的行使價及於行使時 將予發行之合併股份數目按二零 零四年計劃的條款及上市規則第 17.03(13)條作出以下調整。

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### 21. Share capital (Continued)

#### (b) Share option scheme (Continued)

Movements in the number of share options outstanding during the year are as follows:

## 21. 股本(續)

#### (b) 購股權計劃(續)

年內,尚未行使購股權數目之變動如下:

		Exercise Price	31 December	Granted and			31 December
Date of grant	Date of maturity	HK\$	<b>2017</b> 二零一七年	accepted	Exercised	Lapsed	<b>2018</b> 二零一八年
		行使價	十二月				十二月
授出日期	到期日	港元	三十一日	已授出並接納	已行使	已失效	三十一日
3 December 2009 二零零九年十二月三日	2 December 2019 二零一九年十二月二日	0.71	18,300,000	_	-	3,300,000	15,000,000
5 May 2010 二零一零年五月五日	4 May 2020 二零二零年五月四日	0.83	1,000,000				1,000,000
Total 總額			19,300,000		_	3,300,000	16,000,000

Out of 16,000,000 (2017: 19,300,000) outstanding share options, 15,280,000 (2017: 17,860,000) share options were exercisable.

The estimated fair value of share options granted is based on the Binomial model. The significant inputs into the models are as follows:

Date of grant	授出日期
Exercise price Expected volatility Option life	行使價 預期波幅 購股權年期
Annual risk free interest rate Dividend yield	年度無風險利率 孳息率

Fair value

The expected volatility measured at the standard deviation is based on the historical data of the weekly share price movement of comparable companies of the Company.

公允價值

於16,000,000股(二零一七年: 19,300,000)購股權中15,280,000 (二零一七年: 17,860,000)股為可行使。

已授出購股權的估計公允價值根據二項式估值模式計算。輸入該模式的主要參數如下:

5 May 2010 3 December 2009

二零一零年五月五日	二零零九年 十二月三日
HK\$0.83 55%	HK\$0.71 54%
10 years 10 年	10 years 10年
2.86%	2.16%
3.10%	3.58%
HK\$0.26 - HK\$0.38	HK\$0.21 - HK\$0.31

按標準差計量之預期波幅乃基於 本公司之可比公司每週股份價格 變動的歷史數據。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 21. Share capital (Continued)

#### (b) Share option scheme (Continued)

(i) On 3 December 2009, 59,200,000 share options were offered to and accepted by Directors and employees, with an exercise price of HK\$0.71 and an option period of 10 years commencing from 3 December 2009 and expiring on 2 December 2019 (both days inclusive). The options granted to the grantees are vested in stages and be exercised in the following manner:

# Maximum percentage of the options exercisable 可行使之購股權最高百分比

20% 20% 20% 20% 20%

(ii) On 5 May 2010, 1,600,000 share options were offered to and accepted by a Director and an employee, with an exercise price of HK\$0.83 and an option period of 10 years commencing from 5 May 2010 and expiring on 4 May 2020 (both days inclusive). The options granted to the grantees are vested in stages and be exercised in the following manner:

# Maximum percentage of the options exercisable 可行使之購股權最高百分比

20% 20% 20% 20% 20%

(iii) Vesting of certain options granted to certain employees are subject to achievement of profit target.

#### 21. 股本(續)

#### (b) 購股權計劃(續)

(i) 於二零零九年十二月三日, 本集團向董事及僱員要約 已獲接納59,200,000份購股權,該等購股權之行使價為 位,該等購股權期限之行限限為 年,由二零一九年十二月 日開始至二零一九年十二月 二日到期(包括首尾兩日)。 授予承授人的購股權將分時 段歸屬,並按以下方式行使:

# Period for exercise of the relevant percentage of the options

行使相關購股權百分比之期限

3/6/2010 - 2/12/2019 3/6/2011 - 2/12/2019 3/6/2012 - 2/12/2019 3/6/2013 - 2/12/2019 3/6/2014 - 2/12/2019

(ii) 於二零一零年五月五日,本 集團向董事及僱員要約並已 獲接納1,600,000份購股權, 該等購股權之行使價為0.83 港元及購股權期限為十年, 由二零一零年五月五日開始 至二零二零年五月四日到期 (包括首尾兩日)。授予承授 人的購股權將分階段歸屬, 並按以下方式行使:

# Period for exercise of the relevant percentage of the options

行使相關購股權百分比之期限

5/11/2010 – 4/5/2020 5/11/2011 – 4/5/2020 5/11/2012 – 4/5/2020 5/11/2013 – 4/5/2020 5/11/2014 – 4/5/2020

(iii) 授予若干僱員之若干購股權 須達到溢利目標方可歸屬予 有關僱員。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 22. Reserves

#### 22. 儲備

								Share-			
			Capital	Merger				based			
		Share	reserve	reserve	Statutory	Other	Exchange	payment	Retained		
		premium	(note(i))	(note(ii))	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total	
								以股份			
			資本儲備	合併儲備				為基礎的			
		股份溢價	(附註(i))	(附註(ii))	法定儲備	其他儲備	匯兑儲備	付款儲備	保留溢利	總額	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
	** *										
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	126,618	34,115	3,700	24	270	1,107	5,197	238,580	409,611	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	74,945	74,945	
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額	-	-	-	_	_	(4)	-	_	(4)	
Share-based payment	以股份為基礎的付款	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	-	55	
Actuarial gain on post-employment	離職後福利債務的精算										
benefit obligations, net of tax	收益,扣除税項後	-	_	-	-	935	-	-	-	935	
Changes in ownership interests	不導致失去控制權的										
in subsidiaries without changes	附屬公司權益變動										
of control		////-	-	-	_	-		_	(165)	(165)	
								$\overline{77}$	7//		
At 31 December 2017 and	於二零一七年										
1 January 2018	十二月三十一日及										
, sandary 2010	二零一八年一月一日	126,618	34,115	3,700	24	1,205	1,103	5, 252	313,360	485,377	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	-	-,200	-	-	26,015	26,015	
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額	_	_	_	_	_	(1,161)	_		(1,161)	
Share-based payment	以股份為基礎的付款	_	_	_	_	_	(1,101)	29	_	29	
Actuarial loss on post-employment	離職後福利債務的精算							23		23	
benefit obligations, net of tax	虧損,扣除税項後	_		_	_	(110)	_			(110)	
Transfer upon lapse of share	因購股權失效轉撥	-	_	_	-	(110)	-	_	_	(110)	
	凶 期							(925)	925		
options								(925)	923		
A+ 24 Daggarden 2040	<b>从</b> 一壶 □左										
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年	420.040	24.445	3 700	24	4 005	(FC)	4.354	240 200	F40 4F0	
	十二月三十一日	126,618	34,115	3,700	24	1,095	(58)	4,356	340,300	510,150	

#### Notes:

- (i) The capital reserve of the Group mainly represents contribution from the shareholders in connection with the acquisition of the remaining interests in a subsidiary in 1999.
- (ii) The merger reserve of the Group arising from the Group reorganisation is determined by the difference between the nominal value of shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation and the nominal value of the Company's shares deemed to have been issued.

#### 附註:

- (i) 本集團之資本儲備主要是於一九九九 年收購一間附屬公司之餘下權益與股 東有關的貢獻。
- (ii) 本集團因集團重組而產生之合併儲備, 乃按集團重組購入之附屬公司股份面 值與視作已發行之本公司股份面值兩 者間之差額釐定。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 23. Borrowings

#### 23. 借貸

		2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current	流動		
Trust receipt loans, secured (note (i)) Trust receipt loans, unsecured	有抵押信託收據貸款(附註(i)) 無抵押信託收據貸款	31,694 25,750	51,865 18,612
		57,444	70,477

Notes:

- The carrying amounts of the trust receipt loans approximate their fair values. As at 31 December 2018, the banking facilities were secured by corporate guarantees, bank deposits of HK\$31,000,000 (2017: HK\$37,000,000) and certificate of deposit of HK\$10,000,000 (2017: HK\$10,000,000).
- The borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

附註:

- 信託收據貸款之賬面金額與彼等 公允值相若。於二零一八年十二月 三十一日,銀行融資由公司擔保、 銀行存款約31,000,000港元(二零 一七年:37,000,000港元)及存款證 約10,000,000港元(二零一七年: 10,000,000港元)作抵押。
- 借貸以下列貨幣列值:

	2018	2017
	二零一八年	二零一七年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
<u> </u>	57,444	70,477

HK\$ 港元

- (iii) The effective interest rates (per annum) of bank borrowings at
- the financial reporting date are as follows:

Trust receipt loans 信託收據貸款 於財務報告日,銀行借貸之實際年利 率如下:

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 24. Deferred taxation

#### 24. 遞延税項

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
(1,352)	(436)

Deferred tax liabilities to be settled after 12 months

將於十二個月後償還之 遞延税項負債

Deferred tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using tax rates of the relevant subsidiaries applicable to the period when the asset is expected to be realised or the liability to be settled, based on tax rates that have been substantively enacted by the financial reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

The net movement on the deferred tax account is as follows:

頒布)作全數撥備。 當有法定權利可將即期税項資產與即 期稅項負債抵銷,而遞延稅項資產及

遞延税項採用負債法就有關附屬公司

預期資產變現或負債結算之期間所適用之稅率(於財務報告日已頒布或實質

留有么足權利可將即期稅項負產與即期稅項負債抵銷,而遞延稅項負債抵銷,而遞延稅項資產及 遞延稅項負債涉及同一稅務機關徵收, 一家應課稅公司或不同的應課稅公司 有意將餘額以淨額結算,則可將遞延 稅項資產與遞延稅項負債互相抵銷。

遞延税項賬目之變動淨額如下:

二零一八年

2018

2017

(181)

(71) (184)

(436)

二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Acquisition of a subsidiary Charged to income statement (Note 10) Credited/(charged) to equity	於一月一日 收購一家附屬公司 在收益表中扣除(附註10) 在權益中計入/(扣除)	(436) (435) (504) 22
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	1
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(1,352)

綜合財務報表附註

Tax losses 税務虧損 HK\$'000

#### 24. Deferred taxation (Continued)

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

#### **Deferred tax assets**

#### 24. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產及負債於年內之變動(未 計及於相同徵稅區內抵銷之結餘)如下:

#### 遞延税項資產

		十港元
At 1 January 2017 Charged to income statement	於二零一七年一月一日 在收益表中扣除 -	180 (140)
At 31 December 2017 Charged to income statement	於二零一七年十二月三十一日 在收益表中扣除	40 (40)
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	_

#### **Deferred tax liabilities**

#### 遞延税項負債

Remeasurement

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊	gain of post- employment benefit obligations 離職後福利債務 的重計量收益	Total
		加处1亿块1万亩 HK\$′000	HK\$'000	₩ 領 HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i>
At 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	(307)	(54)	(361)
Credited to income statement	在收益表中計入	69	_	69
Charged to equity	在權益中扣除		(184)	(184)
At 31 December 2017 and	於二零一七年十二月三十一日			
1 January 2018	及二零一八年一月一日	(238)	(238)	(476)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一家附屬公司	(435)	-	(435)
Charged to income statement	在收益表中扣除	(464)	-	(464)
Credited to equity	在權益中計入	_	22	22
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	1		1
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	(1,136)	(216)	(1,352)

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 24. Deferred taxation (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$3,704,000 (2017: HK\$2,345,000) in respect of accumulated tax losses amounting to HK\$17,536,000 (2017: HK\$10,275,000) as at 31 December 2018, that can be carried forward against future taxable income. As at 31 December 2018, the accumulated tax losses amounting to HK\$6,599,000 (2017: HK\$5,449,000) will be expired in five years. There is no expiry period for the other tax losses.

### 25. Trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities

#### 24. 遞延税項(續)

遞延所得税項資產乃因應相關税務利益可透過未來應課税溢利變現而就所結轉之稅項虧損作出確認。本集團並未就二零一八年十二月三十一可結轉以抵銷未來應課稅收入之零日,稅項虧損17,536,000港元(二零所得稅項資產3,704,000港元(二零一十二月三十一日,該等累計稅項衛達6,599,000港元(二零一七年:5,449,000港元),將於五年內到期。其他稅項虧損並無屆滿期間。

# **25.** 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及合同負債

2018

2017

		二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Contract liabilities (2017: Deposits	貿易應付款項 合同負債(二零一七年:	33,904	39,493
received from customers)	預收客戶按金)	16,384	14,901
Accrued expenses and other payables (note)	預提費用及其他應付款項 (附註)	18,939	28,042
		69,227	82,436

Note:

Included in other payables of the Group as at 31 December 2017 was a provision for a customer claim of HK\$3,694,000 made for a project in Hong Kong in prior years. During the year, management reassessed the circumstances and considered that the chance for claim has became remote and therefore has made a reversal of the provision in the consolidated income statement.

附註:

包括在本集團於二零一七年十二月三十一日的其他應付款項中,於過往年度,本集團就一項於香港的項目作出3,694,000港元的客戶補償撥備。於本年度內,管理層重新評估狀況及認為客戶索賠的機會是不大的,因此已就撥備回撥至綜合收益表。

綜合財務報表附註

### 25. Trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities (Continued)

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

Within 30 days	30天以內
31 to 60 days	31天至60天
61 to 90 days	61天至90天
Over 90 days	超過90天

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities are denominated in the following currencies:

HK\$	港元
USD	美元
RMB	人民幣
Others	其他

# **25.** 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及合同負債*(續)*

本集團貿易應付款項的賬齡按發票日 期分析如下:

2017
二零一七年
HK\$'000
千港元
33,706
4,230
1,477
80
39,493

本集團之貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及合同負債之賬面金額按以下貨幣計值:

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
35,630	45,377
22,782	29,852
4,787	1,251
6,028	5,956
	-
69,227	82,436

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 26. Commitments

#### (a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the year but not yet incurred is as follows:

#### 26. 承擔

#### (a) 資本承擔

於年終已簽訂合同但仍未產生的 資本開支如下:

2018 二零一八年 *HK\$'000* 千港元 2017 二零一七年 *HK\$'000 千港元* 

Capital expenditure in respect of the acquisition of motor vehicles contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements

就購置汽車訂約但於 綜合財務報表未撥備 的資本開支

1,240

#### (b) Operating lease commitments

#### (b) 經營租賃承擔

	<b>2018</b> 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	<i>千港元</i>	千港元
Land and buildings 土地及樓 <sup>s</sup>	<del>}</del>	
Not later than one year 不超過-	<b>-</b> 年 <b>29,004</b>	28,426
Later than one year and not later than 超過一年	F及不超過五年	
five years	85,664	92,453
Later than five years 超過五年	72,617	90,391
	187,285	211,270
Equipment and motor vehicles 設備及汽車	Į.	
Not later than one year 不超過-	<b>-</b> 年 <b>557</b>	631
Later than one year and not later than 超過一年	F及不超過五年	
five years	765	1,190
	-	
	1,322	1,821
	188,607	213,091
		213,331

The lease terms are between one and ten years, and the majority of lease agreements are renewable at the end of the lease period at market rate.

租賃期介乎一至十年,主要的租 賃合約於租賃期屆滿後按市價續 約。

綜合財務報表附註

# 27. Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows

#### 27. 綜合現金流量表附註

**Cash flows from operations** 

經營業務所得之現金流量

		2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Profit before income tax	税前溢利	29,472	84,174
Adjustments for:	就下列作出調整:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備的折舊	4,553	3,408
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment, net (note)	之收益淨額(附註)	(136)	(125)
Interest income	利息收入	(10,111)	(10,359)
Interest expense	利息支出	2,051	2,219
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment	金融資產的減值		
of financial assets	(回撥)/撥備	(3,523)	198
Provision for impairment	存貨減值撥備淨額		
of inventories, net		4,693	2,540
Reversal of provision for customer claim		(3,694)	-
Fair value loss/(gain) on financial assets	按公允價值計入損益之金融		
at fair value through profit or loss	資產的公允價值虧損/ (收益)	145	(69)
Dividend income from financial assets	按公允價值計入損益之金融		
at fair value through profit or loss	資產的股息收入	(105)	(78)
Share-based payment	以股份為基礎的付款	29	55
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(482)	(1,436)
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:		
Increase in inventories	存貨增加	(35,304)	(47,442)
Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other	貿易及其他應收款項減少/		
receivables	(增加)	39,232	(30,266)
Increase in financial assets at fair value	按公允價值計入損益之金融		
through profit or loss	資產增加	-	(1,018)
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables,	貿易應付款項、其他應付		
other payables and contract liabilities	款項及合同負債(減少)/		
	增加	(12,767)	2,145
Net cash generated from operations	經營業務所得現金淨額	14,053	3,946
<u> </u>			, ,

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 27. Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

#### Cash flows from operations (Continued)

Note: Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprises:

#### 27. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### 經營業務所得之現金流量(續)

附註:出售物業、廠房及設備之所得款項 包括:

		2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Net book amount Gain on disposal	賬面淨值 出售之收益	136	125
Proceeds from disposal	出售所得款項	136	125
Represented by: Cash	代表: 現金	136	125

The reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities is as follows:

金融活動產生的負債的對賬如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2017	於二零一七年一月一日	(73,991)
Cash flows	現金流量	3,514
As at 1 January 2018	於二零一八年一月一日	(70,477)
Cash flows	現金流量	13,033
As at 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	(57,444)

綜合財務報表附註

#### 28. Related party transactions

Transactions for the year

(a) Key management compensation

#### 28. 關連人士交易 年內交易

(a) 主要管理人員報酬

Salaries and other short term employee	薪金及其他短期僱員	
benefits	福利	
Pension costs	退休金成本	
<ul> <li>defined contribution plans</li> </ul>	一定額供款計劃	
Share-based payment	以股份為基礎之付款	
		_

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
千港元	<i>千港元</i>
18,260	22,321
126	126
29	55
18,415	22,502

#### (b) (i) Rental payment to a related party

#### (b) (i) 向關連人士支付的租金

2018	2017
二零一八年	二零一七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
163	164

Rental paid to a related company (note)

支付租金給一間關連公司 (附註)

#### Note:

The Group paid rental of a car and a car licence to a company controlled by Mr. Lai Guanglin, the former executive director and Chairman of the Company who resigned on 30 March 2018, for a fixed sum of RMB12,000 (equal to HK\$13,600) per month as agreed by both parties. This is also a connected transaction which is exempted under the Listing Rules 14A.76.

#### 附註:

本集團就車輛及車牌租賃費向一間由本公司前任執行董事兼主席LaiGuanglin先生(已於二零一八年三月三十日辭任)控制的公司支付由雙方協定的每月固定費用12,000人民幣(等於13,600港元)。此交易亦為根據上市條例14A.76條而豁免進行的關連交易。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 28. Related party transactions (Continued)

Transactions for the year (Continued)

(b) (ii) Consultancy fees to related parties

#### 28. 關連人士交易(續)

年內交易(續)

(b) (ii) 向關連人士支付的顧問費

支付顧問費予楊莉女士 Consultancy fee paid to Ms. Yang Li (附註1) (note 1) Consultancy fee paid to Mr. Lai Guanglin 支付顧問費予Lai Guanglin 先生(附註2)

2018 2017 二零一八年 二零一十年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 500 2,232

#### Note 1:

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group paid consultancy fee to Ms. Yang Li, the former independent non-executive director of the Company who resigned on 1 September 2016, for a fixed sum of HK\$41,700 per month as agreed by both parties. This is a connected transaction which is exempted under Rule 14A.76 of the Listing Rules. Ms. Yang Li ceased to be a related party from 1 September 2017.

#### Note 2:

During the year, the Group paid consultancy fee to Mr. Lai Guanglin, the former executive Director and the Chairman of the Company who resigned on 30 March 2018, for a fixed sum of HK\$248,000 per month as agreed by both parties. This is a connected transaction which is exempted under Rule 14A.76 of the Listing Rules.

### Year end balances

(c) Amount due from a non-controlling (c) 應收一位非控股 shareholder 股東款項

The amount is unsecured, interest free and is expected to be repaid before 31 December 2019.

#### 附註1:

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團向前任獨立非執行董 事楊莉女士(其於二零一六年九月一 日辭任)支付由雙方協定的每月固定 41,700港元顧問費。此交易為根據上 市規則14A.76條而獲得豁免的關連交 易。楊莉女士自二零一七年九月一日 起不再為關連人士。

#### 附註2:

於年內,本集團向本公司之前任執行 董事兼主席Lai Guanglin先生(彼於二 零一八年三月三十日辭任)支付由雙 方協定的每月固定248,000港元顧問 費。此交易為根據上市規則14A.76條 而獲得豁免的關連交易。

#### 年末餘額

2018 2017 二零一十年 二零一八年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 4,697

該金額為無抵押、免息及預計將於二 零一九年十二月三十一日前償還。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 28. Related party transactions (Continued)

#### Year end balances (Continued)

#### (d) Loan to a related company

On 1 August 2016, the Group advanced a loan of US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$77,746,000) to China Victory International Holdings Limited ("CVIL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Agria Corporation, for a term of 3 years.

The loan carried interest at 10.5% per annum and is repayable by 31 July 2019. The loan is secured by the entire issued shares of CVIL executed by Agria Group Limited ("AGL"), the immediate holding company of CVIL, and also guaranteed by a deed of corporate guarantee executed by Agria Corporation in favour of the Group. Mr. Lai Guanglin, a then director and ultimate controlling party of the Company, is also a controlling shareholder of Agria Corporation.

Pursuant to a resolution passed in a special general meeting of the Company on 23 February 2018, the Group and CVIL agreed to novate and AGL, a whollyowned subsidiary of Agria Corporation and the immediate holding company of CVIL, agreed to assume the Group's loan to CVIL of US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,357,000) with all other terms and conditions remained unchanged.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the interest income from AGL amounted to approximately US\$1,050,000 (equivalent to HK\$8,252,000) (2017: US\$1,050,000 (equivalent to HK\$8,206,000)).

As at 31 December 2018, the loan to AGL amounted to US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,540,000) (31 December 2017: US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,357,000)).

#### 28. 關連人士交易(續)

#### 年末餘額(續)

#### (d) 貸款予一間關連公司

於二零一六年八月一日,本集團向中滙國際集團有限公司(「CVIL」)(Agria Corporation的一間全資附屬公司)墊付期限3年的貸款10,000,000美元(相等於77,746,000港元)。

該貸款以年息10.5%計息,並將於二零一九年七月三十一日之前償還。該貸款由CVIL的直接控股公司Agria Group Limited(「AGL」)行使CVIL的全部已發行股份作擔保及Agria Corporation執行對本集團作公司擔保契約。本公司當時之董事兼最終控制人Lai Guanglin先生,亦為Agria Corporation控股股東。

根據於二零一八年二月二十三日本公司舉行的股東特別大會上通過的決議案,本集團及CVIL同意更替及AGL (Agria Corporation的全資附屬公司及CVIL的直接控股公司) 同意承擔本集團向CVIL給予的貸款 10,000,000美元 (相等於78,357,000港元),其他條款和條件保持不變。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,從AGL所得的利息收入約為1,050,000美元(相等於8,252,000港元)(二零一七年:1,050,000美元(相等於8,206,000港元))。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,借予AGL的貸款金額為10,000,000美元(相等於78,540,000港元(二零一七年十二月三十一日:10,000,000美元(相等於78,357,000港元))。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

# 29. Statement of financial position and reserve movement of the Company

#### 29. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

As	at 31	Dec	eml	ber
怂	+ = F	3 = -	⊢-	н

			於十一月	ニエーロ
		Note 附註	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
ASSETS Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司投資		81 90,435	109 90,406
			90,516	90,515
Current assets Prepayments and other receivables Tax recoverable Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and bank balances	流動資產 預付款及其他應收款項 可收回税項 應收附屬公司款項 現金及銀行結餘		486 2,103 39,791 2,046	882 - 60,699 2,521
			44,426	64,102
Total assets	總資產		134,942	154,617
EQUITY Equity holders Share capital Reserves	<b>權益</b> 權益持有人 股本 儲備	(i)	26,665 102,567	26,665 107,609
Total equity	總權益		129,232	134,274
Current liabilities Other payables Taxation payable Amounts due to subsidiaries	負債 流動負債 其他應付款項 應付稅項 應付附屬公司款項		2,166 _ 3,544	4,621 159 15,563
Total liabilities	總負債		5,710	20,343
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		134,942	154,617
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		38,716	43,759
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		129,232	134,274

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the board of Directors on 25 March 2019 and was signed on its behalf:

本公司的財務狀況表已由董事會於二零一九年三月二十五日批核,並代表董事會簽署:

Lai Fulin 賴福麟 Director 董事 Yu Ben Ansheng 俞安生

Director董事

綜合財務報表附註

# 29. Statement of financial position and reserve movement of the Company (Continued)

Notes:

(i) Reserve movement of the Company

# 29. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

附註:

(i) 本公司儲備之變動

At 1 January 2017 Profit for the year Share-based payment	於二零一七年一月一日 本年度溢利 以股份為基礎的付款	Share premium 股份溢價 <i>HK\$*000 千港元</i> 126,618	Contributed surplus (note) 缴入盈餘 (附註) HK\$*000 千港元	Share-based payment reserve 以股份為基礎的付款儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated deficits  累計虧損  HK\$'000  干港元  (127,697)  16,677	<b>Total</b> 總額 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i> 90,877 16,677 55
At 31 December 2017 and 1 January 2018 Loss for the year Share-based payment Transfer upon lapse of share options	於二零一七年十二月三十一日 及二零一八年一月一日 本年度虧損 以股份為基礎的付款 因購股權失效轉撥	126,618 - - -	86,759 - - -	5,252 - 29 (925)	(111,020) (5,071) - 925	107,609 (5,071) 29
At 31 December 2018	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	126,618	86,759	4,356	(115,166)	102,567

Note:

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange for all the issued ordinary shares of World Trade Bun Kee (BVI) Ltd. and the value of net assets of the underlying subsidiaries acquired by the Company in 2000. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to the shareholders, subject to a solvency test. At the Group level, the contributed surplus is reclassified into its component of reserves of the underlying subsidiaries.

附註:

本公司之繳入盈餘乃指本公司為換取 World Trade Bun Kee (BVI) Ltd.全部已 發行普通股而發行之股份面值與本公司所收購有關附屬公司於二零零年 之資產淨值兩者間之差額。根據百 達一九八一年公司法(經修訂),繳 之情況下,可供分派予股東。在本集 團之賬目上,繳入盈餘重新分類為有 關附屬公司之儲備組成部分。

綜合財務報表附註

- 30. Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and HK Listing Rules)
  - (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of each director and the chief executive for the year ended 31 December 2017 and 2018 is set out below:

- 30. 董事的利益和權益(根據香港 《公司條例》(第622章)第383 條及《公司(披露董事利益資料) 規例》(第622G章)及香港《上市 規則》的規定而作出的披露)
  - (a) 董事及行政總裁酬金

各董事及行政總裁於截至二零 一七年及二零一八年十二月 三十一日止年度的酬金載列如下:

			For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度							
		Emoluments paid	noluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking							
			paid o receivable in respec of director's other service in connection Remunerations with the Employer's paid or managemen Estimated contributions receivable in of the affair money value to a respect of of the of other retirement accepting Company o					Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other service in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or		
		Fees	Salary	Discretionary bonuses	Housing allowance	benefits (note (iv))	benefit scheme	office as director 就接納	its subsidiary undertaking 就管理本公司 或其附屬公司 企業的事務	Total
						其他福利的	僱主對	擔任董事	提供其他董事	
Name of Directors	董事姓名	袍金 <i>HK\$'000</i>	薪金 HK\$'000	酌情花紅 HK\$'000	房屋津貼 HK\$'000	估計貨幣價值 (附註(iv)) HK\$'000	退休福利 計劃之供款 <i>HK\$*000</i>	一職而支付 或應收的酬金 <i>HK\$'000</i>	服務而支付 或應收的酬金 <i>HK\$'000</i>	總額 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Lai Guanglin (note (i)) Yu Ben Ansheng (note (ii))	Lai Guanglin (附註(i)) 俞安生 (附註(ii))	-	863 2,561	463	-	362 140	- 18	-	-	1,225 3,182
Lai Fulin U Kean Seng (note (iii))	賴福麟 余建成(附註(ii))	- 48	2,407 -	1,103 -	-	140	18	-	-	3,668 48
Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson	黃以信	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200
Chen Wei Wen Guan Zhiqiang	陳偉文 管志強	150 200			-					150 200
		598	5,831	1,566		642	36			8,673

綜合財務報表附註

- 30. Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and HK Listing Rules) (Continued)
  - (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)
- 30. 董事的利益和權益(根據香港 《公司條例》(第622章)第383 條及《公司(披露董事利益資料) 規例》(第622G章)及香港《上市 規則》的規定而作出的披露)(續)
  - (a) 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2017 截至二零一十年十二月三十一日 | 上年度

Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 作為董事(不管是本公司或其附屬公司企業)提供服務而支付或應收的酬金

									Emoluments	
									paid or	
									receivable	
									in respect	
									of director's	
									other service	
									in connection	
								Remunerations	with the	
							Employer's	paid or	management	
						Estimated	contributions	receivable in	of the affairs	
						money value	to a	respect of	of the	
						of other	retirement	accepting	Company or	
				Discretionary	Housing	benefits	benefit	office as	its subsidiary	
		Fees	Salary	bonuses	allowance	(note (iv))	scheme	director	undertaking	Total
									就管理本公司	
									或其附屬公司	
								就接納	企業的事務	
						其他福利的	僱主對	擔任董事	提供其他董事	
						估計貨幣價值	退休福利	一職而支付	服務而支付	
Name of Directors	董事姓名	袍金	薪金	酌情花紅	房屋津貼	(附註(iv))	計劃之供款	或應收的酬金	或應收的酬金	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Lai Guanglin	Lai Guanglin	/ /-	3,495	294	-	2,799	///=	-	-	6,588
Yu Ben Ansheng (note (ii))	俞安生(附註(ii))	/ / -	2,460	437	-	140	18	-	-	3,055
Lai Fulin	賴福麟	-	1,672	897	-	140	18	-	-	2,727
U Kean Seng	余建成	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200
Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson	黃以信	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200
Chen Wei Wen	陳偉文	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150
Guan Zhiqiang	管志強	200	-							200
		750	7,627	1,628	_	3,079	36	_	_	13,120
			71.11	7						

#### 綜合財務報表附註

- 30. Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and HK Listing Rules) (Continued)
  - (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

Notes:

- Mr. Lai Guanglin resigned as executive director and Chairman of the Company on 30 March 2018.
- (ii) Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- (iii) Mr. U Keng Seng resigned as non-executive director of the Company on 30 March 2018.
- (iv) Other benefits include share option and other allowance.

#### (b) Directors' retirement benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits during the year (2017: Nil).

#### (c) Directors' termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any termination benefits during the year (2017: Nil).

### (d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services (2017: Nil).

- 30. 董事的利益和權益(根據香港 《公司條例》(第622章)第383 條及《公司(披露董事利益資料) 規例》(第622G章)及香港《上市 規則》的規定而作出的披露)(續)
  - (a) 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

附註:

- (i) Lai Guanglin先生於二零一八年 三月三十日辭任本公司執行董 事及主席一職。
- (ii) 俞安生先生是本公司的首席執 行官。
- (iii) 余建成先生於二零一八年三月 三十日辭任為本公司非執行董事。
- (iv) 其他福利包括購股權及其他津貼。

#### (b) 董事的退休福利

年內,概無董事獲支付或應收退 休福利(二零一七年:無)。

#### (c) 董事的終止福利

年內,概無董事獲支付或應收終 止董事服務福利(二零一七年: 無)。

#### (d) 就提供董事服務而向第三方提 供的對價

於二零一八年十二月三十一日年 度內,本公司並沒有就獲取董事 服務而支付第三方的對價(二零 一七年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

- 30. Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and HK Listing Rules) (Continued)
  - (e) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

During the year ended 31 December 2018, there is no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of the directors, or controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors (2017: Nil).

### (f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 28, there are no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2017; Nil).

#### 31. Business Combination

On 1 August 2018, the Group acquired a 66.7% interest in 貴州中冠新能源有限公司 (Guizhou Zhongguan New Energy Limited\*) ("Zhongguan New Energy") at an aggregate consideration of RMB10,000,000 (equivalent HK\$11,553,000) by way of capital injection. Zhongguan New Energy is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sales of biomass pellets fuel products in Mainland China.

The acquired business contributed revenue of approximately HK\$2.2 million and net loss of approximately HK\$3.5 million to the Group for the period from 1 August 2018 to 31 December 2018. If the acquisition had occurred on the 1 January 2018, there will be no material impact on the Group's consolidated revenue and profit for the year ended 31 December 2018.

- 30. 董事的利益和權益(根據香港 《公司條例》(第622章)第383 條及《公司(披露董事利益資料) 規例》(第622G章)及香港《上市 規則》的規定而作出的披露)(續)
  - (e) 向董事、受該等董事控制的法 人團體及該董事的關連主體提 供的貸款、準貸款和其他交易 的資料

於二零一八年十二月三十一日年 度內,概無以董事、受該等董事 控制的法團及關連實體為受益人 之貸款、準貸款或其他交易(二零 一七年:無)。

#### (f) 董事在交易、安排或合同的重 大權益

除附註28外,並無有關本公司業務而本公司作為其中一方且本公司董事於其中(不論直接或間接)擁有重大權益(於本年年底或於年內任何時間)的重大交易、安排及合約(二零一七年:無)。

#### 31. 業務合併

於二零一八年八月一日,本集團 以總代價人民幣10,000,000(等值 11,553,000港元)之現金注資,收購貴 州中冠新能源有限公司(「中冠新能源」) 之66.7%權益。中冠新能源主要於中 國內地從事生產及銷售生物質顆粒燃 料產品。

由二零一八年八月一日至二零一八年十二月三十一日,該收購業務為本集團貢獻收入約為2,200,000港元及虧損約為3,500,000港元。倘若收購於二零一八年一月一日發生,將不會對本集團的綜合收入及溢利有重大影響。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 31. Business Combination (Continued)

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Zhongguan New Energy acquired as at the date of acquisition is as follows:

#### 31. 業務合併(續)

於收購日期收購之中冠新能源識別資 產及負債之公允值如下:

Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:	收購識別資產及承擔負債 的公允值:	HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment Inventory Prepayment and other receivables Amount due from non-controlling shareholder Cash Deposits and other payables Deferred tax liabilities	物業、廠房及設備 存貨 預付款項及其他應收款項 應收非控股股東款項 現金 按金及其他應付款項 遞延税項負債	7,336 357 5,219 4,727 898 (772) (435)
Net assets Non-controlling interests	資產淨值 非控制性權益	17,330 (5,777)
Net assets acquired	購入資產淨值	11,553
Satisfied by: Cash injection	以下列方式支付: 現金注資	11,553
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition: Cash consideration paid Cash acquired	收購事項之淨現金流出: 已付現金代價 已收購現金	11,553 (898) 10,655
		10,033

Acquisition-related costs involved are insignificant to the Group, and had been included in administrative expenses of the Group for the year end of 31 December 2018.

收購相關成本對本集團而言並不顯著,並已計入本集團截至二零一八年十二 月三十一日止年度的行政開支中。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 32. Particulars of the principal subsidiaries

#### 32. 主要附屬公司資料

			<b>Percentage</b> 百分比	
Name 名稱	Principal Activities 主要業務	Particulars of issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊資本	Attributable to the Group 本集團應佔	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司持有
Incorporated and operating in Hong Kong 在香港成立及經營				
Bun Kee (International) Limited	Trading of construction materials, mainly pipes and fittings in Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each and 3,000,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each	100	100
彬記(國際)有限公司	於香港從事建築材料(主要為管道及管件)之貿易	100股每股面值1港元之普通股及 3,000,000股每股面值1港元之無 投票權遞延股份		
Hamerwind Logistic Company Limited	Provision of warehousing and logistic services in Hong Kong	800 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each	100	100
時風物流有限公司	於香港提供倉貯及物流服務	800股每股面值100港元之普通股		
Established and operating in				
Macao 在澳門成立及經營				
Bun Kee Building Material and Equipment (Macao) Co., Ltd.	Trading of construction materials, mainly pipes and fittings in Macao	MOP50,000	100	100
彬記建材及設備(澳門)有限公司	於澳門從事建築材料(主要為管道 及管件)之貿易	50,000 澳門幣		
Established and operating in the PRC 在中國成立及經營				
Guizhou Zhongguan New Energy Limited*	Manufacture and sale of biomass pellets fuel products in the PRC	RMB15,000,000	66.67	66.67
貴州中冠新能源有限公司	於中國生產及銷售生物質顆粒燃料 產品	人民幣 15,000,000		

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

### **Five-Year Financial Summary**

### 五年財務概要

		2014 二零一四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2015 二零一五年 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2016 二零一六年 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2017 二零一七年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2018 二零一八年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Results	業績					
Revenue	收入	553,845	611,534	619,203	650,461	538,155
Profit before income tax Income tax expense	税前溢利 税項支出	26,091 (4,362)	39,585 (5,562)	57,860 (7,297)	84,174 (9,386)	29,472 (4,621)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	21,729	34,023	50,563	74,788	24,851
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	歸屬於: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益	21,729	34,023	50,572 (9)	74,945 (157)	26,015 (1,164)
		21,729	34,023	50,563	74,788	24,851
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets Total liabilities	總資產總負債	505,577 (154,500)	531,414 (146,288)	598,173 (161,905)	671,953 (159,911)	672,880 (131,447)
Total equity	總權益	351,077	385,126	436,268	512,042	541,433

冠力國際有限公司 Softpower International Limited